The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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HEAD OF $120,000,000 HARDWARE TRUST.

E. C. SIMMONS.

E. C. Simmons of St. Louis, who has been selected for the Presidency of the $120,000,000 combination of hardware dealers, just formed, is the founder of the Simmons Hardware company of St. Louis, one of the largest jobbing houses in its line in the world. He was for years the President of the company. Some time ago the older men withdrew from active participation in the affairs of the corporation and organized themselves into an advisory board, electing Wallace Simmons to the Presidency to succeed his father. Since then E. C. Simmons has acted as advisor to the officers of the company, allowing the younger members of the firm to attend to the details of management. Mr. Simmons is about 60 years old.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1902.

Partly cloudy and probably threatening Friday morning; fair and cooler Saturday; westerly winds. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the 24 hours ending last midnight was 68 degrees at 4 p. m. and the minimum 43 degrees at 6 a. m. Sun rises at 5:18; sets at 6:26. Moon sets at 10:24 p. m.

"The Tribune" will move into its new building May 1, 1902.

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LOCAL:—

City Boiler Inspectors charged with enriching themselves $5,000 yearly by withholding fees; profits said to be divided with Frank Kilkrane, Democratic politician.

Constables satisfied with small "graft" when large amounts cannot be obtained. Seven Chicago constables before courts charged with various misdeeds.

Interstate Independent Telephone convention delegates charged manufacturing firms with trying to influence elections. H. C. Rainey made President.

Cook County Board of Assessors left without authentic list of corporations through small clerical force at Springfield; must use old list.

Public school kindergartens given unfavorable report by Superintendent Cooley, and restoration unlikely; expense held too great.

Drainage canal declared by member of board to be training school for pupils on salary; chief engineer hampered by politics.

John Vallante, Pullman, wakened by 11-year-old boy burglar, who robbed his room and was captured later.

Della Hoff, 90 Thirty-third street, 17 years old, attempted jumping in lake to avoid persistent suitor.

POLITICAL:—

McDonough County Republican convention approved Speaker L. Y. Sherman's political platform. Latter will present civil service law resolution at State Republican convention.

Governor Yates shown to have kept A. B. Hostetter in Secretaryship of Illinois Farmers' Institute through patronage in letter displayed at agricultural editors' meeting yesterday.

Vespasian Warner nominated for Congress by Nineteenth District Illinois Republicans; State administration indorsed.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP		Switzerland.
GENOA	K. M. Theresa	
GLASGOW		Siberian.
HAVRE	La Savoie	
LIVERPOOL	Iveria	Commonwealth.
LONDON		Minneapolis.
NEW YORK	Deutschland	Aug. Victoria.
NEW YORK	Germanic	L'Aquitaine.
NEW YORK	Carthaginian	Brandenburg.
QUEENSTN		Teutonic.
QUEENST'N		Belgenland.
ROTTERDAM		Potsdam.

DOMESTIC:—

George H. Haywood, Detroit, murdered while police tried to solve killing of Carrie M. Jennett. W. F. Jones arrested on suspicion of first crime; James Miller, music teacher, charged with latter. Bloody hatchet in Miller's house.

Colonel John McKee, negro millionaire of Philadelphia, who died recently, left $2,000,000 estate to Archbishop Ryan for Catholic church purposes; daughter allowed $300 a year annuity; grandson left $50 a year.

Ellen M. Stone, kidnaped missionary, reached New York and declared she was not treated harshly by brigands. Mme. Tsilka kidnaped as her chaperon; Tsilka baby's arrival bettered captives' condition.

Investigation of charges against Michigan City prison officials begun. Dr. B. S. Horne, former prison physician, tried to withdraw charges on technicality; forced by subpœna to appear and testify.

The Rt.-Rev. C. C. Grafton, Bishop of Fond du Lac, issued book on tenets of Episcopal Church, expressing belief in real presence in sacrament and in voluntary confessional.

British military camp at New Orleans shipped 1,000 mules to south Africa. Chicago canned goods affected if stock shipments are unlawful.

Santos-Dumont reached New York on way to St. Louis; expressed belief air ship lines will be established between New York and Europe.

Colorado college professor secured footprints of extinct dinosaur in slab of Dakota sandstone; hind tracks are eighteen inches broad.

James Wright, negro criminal, with party of friends, stood off Tennessee Sheriff and posse, killing five men and wounding two.

Kenosha health officials kept by armed posse from building quarantine hospital on Washington Island.

FOREIGN:—

Thirty persons, including women and children, wounded in fight with Brussels police at midnight; street car tracks torn up by a mob and street barricade erected.

London newspaper announced in Pretoria dispatch that Boer leaders have accepted British terms and arranged for peace. Agreement reported sent to Boer envoys.

Manila editors arrested for seditious attack on civil government and for libeling a Judge. Major Cornelius Gardener's report made public.

Body of Cecil Rhodes interred on Matappo Hill; twelve oxen hauled coffin to the tomb, followed by funeral procession five miles long.

Charles T. Yerkes in interview said London underground railway system will be finished in three years at cost of $75,000,000.

WASHINGTON:—

Postal appropriation bill, passed by Senate, provides for pneumatic tube service in Chicago and St. Louis, and against extravagance in use of fund.

Senator Depew, in speech on popular election of Senators, warned South that if bill is enacted demand will be made to give all citizens a vote.

Congressman Grosvenor, in debate on Cuban bill, declared reciprocity Republican doctrine, and that tariff schedules were not inviolable.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Harry Powers secured 15-year lease of Powers' Theater property at $17,000 a year rental. Syndicate theater, Randolph and Dearborn streets, costing $400,000, certain to be built.

Hodcarriers and Building Laborers' union ordered strike today on all buildings for wage increase to 30 cents an hour. Present agreement calls for 25 cents till June 1.

Insurance general liability rates will be advanced about 75 per cent on May 15; department stores, theaters, hotels, and office buildings affected.

Illinois Sugar Refining and other Corn Products concerns will reorganize with new officers and directors; original companies to be kept intact.

Western roads declared boycott against steamship lines which refused to abolish

DETROIT MURDER MYSTERIES ARE NEAR SOLUTION.

Girl and Man Killed on Streets and Police Weave Evidence Around Two Men Arrested.

CLEWS IN WEAPONS USED

Blood-Stained Hatchet and the Clothes of Music Teacher May Convict Him of Slaying His Pupil.

LODGER HELD IN ONE CASE.

Detroit, Mich., April 10.—[Special.]—Two murder mysteries that are stirring Detroit may be solved before another day is done. While the police were running down the slayer of Miss Carrie M. Jennett, whose mutilated body was found on Thirteenth street last midnight, a second murder was discovered. The body of George Henry Heywood was found lying in a pool of blood on the sidewalk on Amherst street, near his home, at 5:30 o'clock this morning.

Tonight Professor Joseph M. Miller, the music teacher of Carrie Jennett, is under arrest and a blood-stained hatchet and blood stains on his garments may convict him of the murder of his pupil. William M. Jones, who roomed at Heywood's house, has been arrested as the murderer of his landlord. A revolver, identified by Heywood's son as the property of Jones, and a hammer that fits a wound on Heywood's head, furnish the strongest links in the evidence against Jones.

Heywood Case a Mystery.

George H. Heywood was head bookkeeper of the Michigan malleable iron works. His battered and lifeless body was found at daylight this morning within 100 feet of his home. Heywood's murderer first shot him and then crushed in his forehead with some heavy instrument. He attended a dance last night, and started home at 1 o'clock.

Suspicion at once pointed to William M. Jones, and he was arrested. The police searched his room at the Heywood house. Jones was a plumber and made a specialty of repairing gas stoves. In his kit of tools was found a machinist's hammer, which, the officers assert, fits the hole in Heywood's forehead.

In a lot near where the body was discovered a revolver was found, which Heywood's young son at first positively identified as belonging to Jones. Later in the day, however, the boy was not so sure of the identification. Jones was cool and collected throughout his "sweating."

Heywood's little daughter says she heard a shot fired at 3 o'clock this morning. The police have located persons who saw Heywood three blocks from his home at five minutes before 3 o'clock. Mrs. Heywood told the police that at 3 o'clock in the morning she gave Jones a headache powder.

Miss Jennett, who was 22 years of age and who would have become a mother in a few months, was murdered just before 12 o'clock last night. She was felled by a blow on the head, which broke her neck, and her throat was cut from ear to ear. A blow from some instrument made a hole in the middle of her forehead, and behind her left ear was a deep stab wound. Another blow had crushed her face. Her mutilated body was found at midnight and was not identified until this morning.

Miss Jennett left a meeting of the Rebekah Lodge, of which she was a member, at 10 o'clock and was not seen alive again.

Hatchet May Convict Miller.

What the police consider the strongest link in the chain of circumstantial evidence they are weaving around Professor Miller, aged 47, music teacher, and a married man with a family, who is accused of murdering Miss Jennett, was discovered this evening. It is a blood-stained hatchet which was found in the drawer of a table in Miller's kitchen.

Late in the afternoon Special Policeman Max Grossman, while searching Miller's house at 1466 Eighteenth street, discovered a small hatchet. On its blade were blood stains, which had been partially removed, apparently with a damp rag. It was taken to a chemist, who declared the blood was fresh, and it will be examined to see whether it is human blood or not.

Professor in Sweatbox.

Miller was placed in the sweatbox tonight. He was quizzed about the hatchet, but maintained a stubborn silence, although this morning he fainted when shown the blood-stains on the wristbands of his shirt.

The gashes in the dead girl's neck fit the blade of the hatchet. The police believe they have the last link in the chain of circumstantial evidence surrounding the music teacher. They predict Miller will break down and confess. He has changed wonderfully since the dramatic scene this morning shortly after he was arrested and maintains a calm exterior. Tonight, after the sweatbox episode was finished, he rolled himself in his blanket in his cell and quietly went to sleep.

Miller Sets Up Alibi.

Miller claims that last night he attended a meeting of the Wolverine circle, an insurance association, in its hall on Baker street, and that he did not leave there until 11 o'clock.

He said he had known Miss Jennett for five or six years and that he had been her music teacher. Miller's statement about the time he left the meeting is not borne out. Miller attended the meeting or entertainment in the Baker street hall, but others who were there say he left the place before 11 o'clock.

Disputes Professor's Claim.

Mrs. Koch, accountant for Wolverine Lodge, P. H. C., was seen at her home in Twentieth street.

"Yes, I know Mr. Miller and I saw him at the lodge last night," she said. "There were quite a number there, but I remember distinctly seeing him, because when he was leaving I was standing at the back of the hall and had a conversation with him. I saw him going out, and it was then between 10 and 10:30 o'clock. I am quite sure it was no later. Possibly nearer 10 than 10:30."

Miss Koch also remembered it was shortly after 10 that Mr. Miller left the hall.

"In fact, I wondered at his going home at that time," said Miss Koch. "I knew him quite well, because I used to be one of his pupils."

Girl's Father Wants Man Burned.

"It will be a shame if that man is ever taken from the Grand River avenue station

(Continued on third page.)

FIND A "GRAFT" IN FEES

ALDERMEN INVESTIGATE THE CITY BOILER OFFICE.

Charges Made That as Much as $5,000 a Year Has Been Held Out by the Inspectors, Whose Profits Were So Liberal That They Were Able to Divide with a Politician with a "Pull"—Some Plain Talk by Alderman Mayor.

"Hold outs" to the estimated average of $5,000 a year have helped enrich Chicago's Boiler Inspectors, according to the Aldermen who are investigating the matter.

The office even has been so profitable that the inspector has been able to divide his salary with Frank Kilcrane, a Democratic politician of the West Side. Kilcrane, it appears, is the power behind the throne in the Boiler Inspector's office.

Even the Oil Inspector's office in the days when Robert E. Burke was at his best never knew such generosity as has been visited on Mr. Kilcrane.

Chairman Mayor of the Council Finance committee estimated yesterday that the inspectors in the last five years have retained something like $25,000 which does not belong to them. Alderman Foreman figures that the present inspector and his predecessor owe the city $4,058 for the year 1901 alone.

The more figuring the Aldermen do the clearer, they say, the proof becomes that the law has not been observed in the boiler inspector's office.

What the Law Requires.

The law reads that all fees for the office shall be divided equally between the city and the Boiler Inspector up to $15,000. After that sum has been reached all shall go to the city. The intent was to make the inspector's salary $7,500. The practice, however, is alleged to have been to keep on dividing without regard to the $15,000 limit.

In addition, it is alleged, where boilers were inspected at night, as frequently happened when manufacturers did not want to have their plants shut down, an extra fee was charged for "overtime."

The city did not even share in this.

Figures Show City Loss.

James C. Blaney was appointed inspector on July 1, 1901, to succeed Inspector Schlacks. According to Alderman Foreman's calculations the figures of the office for the year which the two men shared are as follows:

Collected by Schlacks, Jan. 1 to June 30.	$10,721
Retained by Schlacks	5,360
Six months' salary due Schlacks	3,750
Fees retained in excess of salary	1,610
Collected by Blaney, July 1 to Dec. 31	$9,767
Retained by Blaney	4,883
Six months' salary due Blaney	3,750
Fees retained in excess of salary	1,133
Due city, according to Schlack's report	$ 5,360
Due city, according to Blaney's report	4,883
Total due for year	10,244
Total received by city	5,929
Still due city, according to reports	1,315
Fees retained in excess of salary	2,743
Total shortage	4,058

Mayor Talks of Graft.

Speaking of the situation Alderman Mayor said:

"Mayor Harrison is today holding in escrow a check for $1,600, made by Schlacks, to see if Schlacks' lawyer can convince him that the former inspector will not be required to pay it.

"The lawyers of the past and present inspector take a peculiar view of the question. Blaney's lawyer says that if Blaney were to fill the position for January and February he could draw $7,500 and then quit, regardless of what happened to the city. Blaney figures that in 1901 he was in after July 1, and that he is entitled to $7,500. Schlacks, I suppose, figured that, having served the first six months, he was entitled to $7,500 because he had the money.

"I denounced the old ordinance, passed five years ago, as a 'graft,' and under it $25,000 has been taken which the city should have had. Frank Kilcrane, I am informed, though not holding office, has been getting $3,000 out of the Boiler Inspector's $7,500, but the Mayor holds that the inspector has a right to do what he pleases with his salary.

Kilcrane and His "Pull."

"The way we came to know more of Kilcrane was this: His name was on the pay roll for the first time this year. I called Blaney's attention to it and asked him how that happened.

"The Inspector was almost paralyzed. Perspiration poured from his face.

"'He has been around the office two or three years,' he replied.

"'How did it come that he was in the office and not on the pay roll?' I asked.

"The Inspector hemmed and hawed, and the Mayor, who was sitting with us, came to his relief. The Mayor said he knew of Kilcrane's being there and getting $3,000 out of the Inspector's office.

"'How is it that with receipts for 1901 of $34,000, expenses of $14,000, and salary of $7,500, leaving a balance for the city of $12,500, the city got only $8,921?' I asked.

"Blaney had some more paralysis.

"Well, Kilcrane got on the pay roll. He had influence enough right there on the Finance committee to get him on at $2,000 a year. At the same time the salaries of all the Inspector's office force were increased 25 per cent because they were working for the city and not for Blaney. As it was, we cut the office down from $28,000 to $23,000."

FIVE OF POSSE KILLED IN FIGHT WITH NEGRO BAND.

Attempt to Capture James Wright and John Templeton Ends Badly for Sheriff's Men.

Knoxville, Tenn., April 10.—[Special.]—Five men killed and several wounded is the result of a pitched battle between posse of men and murderers in Scott County, Va., eight miles north of Churchill, this afternoon. The battle was between the Sheriff of Scott County and a posse and James Wright and John Templeton and other negroes organized to resist the law. Wright and the Templetons are accused of several murders.

The gang had word that the officers would attempt to surprise them this afternoon and they decided to stand and fight it out.

When the Sheriff called on the outlaws to surrender a volley of shots met the call. This brought down three of the Sheriff's men and was answered by a return volley from the remaining members of the posse. Wright fell wounded at this fire, mortally, it is thought, and two others of the party which he headed also fell, badly wounded.

The shooting then became general, and two others of the Sheriff's party, Samuel Wax and Joseph Moss, Deputy Sheriffs, were badly wounded.

The posse then closed in and fought hand to hand. Wright was too badly wounded to get away and was captured. There was a reward of $500 on his head. The Templetons and the others are being pursued.

Wright escaped from the Tennessee penitentiary, where he was serving a life sentence for murder. Eighteen months ago Wright and the Templetons attacked and killed Sheriff Lezerre of Hancock County, this State.

THIRTY HURT IN BELGIAN RIOTS.

Mobs Building Barricades in Streets of Brussels and Defying Police to Attack Them.

SOLDIERS NOT TRUSTED.

Armed Crowds Parade All Night, Shooting Revolvers and Smashing Windows on All Sides.

MEN GET BEYOND CONTROL.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BRUSSELS, April 11, 3 a. m.—More than thirty persons, including women and children, were wounded in an encounter between rioters and police late on Thursday night.

Parts of Brussels are in a state of siege, the rioters having erected barricades which they are holding successfully.

The most serious encounter took place in the vicinity of the Maison du Peuple.

Fighting in the Streets.

The first was in the Rue des Minimes, where the mob pelted the police with cobblestones. The police then charged with fixed bayonets, and as a result three men were severely and several others slightly wounded. The mob then proceeded to the Rue Stevens, in front of the Maison du Peuple, where a still more serious conflict occurred.

Over a hundred shots were fired from both sides. The women and children were wounded here, and they, together with the men injured, were taken into the Maison du Peuple.

Street Car Tracks Torn Up.

Toward midnight this district of Brussels had the appearance of a city in revolt. The rioters had torn up the street car rails and erected a sort of barricade to fortify their position at the Maison. By strenuous efforts the police managed to clear the Rue Stevens, but the Maison du Peuple was left in possession of the rioters.

MM. Defnet and Del Pastee, Socialist members of the Chamber of Deputies, addressed a crowd outside the Maison du Peuple. They advised all workingmen to prepare for a general strike on April 15, but meanwhile to remain calm.

Their hearers noisily protested against the advice to keep calm. Conservatives and Moderate Liberals reproached the Socialists in the Chamber for inciting the people to riot. The Socialists retorted that they were tired of waiting for reforms which the government refused to grant. The people had, therefore, decided to act.

Crowds in Fighting Humor.

After the meeting the Socialists paraded the streets of the city, smashing the windows of churches and cafés, firing revolvers, and singing revolutionary songs. There were several collisions with the police and the civic guards, who were forced to use their bayonets and the butts of their rifles on the rioters. Several of the latter were injured and others were arrested.

Every window in the residence of Senator Count Demerode has been smashed.

Rioting has also occurred at Ghent and Liege, where meetings in favor of a general strike have been held.

Soldiers May Be Mutinous.

One of the worst features of the situation is that the fourteen regiments of militia reserves called to the colors are not to be trusted. Many of the militia responded to the call to the colors, but marched through the streets singing the "Carmagnol" and the "Marseillaise." In the industrial districts several militiamen have been arrested for insubordination, and the regulars are confined to their barracks. Ball cartridges have been issued to the regular troops.

Troops Held in Readiness.

The War office has made the necessary disposition of troops to meet the situation. The Civic Guards of Schaerbeek and Saint-Josse-Ten-Noode, near here, were ordered on duty, and the Burgomasters of those two communes have prohibited assemblages in the streets of more than five people.

Lancers and chasseurs have been dispatched from Mons to Charleroi, where trouble is anticipated.

The civic guards of La Louviere, where buildings were dynamited, have been reinforced by mounted chasseurs.

Catholic Club Wrecked.

A dynamite outrage has been committed at Houdeng Aimeries, in the Province of Heinaut. Cartridges were exploded outside the Catholic club, which was wrecked.

The Burgomaster of Liege has made a requisition for artillery, and has called out the civic guards there. All the troops at Liege are confined to their barracks.

The Council General of the labor party, in session here, has decided to issue a manifesto recommending a general strike for April 14.

A warrant is about to be issued for the arrest of M. Volkaert, President of the Society of the Young Socialist Guard, whose members were prominent during the riots of yesterday evening, who is charged with being largely responsible for the disturbances.

Details of Wednesday's Riot.

During the rioting Wednesday one policeman was shot through the body and face. His comrades, having exhausted their ammunition, fled, and the wounded man was overwhelmed, kicked, and stoned. Another policeman sought refuge in the attic of a café, whereupon the Socialists sacked the establishment, exploded a lamp, which set fire to the building and completed its ruin. The flames forced the rioters to retire.

DR. TALMAGE NEAR DEATH.

Famous Preacher Said to Be in an Exceedingly Precarious Condition This Morning.

Washington, D. C., April 11, 2 a. m.—The condition of Dr. Talmage was exceedingly precarious at 1 o'clock this morning. Fever complications also have developed, which lead the physicians to believe that recovery is entirely improbable.

A change for the worse developed during the day in the condition of the Rev. T. De Witt Talmage and the physicians were apprehensive of the outcome.

Last night's first bulletin, issued by Drs. Magruder and Richardson at 9 o'clock, said there had been a marked change for the worse in Dr. Talmage's condition, and evidences of cerebral inflammation have appeared.

EXTRA.

5:00 A. M.

RIOT CALL FOR HOLDUP.

EIGHT MEN ATACK SALOON AND ONE IS FATALLY SHOT.

Michael Densley Taken to the County Jail Hospital in a Dying Condition After an Attempt to Rob the Saloon of A. Donowics on Morgan Street—Owner in a Fusillade of Revolver Shots—Two Men Arrested—Same Gang in an Earlier Holdup.

The police of the Thirty-fifth Street Station responded to a riot call, sent in at 2 o'clock this morning, and found Michael Densley, a laborer, probably fatally wounded in a saloon at 3437 Morgan street.

According to the assertion of the saloonkeeper, A. Donowicz, the wounded man was one of a party of eight who had attempted to rob his place a few minutes earlier. A struggle was made by him in which a score of revolver shots were fired, the ceiling and windows of the place being riddled.

Two Men Arrested.

Herman Aedicl and A. Tolaczynski, said to be members of the party with Densley, were arrested, while the wounded man was taken to the County Jail Hospital.

During the brawl Charles Aschen, who resides above the saloon, and was attracted by the shooting, was robbed of $8 and severely beaten about the head.

Others May Have Been Shot.

It is believed that several others were shot during the battle, as blood stains were observable along the sidewalk in front of the saloon.

At 3 a. m. no other arrests had been made by the police.

At the County Jail Hospital the condition of Densley was said to be serious. He is 35 years old and is not known to the police.

All the men arrested are Polish laborers who deny any intent of robbing the place.

Another Saloon Robbed.

An hour earlier a saloon at 3554 Morgan street was robbed by a number of men.

In the first saloon robbery reported the proprietor was severely beaten by a crowd of men who had been drinking in the place for some time before the proprietor was held up.

Several names were secured from the men arrested, and the police expect that a number of arrests will be made during the day.

NAVAL ATTACHE AT TAMPA DECLARED TOO ZEALOUS.

Representative of a Foreign Power Said to Display Uncalled For Curiosity About Channels and Defenses.

Washington, D. C., April 10.—[Special.]—An important change in the diplomatic corps at Washington may be expected as the result of the remarkable performance of the military or naval attaché of a foreign power supposedly friendly to the United States, which is reported from Tampa, Fla.

This officer, according to those who witnessed his actions within the last two months in the vicinity of the fortifications at Egmont Key, at the entrance of Tampa Bay, and who noticed the curiosity he was manifesting in unfrequented channels of that harbor, has so far exceeded the limits of propriety inseparable from a duly accredited foreign representative as to place himself practically in the category of a spy.

If the relations between the United States and the country which he represents were not apparently so extremely cordial the offense, which has had no parallel in recent times, would have already led to summary punishment.

The authorities know the name of the attaché, and officials declare that not only should he be dismissed from here but that his country should emphatically disavow his acts and demonstrate its good intentions toward this country.

RICH NEGRO FOUNDS SCHOOL.

Colonel John McKee of Philadelphia Leaves $2,000,000 for the Training of White and Colored Boys.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 10.—[Special.]—By the terms of the will of Colonel John McKee, who died here a few days ago and was accounted the richest negro in the United States, an estate valued at $2,000,000 is left to Archbishop Ryan of the Archdiocese of Philadelphia as trustee.

The will directs that the estate shall be used to build a Catholic church, rectory, and convent in McKee City, N. J., and to build and maintain a school for white and colored orphan boys.

The testator also directs that the executors shall build and maintain in Philadelphia an educational institution to be known as McKee College, at which the curriculum shall conform as nearly as possible to that of the United States Naval Academy, in which the students shall be white and colored male orphans. The executors are further directed to enter into negotiations with the Secretary of the Navy for the use of a cruiser or battleship on which the advanced students can complete their training.

To his daughter, Abbie A. Syphax, the deceased bequeathed an annuity of $300 a year and to his grandson, Harry McKee Minton, the son of a daughter, now dead, an annuity of $50.

Colonel McKee was buried this afternoon with the services of the Presbyterian Church.

As far as can be learned Colonel McKee spoke to no one of his change of faith or his intention to practically disinherit his descendents. The will itself does not state that Colonel McKee had become a Catholic before his death.

PERRY HULL CRITICALLY ILL.

Condition Takes Turn for the Worse and Texas Physicians Hold a Consultation.

Beaumont, Tex., April 10.—[Special.]—Perry A. Hull of Chicago, who is ill with pneumonia in this city, is in such a critical condition that a consultation of physicians was called tonight. The right lung is completely congested and intestinal disorders have given the physicians additional cause for anxiety. The crisis must come within two days.

ENGLAND HEARS FIGHTING BOERS ACCEPT TERMS.

Dispatch from Pretoria to Financial Paper Declares That Peace Has Been Arranged.

MAY MEAN END OF WAR.

Leaders of Transvaal and Orange Free State Armies in Conference at Klerksdorp.

STEYN LAST TO GIVE IN.

Schalk Burger and Botha Said to Be More Anxious to Surrender than Either De Wet or Delarey.

KRUGER IS INFORMED BY CABLE

LONDON, April 11, 5 a. m.—The Financier and Bullionist publishes a dispatch from Pretoria this (Friday) morning declaring that the Boer leaders have accepted the British terms, that peace has been arranged, and that the terms of peace have been cabled to the Boer agents in Europe.

Other unconfirmed statements of a similar character are in circulation in London tonight.

It is said that Frederic Rutherford Harris, former secretary of the British Chartered South Africa company, has received a telegram to the same effect, but nothing of any official or really reliable nature concerning the matter is known.

Same News, Another Source.

A corroborative dispatch was received by the Central News association early this (Friday) morning, saying that Mr. Steyn and Generals De Wet and Botha had agreed upon terms of peace. The telegram indicates that the British terms have been accepted and that peace has been arranged.

Text of the Dispatch.

The Financier and Bullionist's dispatch, which was printed in a special edition at 4 o'clock this morning, is as follows:

"Pretoria, Thursday—I am informed that after prolonged negotiations the British and Boer representatives have at last agreed upon terms of peace. The actual terms are still withheld, but I understand that the British government has not given any concessions to the enemy. The terms have been cabled to the Boer agents at Amsterdam and other continental centers."

This statement crystallizes into definiteness the rumors which have been in the air ever since Schalk Burger and his colleagues applied for a safe conduct to confer with the Boer leaders in the field, and which acquired increased emphasis immediately it was known that Mr. Steyn and General De Wet, hitherto the most irreconcilable of the Boer leaders, had joined the conference at Klerksdorp.

Ministry Expects Proposals.

With the exception of the Financier, however, the morning newspapers did not receive the reported acceptances of peace terms. The Daily Mail claims to know that the government is expecting proposals and is well informed concerning the pacific intentions of the great bulk of the Boers in the field. There are two points, it adds, on which no concession can be made—that is, the abolition of Boer independence and a general laying down of arms. Everything else can be made the subject of negotiations.

The Daily Mails declares that it is in a position to state that any substantial proposals which may emanate from the Boer government will at once be communicated to both Houses of Parliament and will form the basis, if necessary, of counter proposals.

The fight to a finish attitude has been abandoned in favor of reasonable terms, if these are rendered at all possible by the Boers themselves.

Chief Points in Terms.

The five chief points, according to the Mail, on which any negotiations will turn are the approximate time which will elapse before the restoration of a responsible government, the status of the Boers after the war, the banishment proclamation, the question of amnesty, and advances by the British government for rebuilding and restocking farms.

Peace Conference at Klerksdorp.

The peace conference, which met at Klerksdorp yesterday after eighteen days had been spent in preliminary negotiations between the Transvaal and Orange Free State leaders, was attended by nearly every leader, civil and military, of both republics. For the Transvaal there were Acting President Schalk Burger, Secretary Rietz, Commander-in-Chief Botha, General Lucas Meyer, and others. For the Free-Staters there were President Steyn, Generals De Wet and Delarey, and three other military leaders.

Fighting May Be Over.

The meeting of these leaders practically means a cessation of hostilities for the time being, and many in London this morning believe the fighting is ended, and that after

two and one-half years of weary strife the war is over.

Guessing at the Terms.

The Ministry has given no hint of the nature of the final terms to which the Boers have agreed. It is certain that the British government has not conceded Boer independence.

The Ministry may have agreed to leniency in dealing with the Cape Colony rebels and been more generous in advancing money to rebuild the ruined Boer farms. It is probable that the order of banishment has been rescinded and that the Boers have been assured that their property will not be confiscated.

Kruger Not Consulted.

It will be noted that in these negotiations the Boers in Europe have not been consulted. The men who followed President Kruger to Europe and who have loudly insisted that no terms of peace will be considered that do not include absolute independence to the Boers have not been asked for advice.

The dispatches this morning indicate that the terms have been cabled to the Boer agents in Europe; but it is felt here that any terms agreed to by the men who have borne the brunt of the fighting and the hardships of the campaign will end the war.

Transvaalers Ready for Peace.

It has been known for weeks that the Transvaalers are practically ready to make peace, but that the Orange Free Staters are not. It is well understood that Acting President Schalk Burger, Secretary Reitz, and Lucas Meyer went to the Orange Free State in an endeavor to induce President Steyn, De Wet, and Delarey to agree to end the war.

Schalk Burger and his party arrived at Pretoria on Saturday, March 22, on a special train from Balmoral, fifty miles east. They came to Balmoral under a flag of truce and were not only granted a safe conduct through the British lines, but were furnished with special trains.

First Talk with Kitchener.

At Pretoria Schalk Burger had a brief interview with Lord Kitchener and then left on another special train for Kroonstad. General Botha, the Transvaal Commander-in-Chief, was not with the party.

Arriving at Kroonstad, Schalk Burger had difficulty in inducing Steyn, De Wet, and other Free State leaders to meet him for a conference.

In the meantime the Boer delegates in Europe, including Dr. Leyds, Fischer, Wessels, Woolmerans, and others, insisted positively that Schalk Burger had no authority to negotiate for peace. At any rate, they declared, no terms would be accepted that did not include absolute independence.

Steyn Hard to Locate.

Schalk Burger and his party waited at Kroonstad for a week before Steyn and De Wet could be located. But Boer delegates were sent through the British lines with safe conducts with letters to Steyn, De Wet, and Delarey, and these delegates did not return.

On March 31 it was announced that Steyn and Delarey had been located, and that a conference would be held without delay. On that date it was announced from Pretoria that General Botha would attend the conference. Commandant Mears sent word that his men would abide by the result. Alberts and De Villiers intimated their readiness to surrender.

Monday brought a fresh crop of peace rumors. In the House of Commons Mr. Balfour, in a reply to John Morley, said that the Ministry had no information in regard to peace rumors. But he said it in a way that left the impression that the negotiations were progressing satisfactorily.

Steyn Yields Tuesday.

On Tuesday, April 8, it was reported in London that President Steyn was yielding on the independence question, and that the British Cabinet would meet in the afternoon to consider an important message from Lord Kitchener. The Cabinet did meet, and its proceedings were carefully guarded.

Peace Rumors Excite London.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, April 11, 3 a. m.—There was almost as much excitement in the political clubs last night over the prospect of peace as there was exactly two and a half years ago over the prospect of war. In the House of Commons lobby Secretary Brodrick's statement regarding the meeting of the Boer leaders at Klerksdorp was the sole topic of discussion. A decided spirit of optimism prevailed, on the whole, as to the possible outcome of the negotiations.

Seeking Hopeful Signs.

The members discussed the situation from every point of view, and most of them regarded as a hopeful sign the withdrawal of all the leading Boer Generals from the theater of hostilities. This withdrawal, they argued, must in itself constitute at least a temporary armistice in the Transvaal and the Orange River Colony.

On the other hand, the pro-Boers were of the opinion that Schalk Burger will be unable to bring Steyn and De Wet round to his way of thinking, and that the conference will lead to no practical result. The main difficulty in any terms which may be offered for the consideration of the British government is the question of amnesty for the Cape rebels.

Boer Leaders at Klerksdorp.

The statement made by the War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, in the House of Commons yesterday was that Schalk Burger, Reitz, Lucas Meyer, and Jacobs had been joined at Klerksdorp by General Botha, and that Steyn, De Wet, Delarey, and three other members of the late Orange government had arrived at the same place on Wednesday. No communication, Mr. Brodrick further said, had been received from the Boer leaders, except regarding safe conducts for the participators in the conference.

The Colonial Secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, added the information that no limit had been fixed for the expiration of the safe conducts. These would be extended so long as the negotiations were in progress, after which the delegates would be allowed to return to their respective districts without hindrance.

May Be Final Conference.

PRETORIA, Wednesday, April 9.—President Steyn of the Orange Free State, Secretary of State Reitz of the Transvaal, Acting President Schalk Burger of the Transvaal, and General Lucas Meyer, Commander-in-Chief of the Orange Free State forces, passed through Kroonstad, Orange Free State, on Sunday, April 6, on their way to Klerksdorp, southwestern Transvaal, where General Botha, the Transvaal Commander-in-Chief, arrived on Monday, April 7. It was expected that Generals De Wet and Delarey would attend the conference to take place there.

It is understood that the Boer leaders are fully possessed of the British peace terms, and that the conference then assembling was to enable the leaders to thoroughly discuss these terms.

It is expected that the final decision of the burghers will shortly be made known.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

UTRECHT, April 10.—Dutch hero worship has become an unreasoning fetich, as far as Kruger is concerned. He is idealized as a martyr to British oppression and persecution, and as a unique, picturesque figure, reading his Bible with sublime faith and working with a serenity of purpose for the deliverance of the Boer republic. There is no decline in his popularity, although he lives in seclusion and is seldom seen outside the villa of the small factory town, where he is surrounded by a swarm of relatives and Boer exiles. He sees few visitors and is more phlegmatic and taciturn than ever. He is unmanageable in money matters, and so deliberate and cautious in expressing opinion and judgment respecting south African affairs that he is seldom consulted by Leyds, Wolmerans, Fischer, and other Boer leaders.

Kruger Kept in Seclusion.

Leyds is received as the diplomatic representative of the South African Republic and allowed to display full uniform on state occasions at The Hague. Kruger is a private citizen, living in exile, and is not encouraged to visit the capital or to appear in public; but he is reverenced throughout the Netherlands as a hero and a martyr.

I. N. F.

Illinois Aid for Boer Families.

Washington, D. C., April 10.—Secretary Hay has been notified by Peter Van Vlissingen, through Governor Yates of Illinois, chairman of the Boer Relief Fund committee, that the request on the State department for permission for the Rev. Dr. Thomas and wife to pass the military lines in south Africa in connection with the extension of aid to the Boer families has been withdrawn. Secretary Hay, by direction of the President, today cabled United States Consul General Bigham at Cape Town an instruction to draw on him for $5,000, the amount of the fund, and to exercise his own discretion in the distribution of the money among the Boer sufferers. Thus the distribution will be effected without deductions for expenses.

MORE MULES SAIL TO AFRICA.

Another Transport Is Loaded at Port Chalmette, La., and United States Makes No Protest.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

New Orleans, La., April 10.—[Special.]—One thousand American mules left Port Chalmette today to join the British forces in south Africa. To choruses of "Ga-youhs" sung out in cyclonic yells and the prodding of the sticks, they marched aboard the transport Honorius like so many veterans. Within less than three hours they had been stowed away in tiers of stalls, ranging from thirty feet below the water line to the upper decks. A small army of muleteers had been passed aboard after careful inspection, and the vessel was off on its thirty-two days' cruise to Cape Town.

There was nothing secret about the loading. Every section of the vessel was open to visitors who could show any reason as to why they should look on. There were no firearms or ammunition nearer than the hardware stores in New Orleans ten miles away. As a contradiction of the charges of Boer representatives that muleteers are being shipped for army service on the other side, it was a coincidence that all the sixty men shipped for this work were negroes. As each man clamberéd aboard he was searched to see that he carried neither knife nor revolver.

Crowder's Inspection Delayed.

It was expected that the United States War department's investigation of this stock shipping would begin with the loading and sailing of this transport, but Colonel Crowder, the investigating officer, changed his mind. Tonight he conferred briefly with Captain Fenner of the British army, and his visit of inspection to Port Chalmette may occur tomorrow. During the day the Colonel kept to the offices he has opened in the custom-house building, and continued to canvass documents of record which formed part of Governor Heard's report to the Secretary of State.

Chicago Drawn Into It.

Chicago was drawn into the government investigation problem during the day. British officials point out that tons and tons of canned beef and other food supplies are being shipped from the Northern city. Only a few days ago one of the transports cleared from here with 7,000,000 pounds of canned meat. This is but a fraction of the total shipped out during the two years.

"There are a hundred ports in the world where we can buy and ship horses," explained an English officer, "but there are few places from which canned meat and similar provisions can be secured. If neutrality laws are violated, then surely the latter shipments constitute the most serious offenses. The British army can, if necessity demands, get along without horses and mules, but rations are absolutely necessary."

Government officials here are inclining to the idea that the investigation will result in nothing more than a formal report. It is held that prohibition of stock shipments at this time might set a precedent that would practically prohibit export trade in the future in the event of any widespread European trouble.

Loading the Big Transport.

There was trouble to give away at Port Chalmette during the day, for the American mule is not a respecter of etiquette or good manners. Yet this product of Uncle Sam's country, 1,000 strong, cantered down the runways and up the gang planks with some show of drawing-room politeness.

At the big pen at the head of the mile of runways, scores of men drove the animals into a chute which allowed but one mule to pass at a time. Helpers then penned each animal in a separate cage by the use of stanchions. This done, scores of hustling hands adjusted bridles, despite any vigorous argument on the part of the subject. At a given signal the stanchions were withdrawn and squads of 100 or 200 mules plunged down the fenced aisles like so many suburbanites trying to catch the last train.

At the docks the procession came to a sudden halt. Here long poles in the hands of men again cut off pens in the long driveway, fifteen or twenty mules being thus locked in each space. As the animals ahead were cleared away the poles were withdrawn and the squads advanced at a gallop, helpers with long whips scurrying along without the fences and singing out their choruses of "ga-youh."

Driven to the Decks.

Then another set of bars was lowered, and, single file, the animals drilled up the fenced gangplanks to the ship decks. The first-comers went down full after flight of chutes until they were housed in the stalls thirty feet below the water line. Automatic fans and mechanical ventilators were buzzing, forcing pure air into these lower quarters.

At this point Port Chalmette echoed with one cyclone of yells, "Send down another mule." "Let 'em come down the chute." "You fellows doing nothing but loaf up there on deck," and a hundred variations on the theme, frequently interspersed with sulphurous language poured up from the hold.

Out on the temporary bridge, over the chutes, came the constant echo, "Get in and lead him.' It was the repeated order of Dr. Davis, as one mule would back up like a steam engine and stop the entire line. "Don't try whip persuasion; it'll do no good." Then a man would spring forward to the leading rope, and thus escorted the obstinate mule would lead off with a rush, as if the cotillon had just started.

For two hours this march and its uproar kept up. Then every mule had been stowed away in its berth, the lines were cast off, and out in the middle of the river the Honorius dropped anchor.

Sixty Negro Muleteers.

Tearing up from the city came a river tug, dragging a heavy barge. On the latter sixty negro boys slambered about and sang the songs of the levee and the bayou. The barge was crowded up beside the transport and the march of the shipping muleteers up the ladder began. At the head of the way stood Captain Eden and his men. Each comer was searched, for the ship's sailing papers provide that there shall be no firearms aboard and no spirits carried. A blast from the whistle, hurried good-bys, the British Consul's agent and emigrant inspectors drop over the side, and the thirty-two days' voyage was begun.

On the bridge of the disappearing transport stood a stalwart officer of the English army, Colonel Frederick G. Siecky. This is the third trip he has made to Cape Town with shipments of mules and horses. The ship's physician was a young man from Columbus, Ind. He had made a former trip and was vigorous in his denials of enlistment stories.

This is the story of the 200 and more vessels that have sailed from this port since the shipments of horses and mules began two years ago. When the work began the method of slinging up each mule by derricks was used. New Orleans saw this same method when the United States had its war days in Cuba. It was found that two days were required by this method to load 500 mules, and then the present system was adopted. Carpenters are now preparing horse stalls on the transport Mechanician.

In the meantime carload after carload of horses are being received, inspected, and loosed in the big pens for the enforced sojourn there prior to shipment.

YERKES EXPLAINS NEW PLANS.

American Promoter Will Ultimately Invest $75,000,000 in London Underground Railroads.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, April 10.—Charles T. Yerkes stated today that his system of underground electric railways for London would be finished in three years, and that at the end of that time he would give the metropolis a complete system of intramural transportation on the basis of cheap fares and rapid transit. The system will ultimately cost $75,000,000.

His statement was called out by the announcement, made yesterday, that he had secured through Speyer Bros. of London and New York and the Old Colony Trust company of Boston an additional $20,000,000 to carry out his projects.

First Company Too Small.

Continuing his statement Mr. Yerkes said: "Two years ago I came to London and purchased the old Charing Cross, Euston and Hampstead charter. My projects expanded under force of circumstances. It became necessary for me to take in the Baker street and Waterloo system, the Brompton and Piccadilly line, and the Great Northern and Strand. Thus I had four systems, practically embracing the entire London underground territory.

"But I found that my original company was too small to handle the enlarged undertaking. Its capital was only $5,000,000. So I went to the United States and secured the necessary backing to warrant me in forming a new company with $25,000,000 capital."

As announced yesterday, Mr. Yerkes has secured the backing of Speyer Bros of London and Speyer & Co. of New York and the Old Colony Trust company of Boston in a proposal to form a new company with $25,000,000 capital, for the purpose of carrying out his electric underground concessions in London. This capital, it is understood, is eventually to be increased to $75,000,000. Mr. Yerkes will be President, but the directors, with the exception of Mr. Abbott of Boston, will be English. The capital will be furnished by the Speyers and the Old Colony Trust company.

Views of London Press.

The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon, commenting on the subject, says the announcement of the new company "should be received with general satisfaction, sharply contrasting as it does with the piecemeal particularism and preference for the individual rather than for union which have ever been characteristic of British activity in general and British railway activity in particular."

On the other hand, the Westminster Gazette points out that this self-congratulation over the part played by British capital is not warranted, as the Speyers are quite as American as the Morgans. This paper, however, echoes the opinions of the Pall Mall Gazette that Londoners are likely to derive benefit from the new company.

Metropolitan railroad shares rose as much as 2¼ points on the announcement of the formation of the company.

VIEW OF "LOST" DIX STREET WHICH NOW IS LITTLE MORE THAN ALLEY

[From a photograph taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

A few days have been given the American Hide and Leather company to vacate that part of Dix street which it has been occupying with buildings. It is a part of the Eisendrath branch which stands out in the street. The main building itself runs to the building line, but sheds protrude on both sides of the street, leaving only an alley where the street should be. Commissioner of Public Works Blocki said yesterday: "The leather company has not the slightest right to the street and must vacate it. However, I have decided to allow a reasonable time for compliance with my order. The objecting property-owners are willing to grant a brief delay." The accompanying photograph is looking up Dix street from the Eisendrath plant.

CECIL RHODES IN HIS TOMB

DEAD EMPIRE BUILDER BURIED IN THE MATOPPO HILLS.

Immense Throng of Whites and Two Thousand Blacks Unite in Last Service to the South African Leader—Natives Sacrifice Fifteen Oxen to the Shade of the Departed Chief—St. Paul's in London Crowded to Hear Tributes.

BULUWAYO, Matabeland, April 10.—Amid an immense throng of soldiers, civilians, and natives, the body of Cecil Rhodes was today committed to its rock tomb in the Matoppo Hills. The coffin was shrouded in a Union Jack, and the wreath sent by Queen Alexandra was laid upon it as it was lowered into the grave.

The funeral party started from Fuller's Hotel early this morning. The procession was five miles long as it wound through the hills and gorges. Every sort of conveyance was made use of. Some were on foot, others were on horseback or on bicycles, while still others were in wagons and carriages. When the procession was a mile from the grave everybody dismounted and concluded the journey on foot.

Native Rites Performed.

Twelve oxen hauled the coffin to the almost inaccessible summit of the kopje, where the chiefs, Shembi, Faku, and Umguia, and 2,000 natives had assembled to witness the Christian interment rites, which they afterwards supplemented in their own fashion by the sacrifice of fifteen oxen to the shade of the great dead chief.

The Bishop of Mashonaland, who conducted the interment service, said:

"I consecrate this place forever. Here he thought, here he lived and died for the empire."

When the coffin was lowered into the tomb chiseled in the solid rock all those present sang "Old Hundred" and "Now the Laborer's Task Is O'er." The remainder of the funeral service was chanted, and the band played the "Dead March in Saul." The tomb was covered with wreaths, and the great crowd departed, leaving the empire-builder alone on the wind swept hill.

Services at St. Paul's in London.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, April 10.—The spectacle witnessed in St. Paul's Cathedral yesterday afternoon must have presented a striking contrast to the one which was simultaneously beheld in the silent solitude and barren splendor of the Matoppo Hills, when the mortal remains of Cecil Rhodes were deposited in their last resting place.

Here in the great metropolitan cathedral of his native land all classes of society, including leaders of political thought and men eminent in commercial progress met side by side to join in an outward manifestation of the universal sorrow aroused by the death of the man who had painted so large a portion of the map of south Africa red.

As soon as the doors were opened all seats in the vast building were filled, and signboards were exhibited outside stating "Church full." St. Paul's churchyard, the thoroughfare running round the building from Ludgate Hill, was crowded with disappointed city men.

King Edward and the Prince of Wales were both represented by members of their households. The Lord Mayor of London, the Sheriffs, and a delegation from the city corporation attended.

No Emblems of Mourning.

There were no decorations in the cathedral, nor any emblems of mourning. The service was of the simplest kind. The lesson for the day was followed by the "Magnificat" of Goss. Then Mendelssohn's anthem, "Happy and Blest Are They," was rendered by the full choir. The hymn, "Forward Be Our Watchword," concluded the service. There was no sermon and no address. The band of the Coldstream Guards played the "Dead March in Saul." Ambassador Choate was among the congregation.

Colonel Ernest Rhodes and Bernard Rhodes, brothers of Cecil Rhodes, and his sisters, Miss Edith and Miss Louise Rhodes, were the chief mourners at the service.

CZAR WANTS FAVOR OF AMERICA

Russia in No Hurry to Withdraw Retaliatory Duties Against the United States.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 10.—Usually well informed American business-men here have been given to understand by persons in the confidence of M. de Witte, the Finance Minister, that the delay of Russia in withdrawing the retaliatory duties against the United States is due to a determination not to readmit American steel and iron on equal terms with similar European products without a substantial quid pro quo from the United States. M. de Witte is reported to have said he would not permit Americans to trade in Russia unless they showed a disposition to loan money or invest funds in Russia, since Russia has nothing to export to the United States.

LOSSES TO CUNARD COMPANY.

Shareholders of Big Steamship Line Told of the Falling Off in Receipts.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LIVERPOOL, April 10.—At the general meeting of the Cunard Steamship company today, Lord Inverclyde, deputy chairman, said that there had been a considerable falling off in receipts, owing to the low homeward freights and the increased working expenses. Mr. Japp, a shareholder, said that the report was one of the worst ever presented. He proposed that the directors should find a buyer of the concern to enable them to return the par value of the shares to their present holders. One of the directors defended the company. A dividend of 4 per cent was declared.

PRESIDENT OFF FOR HOME

ROOSEVELT BIDS FAREWELL TO SOUTH AMID CHEERS.

Train Bearing Chief Executive and Party Passes Through Ranks of Enthusiastic People Across the Two Carolinas—Makes Three Speeches, Thanking the Southerners for Kind Greetings—Praises Charleston and Its Exposition in Hearty Manner.

Salisbury, N. C., April 10.—The visit of President Roosevelt to the South terminated today, and tonight he is nearing Washington. When the President came down-stairs at Summerville this morning he held an informal reception in the hotel parlors and shortly afterward, accompanied by most of his party, was taken for a drive to Dorchester, the site of the old Spanish fort.

The tea farm of Dr. Shepherd, not far from the inn, was visited and a number of diminutive negro pickers lined up in front of Dr. Shepherd's house and sang the "Star Spangled Banner." The President thanked them. He also congratulated Dr. Shepherd on the work he is doing. The party was then driven to the station, where the special train was in waiting. A company of marines, who had acted as the Presidents' guard while at Charleston, was lined up on the platform. The President thanked them for their services.

Cheers as Train Starts.

The train pulled out for Washington amid the cheers and hurrahs of a large crowd that had gathered at the station. In the towns through which the Presidential train passed on the return journey cheering crowds lined the tracks to catch a glimpse of Mr. Roosevelt. At Branchville, S. C., where a stop was made for water, the President came out on the rear platform and bowed his acknowledgements to the 300 persons, who rushed for the car and cheered him. Although no stop was made at Orangeburg, fully 1,000 persons were waiting for the train.

A crowd had gathered at the station at Columbia, and there was a rush for the President's car. The students of the South Carolina College gave their college yell.

President Makes a Speech.

The President, who had been standing on the platform with Mrs. Roosevelt, made a short speech, in which he said this was but another evidence of the cordial treatment he had received while in the State. He said he thought he was a good American when he came to South Carolina, but that he was a better one when he left. Considerable laughter was caused when he grasped the outstretched hand of a little girl and said he was partial to children because he had a half dozen of them himself. Following is his speech in full:

"I thank you most heartily for your courtesy in coming forward to greet me this afternoon, and it is only one of the expressions of courtesy with which I have been treated while in your great State. I have enjoyed every moment of the three days I have been down here. I think I was a pretty good American when I came down, but I am a better American as I leave your borders, and let me ask you to support to the best of your ability the exposition in Charleston. I ask that not only of you but of all our people in the union. It is a grand tribute to the energy, the forethought, and the business enterprise of the people of Charleston that they should have planned and built so really beautiful an exposition, and they deserve all the help they can possibly have in it. I wish them well, I wish you well, and I thank you for the way you have received me."

Talks at Chester, S. C.

Winnsboro and Chester, S. C., turned out crowds. At the latter place the President appeared on the rear platform. There was a loud call for Mrs. Roosevelt, and when she came out a great shout went up. The President spoke, saying:

"I want to thank you, I want to thank the people of both the Carolinas, for the reception I have met with today and during the two preceding days. I have appreciated to the full the hospitality of the people of Charleston and marveled at the beauty of their exposition. The welcome that has been extended to me in your State will be an inspiration in my public life, and I shall endeavor so to conduct myself always that you and all other Americans shall have reason to be satisfied with the way your affairs are managed."

The 750 students and others at the Winthrop Female Academy at Rockhill requested the President to stop there if possible, and the whole town was waiting. No stop was made, but the President gave them an opportunity to see him by coming out on the platform.

Speaks in North Carolina.

The first stop in the Tar Heel State was at Charlotte. The demonstration there was no less enthusiastic than in the Palmetto State. The President was forced to make a speech, in which he said:

"I am glad to have the chance of greeting you tonight to say how much I appreciate your having come. Some one in the audience has spoken of the Mecklenburg declaration. That was the first declaration of independence in what is the United States. I have studied much of the early history of North Carolina. I know the part you played in the revolution; the part you played even during the revolution in winning the great West for the republic. I feel that you deserve to be called in a peculiar sense American of Americans, and no higher praise than that can be given in our country."

Old Soldier Falls; Then Paralysis.

Over an hour after he had fallen from a State street electric car at State and Lake streets John A. Cook, a civil war veteran, was partly overcome by paralysis, and was taken to the County Hospital. While alighting from the car the man slipped and fell on his back. He was at Archer avenue and Halsted street when he collapsed.

The Proverbial Ounce of Prevention

against colds, grip, pneumonia, etc., is Johann Hoff's Extract, the great builder and strengthener. It should be taken regularly with meals at this season. Do not accept substitutes.

MISS STONE HOME FROM CAPTIVITY.

Missionary Long Held for Ransom by Bandits Reaches America.

EAGER TO TALK OF TRIALS

Says Brigands Often Spoke Harshly, but Never Struck Her.

TSILKA BABY A BLESSING.

New York, April 10.—[Special.]—Miss Ellen M. Stone, looking none the worse for her long captivity among bandits in Bulgaria, but tired from a week's seasickness, arrived here today on the steamship Deutschland.

"This is the happiest moment of my life," she said, as her brother, Charles A. Stone, greeted her soon after the vessel reached quarantine. After spending a quarter of an hour in her stateroom, the brother and sister came out to see those who had gone down to meet the steamship aboard the revenue cutter Calumet.

"I suppose you want to hear all about the brigands," said Miss Stone, speaking pleasantly and evidently willing to talk about her painful experiences. "They were not quite so fierce as you think, perhaps, but they said many insulting things and many harsh words. They never struck or beat us, though."

The missionary was dressed in a dark blue eton suit, with a plainly trimmed hat of the same color. She looked happy, and interspersed her remarks with expression of joy at her safe return to America. Her voice, which is rather weak, seemed about to break down several times, but she told much about her experiences before the vessel was warped into the dock.

"The day the brigands took us away was Sept. 3. They pounced upon our party of eleven late in the afternoon. There were about fifty of them, I should judge, and the attack was so sudden that resistance would have been useless, even if we had desired to make any. Except for Mr. Tsilka, we were unarmed. He started to fire his pistol, when the brigands took his wife away, but the others in the party prevented him.

"It is not true that Mme. Tsilka was held for ransom. Our captors simply took her along as my chaperon. They always do that, no matter how old their captive is, if she is single. They meant to take the first married woman they could find, but the first one was Mrs. Wosheva, a native missionary and a widow, who was ill. They therefore decided upon Mme. Tsilka, and I was afterward glad they did, for a reason that I will explain to you.

Baby Made Things Easier.

"Seven weeks before we were released a baby was born to Mme. Tsilka. Before this the brigands had become so insulting and cruel in their talk that it was almost unbearable, but the appearance of the baby stopped all this. The brigands of Turkey believe a curse will settle on them if they do harm to a child or its mother, and our treatment was, therefore, excellent after that. We began to get better food, although I must admit it had always been fairly good, and the sneering remarks stopped.

"It was when the negotiations for our release became disturbed that we received worse treatment. 'You are to die within twenty days from now,' or 'We'll put a bullet through your brain soon,' were some of the pleasant things they said to us, but, thank heaven, they did not harm us.

"The brigands never told us when we were to be released. Finally the main body of men disappeared and we saw that only two remained. I suspected that something strange was about to happen, and asked one of them where the rest of the party had gone. 'You will never see them again,' he replied. 'You are going to friends.' You can imagine the effect these words had on us. Mme. Tsilka hugged me, and I hugged her, and we cried aloud for joy. That we were to be released seemed hardly possible, but here I am, thanks to God's will and the prayers of the American people."

Miss Stone told how she first went to Bulgaria twenty-three years ago as a teacher in a girls' boarding school of the American Board of Foreign Missions. Soon afterward she became engaged in missionary work outside. It is now four years since she visited this country.

Knows Little About Brigands.

She was asked if the brigands of Bulgaria were anything like the brigands depicted on the stage. She replied, laughingly, that she could not tell, as she had never visited a theater in her life. Whether her capture had been for political or mercenary reasons she could not say, and she did not know whether she would ever again return to Bulgaria.

The Turkish government, she said, refused to hold itself responsible for her capture, claiming that she should have had a guard with her. This claim, she said, was ridiculous, inasmuch as the capture was effected in broad daylight and a large number of soldiers would have been necessary to protect her from so many brigands. All the men looked like Turks and talked the Turkish language, but she was not sure that that was their nationality.

Miss Stone will go to Chelsea, Mass., to visit her mother.

ITALY OUT WITH SWITZERLAND.

Diplomatic Relations Suspended Between Kingdom and the Little Republic Over Newspaper Article.

BERNE, Switzerland, April 10.—Diplomatic relations between Switzerland and Italy have been ruptured. This action arises from the refusal of Switzerland to give satisfaction regarding an article published in Geneva insulting the memory of the murdered King Humbert. A week ago.

The Bundesrath has sent the following communication to Parliament:

"Regrettable misunderstandings have occurred between us and Signor Silvestrelli, the Italian Minister. We have felt constrained to request the Italian government, in the interests of the good relations of the two countries, to recall Signor Silvestrelli. The Italian government having refused to do so, we broke off relations with Signor Silvestrelli, whereupon the Italian government, on its part, has now broken off relations with our Minister at Rome. We shall publish the documents relating to this conflict."

The article which led to the differences appeared in an Anarchist sheet published in Geneva. Signor Silvestrelli demanded that the authorities prosecute the paper, but the Swiss government replied that it could not act without a complaint being formally lodged by the Italian government. Italy declined to adopt this course, and the correspondence became acrimonious, leading finally to the rupture of diplomatic relations.

BROKEN LEG FOR AGED MASHER.

Louis Hanson Insults Women and Meets with Accident While Trying to Escape Arrest.

Louis Hanson is 50 years old, but the mere fact that he had lived half a century did not prevent him from making himself offensive yesterday to the women who passed a barn at Halsted street and Garfield avenue. His actions were reported to the police, and when Detectives Bock and Mills went to arrest him he fled to the second story of the barn. When he found that the detectives were following him he ran to the window and jumped to the ground. He was unable to rise, and an examination showed that his right leg was broken. Hanson was then taken to the German Hospital. His home is at 165 Seminary avenue.

100 Doses For One Dollar

Economy in medicine must be measured by two things—cost and effect. It cannot be measured by either alone. It is greatest in that medicine that does the most for the money—that radically and permanently cures at the least expense. That medicine is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It purifies and enriches the blood, cures pimples, eczema and all eruptions, tired, languid feelings, loss of appetite and general debility.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it reliable and giving perfect satisfaction. It takes away that tired feeling, gives energy and puts the blood in good condition." MISS EFFIE COLONNE, 1535 10th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

ARMED MEN DEFY A CITY

KENOSHA ROUTED BY CROWD OF ISLAND HOSTILES.

Effort to Build an Isolation Hospital Just Out in the Harbor Is Resented by Residents, Who Threaten to Throw the Invaders Into the Lake—Contest Begins at Midnight and Lasts Twelve Hours—Site Shifted to a Cemetery.

Kenosha, Wis., April 10.—[Special.]—Two hundred defiant men, most of them armed with guns or clubs, today turned the city administration from its purpose of building an isolation hospital on Washington Island. Most of the hostiles were residents of the island, a number of them being employés of the government live-saving station or the lighthouse.

The contest began at midnight and ended at noon, when the city officials withdrew from the field and announced that the hospital probably would be built in the city cemetery.

Washington Island lies just out in the harbor, and is connected with the shore by a foot bridge. After the city had been defeated in its efforts to build the hospital on a number of other sites, it was suggested that the island be used.

There immediately came a storm of protests from the islanders and the city authorities planned to steal a march. This morning, shortly after midnight, contractors dumped lumber on the island, and a dozen or more carpenters appeared for work.

City Forces Put to Rout.

The life-savers were on the alert, however, and soon the news had been spread over the island. A crowd assembled, and one of the life-savers made himself spokesman.

"If you don't get out of here at once we will throw you all in the lake," he declared.

The crowd shouted its approval, and the contractor and his men ran for the mainland at top speed.

After a time some of the residents returned to their beds, but not until arrangements had been made to sound an alarm should the city's forces return. A tug was fired up and half a dozen men boarded it and constituted themselves a floating scouting party. If the city showed signs of resuming work on the hospital three long blasts were to be blown on the tug's whistle.

The tug patrolled the shores of the island until daylight, but the three blasts were not forthcoming. Wild horses could not have pulled the carpenters within reach of the hostiles.

Surrender to the Hostiles.

The islanders continued their belligerent attitude till noon, when Major J. G. Warren of Milwaukee and Chief Lighthouse Inspector of the Ninth District F. M. Symmonds of Chicago came to Kenosha to prevent the location of the hospital in the name of the United States. The city officials seeing that their cause was hopeless, then sent word that the scheme for an island hospital had been abandoned.

"We were within our rights," said D. G. Cameron, chief of the life-saving crew. "That hospital would have been a menace to our lives."

L. N. Cedelmar, keeper of the lighthouse, was equally emphatic.

"They were going to build the hospital within sixty-five feet of the lighthouse," he said, "and we were determined to prevent such a menace at any cost."

The island is extensively peopled during the summer, a number of city families having cottages there. At this season of the year the residents consist mostly of government employés and fishermen.

JUDGE SHOOTS FROM THE BENCH

Prisoner in Kentucky Town Kills Constable and Is Shot Down by the Jurist.

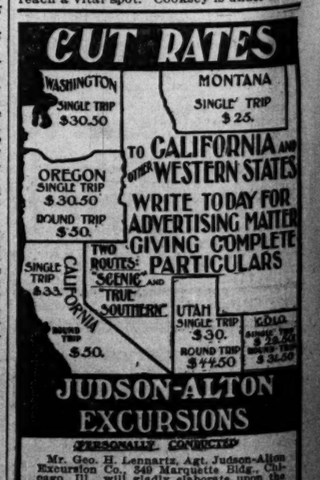
Louisa, Ky., April 10.—[Special.]—Ralph Marcul, a constable, was instantly killed by George Cooksey at Fallsburg, a small town near here, and Judge Ed Webb, who was on the bench, then shot Cooksey twice, but neither wound is serious.

Cooksey arrived home from the Philippines only a few days ago, and had been drinking heavily and disturbing the peace of the town.

Cooksey was in the courtroom, and the Judge told him and others present to be sworn and answer some questions. Cooksey refused, and the Judge ordered the constable to place him under arrest.

The constable tried to make Cooksey obey, when Cooksey fired twice, killing the constable.

Judge Webb then fired on Cooksey from the bench, striking him twice but failing to reach a vital spot. Cooksey is under arrest.



Mr. Geo. H. Lennartz, Agt. Judson-Alton Excursion Co., 349 Marquette Bldg., Chicago, Ill., will gladly elaborate upon the foregoing. He deals in that direct way which is the result of experience in arranging transcontinental journeys. He has inducements to offer which are worth while, and his courteous assistance does not end when tickets are bought. Specially selected tourist managers go through from Chicago to Pacific coast, attending to checking of baggage, pointing out scenery and places of interest, and giving the attention en route which makes the transcontinental trip comfortable and enjoyable. Let Mr. Lennartz place your name on his list for detailed advertising matter. His book explains everything; answers all questions.

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DEFY A CITY

ED BY CROWD OF HOSTILES.

Isolation Hospital Harbor Is Resented Who Threaten to ers Into the Lake— at Midnight and urs—Site Shifted to

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ALIFORNIA AND ESTERN STATES
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De Housekeeper's Corner.

There seems to be no getting away from antique oak.

Real Jap papers are in perfect imitation of raw silk and matting.

Madagascar wood is a poem in browns, especially effective for inlaying.

Don't forget to pick up all the colonial pieces you can find. Suit your pocketbook in this respect.

A beautiful effect is produced by papering the walls of a room, or more than one, to imitate a network of vines ending in a border of blossoms around the top.

Clean your furs in gasoline and then wrap them in paper of whatever you wish, and the moths will not get at them. The gasoline is fatal to moths. Or, with a small brush, apply oil of cedar to cracks and grooves in boxes and drawers, the backs of doors and baseboards in closets. Use plenty of oil. There must not be enough to cause stains, but enough that comes in contact with the moths will be fatal. This treatment will make closets, boxes, etc., mothproof for some time, and if closed tightly the moths will be perfectly safe through the cold fall.

DRAINAGE CANAL NEEDS EXPERTS.

Trustee Says It Too Long Has Been Drilling Incompetents at Public Cost.

SKILLED MEN REQUIRED.

Zina R. Carter Reiterates Charge That Condition Is Due to Politics.

RANDOLPH EXPLAINS WORK.

"Ever since the first stake was driven for the canal the Sanitary district has been compelled to maintain a training school with salaried employés for pupils," said a member of the Drainage board yesterday in discussing the stormy session of the day before.

The board was still heaving from the effects of Tuesday's storm, when Engineer Randolph startled the trustees by his protest against political interference with his department. Further than to say he had been quoted correctly Mr. Randolph would not discuss the matter yesterday, as that would anticipate his report to the Engineering committee. Trustee Carter was outspoken, however.

It was intimated even that a reorganization of the department on lines made necessary by the difficult work in the Chicago River might be the result of the upheaval.

Work Demands Experts.

While it is not charged that the present employés are any less efficient than those which have held the same places in years gone by, it is pointed out that the work of widening and deepening the river, flanked by high buildings, and the erecting of intricate swinging bridges, calls for a force of expert engineers which cannot be obtained through political channels.

It is claimed further that the effects of political influence have become so powerful among the subordinates that the chief engineer no longer holds the control over his department necessary for the best results.

Support Denied Engineer.

Members of the minority faction of the trustees charge that the board has not accorded Mr. Randolph proper support in the rigid stand he has taken against the claims of contractors, and it was for this reason that Trustee Carter introduced the resolution which would have once more given the chief engineer full power. Those who are close to Mr. Randolph say that he is anxious to assume full control of and responsibility for everything pertaining to his department.

"I have the greatest faith in the ability and integrity of Mr. Randolph, and for that reason I drew up the resolution which started the discussion in the board," said Zina R. Carter yesterday. "If politics has not wrought this condition of affairs in the engineering department, then why was so much objection raised to my resolution? The rules of the board provide that the chief engineer shall have full control of his department, subject to the action of the board. It looks as if the board was getting the order reversed.

"My resolution simply called attention to the rule and directed its enforcement, and there should be no good reason against it. Talk of an investigation of the department is nonsensical, for we all know its condition.

Handicaps Engineer Further.

"The effect of Mr. Braden's resolution will be to still further handicap Mr. Randolph in the exercise of his authority, by making him report to the Engineering committee before taking any action instead of afterward.

"I look for a complete written report from Mr. Randolph at the meeting of the Engineering committee, which will set forth the needs of his department as he sees them. With that in hand I do not see how the board can help but give him the authority that he needs. It is certainly a move that will conserve the best interests of the taxpayers. It is exactly what a business firm would do.

"For some time I have been studying out a plan which would supply to the engineering department the force which it has lacked and which is necessary for the success of the plans adopted by the board. The employés have come to the board largely through politics. They were green at the business and Mr. Randolph had to teach them. Some of them developed into most efficient men, so far as they have the knowledge, and did well, while we were digging a ditch out on the prairie.

Ditch Diggers Not Needed.

"The work in hand is a vastly different matter, and calls for supervision by competent engineers. The men who could oversee the digging of a ditch are not able to pass on the construction of a complicated bridge or the work of deepening and widening the river where heavy buildings stand close to the dock line, and where mistakes may cost the taxpayers thousands of dollars.

"The trustees themselves know nothing of the propositions to be faced everywhere, and of necessity must take the judgment of the chief engineer. Therefore he should be given full charge of every detail of his work, so that he may face the responsibility squarely and without being hampered by men who may owe allegiance to some contractor through political affiliations, even to the extent of holding his place on the pay roll through the same people. Mr. Randolph ought to have the right to discharge any man for cause without asking permission of any one."

Engineer Explains New Work.

Concerning the charge of extravagance in his department, Chief Engineer Randolph said:

"A comparison of the administrative cost of the work carried on during 1901 with the cost of main channel work in 1895, the banner year in the history of the canal, is not only unfair but misleading. The work on the main channel was plain, straight excavation and wall building, and required the minimum of work and attention from the engineers. A section of the main channel, one mile, costing about $1,000,000, required but little attention after the final staking out beside a general supervision on the part of the engineer in charge.

"The work now being done is entirely different in character. Five men must work in attendance on the dredges, taking soundings and figuring the amount removed, to check up bills. With bridges the situation is unique. The cost of a bascule bridge is about $100,000, and the expense of engineering supervision on one of them is necessarily much greater than the engineering expense of a whole section of the channel for a like period. The department has more detail work and more varied and intricate questions to be handled than it ever had to meet at one time."

BOER REPRESENTATIVES IN PEACE CONFERENCE, WHICH IS REPORTED TO HAVE REACHED AN AGREEMENT, ENDING WAR.

PRESIDENT STEYN, FREE STATE. GENERAL DE WET, FREE STATE. GENERAL DELAREY, FREE STATE. ACTING PRESIDENT SCHALK BURGER, TRANSVAAL. GENERAL LOUIS BOTHA, TRANSVAAL.

COWED BY A BOY BURGLAR

MAN FORCED BACK TO BED AT POINT OF REVOLVER.

Victim Awakened by Noise, Starts to Investigate, Finds Rays of Dark Lantern Flashed in His Face and Revolver Pointed at His Head—Lad Arrested While Trying to Dispose of Plunder, and Police Say He Admitted His Guilt.

Cowed by an 11-year-old boy armed with a revolver, John Vallante, who was awakened by the presence of an intruder in his room, was forced to return to his bed, while the youthful robber searched the place for valuables.

Later, while trying to dispose of a watch and chain secured from Vallante, a boy was arrested by the Kensington police. He gave his name as Frank Unveiteg, and in his possession was a dark lantern, a revolver, and a bunch of skeleton keys. The police says he admitted his guilt. He was locked up and will have a hearing today. Toney Vosburg, 15 years old, also was arrested, being charged by Unveiteg with being an accomplice.

Vallante lives in Block F, Pullman. After he had been awakened, he arose to investigate. The rays of a dark lantern were flashed in his face and he saw a revolver aimed at his head. He was ordered to return to his bed, and he obeyed.

"If you make a noise, I will kill you," was the threat uttered by the boy as Vallante clambered back into bed.

Finds Alleged Swindler.

Through a dispatch printed in THE TRIBUNE announcing the arrest at La Grange, Ky., of F. L. Wheeler, E. A. Evens, 64 Walton place, located the man who, he says, swindled him out of $1,500 by a confidence game. A description of the prisoner, secured by Central Station detectives, convinced Mr. Evens he was right in his conclusions, and last night a request for requisition papers was sent to Springfield. Detective D. E. Buggie was sent to La Grange to bring Wheeler and his companion to this city.

Mystery in an Attack.

Whether the midnight assailant of David Swartz, 1906 Wilcox avenue, is a burglar or an unknown enemy, is puzzling the police of the West Lake Street Station, who are seeking the man. Swartz was awakened at 12:30 o'clock yesterday morning and beaten into unconsciousness. When he recovered he found the room had not been searched and that valuable trinkets about were untouched.

Capture Supposed Burglars.

Policemen Killoran and Callahan of the Larrabee Street Station captured three alleged burglars who were hiding in the toolhouse of the Ogden Gas company's plant at Hawthorne avenue and Willow street. The men resisted arrest and were only taken after a struggle in which several shots were fired on both sides.

Burglars Get One Thousand Dollars.

Burglars entered the apartments of Miss Alice Mills and of John Walker, 281 Oak street, yesterday afternoon and carried away property worth $1,000. The thieves left no clew. The rooms were robbed during the absence of the owners, but while a janitor and elevator boy were in the hallway.

Held Up in Saloon.

John Bigane, proprietor of a saloon at 3904 Archer avenue, was held up Wednesday night in his saloon by a lone highwayman, who took $8 from the till and made his escape.

ACTOR TAKEN ON CHARGE OF CHICAGO JEWEL THEFT.

Victor Jones, Arrested in New York, Alleged to Have Victimized a Miss Rivers of Buena Park.

New York, April 10.—[Special.]—Victor Jones, formerly of Sir Henry Irving's company, was arrested here today by Detective Sergeant Ryan of Chicago. He is said to have been living in a mansion in Riverside drive with a woman who is married, but not to him. Jones is wanted in Chicago on the charge of having appropriated $5,000 worth of jewels belonging to a Miss Rivers of Buena Park.

Chicago detectives have been searching through New York City for Jones since March 31. Nothing was learned of him until today. Detective Ryan started for Chicago with his prisoner tonight.

It was thought at first by the detectives that Jones had left for England, but they were afterwards led to believe that he was still in this city, and by shadowing those with whom he was known to have associated he was located today and placed under arrest.

At one time Jones was a well-known actor in England. For several years he played leading parts with Martin Harvey. He then became connected with the Berbohm Tree company, and finally joined Irving, starting for this country with the English actor on his last trip to the United States.

He did not play with the Irving company in this country, however, sending in his resignation before the first performance. He had with him $2,000, and with this he went to Chicago, where he started a vaudeville agency in the Masonic Temple.

Later he met Miss Rivers and is said to have proposed marriage to her. The date for the marriage was set for April 15, it is said.

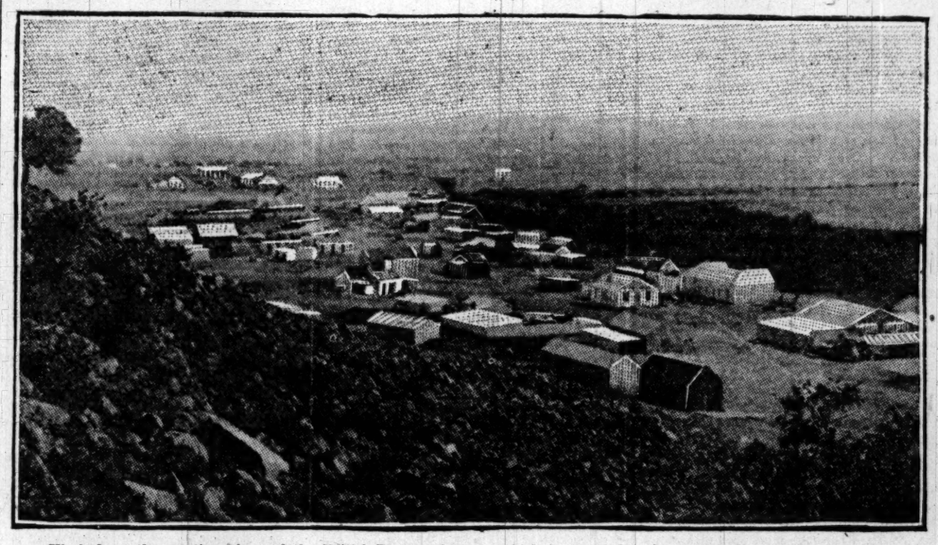
Miss Rivers is said to have given Jones $5,000 worth of diamonds and a check. He is alleged to have left Chicago with the jewels after cashing the check.

WOMAN DIES IN MAKING WILL.

Death Overtakes Mrs. Charlotte L. Waldron Before She Can Name Beneficiaries of Estate.

Death overtook Mrs. Charlotte L. Waldron, 3310 Cottage Grove avenue, while she was making her will in the Chicago Baptist Hospital yesterday afternoon, and destroyed the hopes of the hospital authorities that the woman's relatives might be promptly notified. Mrs. Waldron's will disposed of property valued at $5,000. She had named two nieces, Miss Lottie Houghey and Mrs. Jennie Walker, to share her property, but the whereabouts of the beneficiaries is unknown to the hospital authorities.

KLERKSDORP, SCENE OF BOER-BRITISH PEACE CONFERENCE.



Klerksdorp, the meeting place of the British-Boer conference, which is reported to have agreed on peace terms, is in the Potchefstroom district of the Transvaal, and is 123 miles west of Pretoria. It is the oldest town in the Transvaal, but was an insignificant village until 1889, when gold was discovered there.

PREFERS LAKE TO ALTAR

DELLA HOFF SEEKS TO ESCAPE REJECTED SUITOR.

Police Thwart 17-Year-Old Girl's Suicidal Intentions While She Stands on Pier—Mother Tells of Threatening Letters Received—Young Woman Declares Her Determination to Die Rather than Marry Man Whose Attentions Annoy Her.

Harassed by the persistence of an ardent but unwelcome suitor, Della Hoff, the 17-year-old daughter of Mrs. A. Cherry, 90 Thirty-third street, went to the shore of the lake yesterday afternoon, determined to end her life. She had climbed upon the pier between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh streets and was preparing to throw herself into the water when Detectives Duback and Ptacek of the Stanton Avenue Station, attracted by the girl's actions, ran and jumped upon the pier.

"What are you doing here, young lady?" Detective Duback inquired.

For a few moments the girl remained silent, and then, her eyes filling with tears, she exclaimed:

"I'd rather drown myself than marry him. O, what shall I do; what——"

The girl was taken to the Stanton Avenue Police Station and her mother was summoned. While waiting for her mother in Lieutenant Sullivan's office she began to cry. Repeated efforts to obtain a statement from her failed until Desk Sergeant Allen began to ask questions.

"I was so worried by that fellow that I was going to throw myself into the lake," said the girl to the sergeant, and that was all he could learn until Mrs. Cherry arrived.

Makes Denial to Mother.

Mother and daughter were quickly locked in each other's arms, the girl sobbing hysterically as she tried to convince Mrs. Cherry that she had not contemplated suicide.

"No, mother, it isn't true," exclaimed Miss Hoff. "I wasn't going to jump into the lake. I only went down to the pier to look at the water. I had nothing to do at the store."

Mrs. Cherry said that for the last year Jack Angels, 638 West Harrison street, had been paying attention to her daughter. She said that she recently had refused him admittance to her home and permission to meet her daughter.

Receives Threatening Letters.

Soon afterward, Mrs. Cherry said, a letter came to her home threatening the girl's life if she did not marry Angels. Following this came other similar letters. This sort of thing was kept up until Miss Hoff had become despondent and brooded much over her trouble. Lieutenant Sullivan advised the mother to take the girl away from the city for a time.

DR. A. S. DRAPER'S LEG CUT OFF IN ORDER TO SAVE HIS LIFE.

Injury Suffered in Accident Last Sunday Takes Serious Turn and Operation Is Decided On.

Champaign, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—The condition of President A. S. Draper of the University of Illinois, who was injured in a runaway accident on Sunday, grew worse last night, and at 11 o'clock it was found necessary to amputate his right leg at the knee.

The operation was performed by Drs. Nicholas Senn and Bayard Holmes of Chicago, and Dr. S. M. Wylie of Paxton. Drs. H. C. Howard, J. H. Finch, and W. K. Newcomb of Champaign were present and assisted in the operation. President Draper came through the ordeal more successfully than the surgeons expected he would, and early this morning slept for more than an hour. His pulse has been normal during the day and this afternoon he was able to take a glass of milk.

Dr. Senn returned to Chicago this morning. He says President Draper is getting along nicely, and unless further complications arise his recovery is certain. Should, however, a fresh clot of blood form in the arteries higher up the injured leg the case would become decidedly dangerous.

Until Dr. Senn arrived from Chicago late last night it was thought an operation could be avoided. Dr. Senn, however, at once declared it was the one method of saving the patient's life, gangrene having already set in in the bruised part of the leg. Accordingly the amputation was at once made.

President Draper went to sleep tonight at 9 o'clock.

MAN AS SEEN BY COEDS

HIS WEAK POINTS SET FORTH IN THE NORTHWESTERN.

Young Women Students at Evanston Publish Their Paper—Leading Article Says the Male Human Being May Do for Dressmaker or Husband, but Not for Companion in Walk—Girls Declared to Be Not Too Numerous in the Institution.

The Northwestern, edited by the young women of the university for which it is named, will make its appearance today in Evanston. Its coming has been waited by the college men with much anxiety, and their fears have not been without foundation.

The leading article, by Miss Hazel Reid, is devoted to a discussion of the question, "Is a man an ideal companion for a walk?" The university man will learn that he is not wanted for strolls or walks about the college campus. The writer says:

"Is a man an ideal companion for a walk? No. Emphatically no. For a walk almost any other animal is better than a man. Of course, I speak from a woman's viewpoint. A woman who goes out, not for a trivial stroll, but for a visit with nature. And may the gods pity her if she is accompanied by a man, a man who agrees with her in all discussions, a man who leaves to her decision everything that is talked of by them. 'Ah, perversity. Thy name is man.' Men may do well enough for teachers or for friends, for dressmakers, and for husbands, but few of them are fit for a walk. Most women find only one."

The editor-in-chief, Miss Ruth Woolson, is supposed to be responsible for the leader, "Our Views on Coeducation," a discussion of the proposition that there are too many women at Northwestern. Miss Woolson writes as follows:

"No women are superfluous here as yet; at least nearly every man claims that one woman is not, and what is true of all the parts is also true of the whole."

Another editorial by a member of the staff, whose identity is concealed, is entitled, "Cigarets at Second Hand." The writer advises the men to smoke a good cigar or a pipe if they must smoke, or seek a hiding place in the woods if they must use "an insignificant cigaret."

There is an enthusiastic editorial on "The Coed in Athletics," which urges all the girls to attend the various games and cheer the men. The concluding article on the editorial pages is "A Toast to Northwestern." It runs as follows:

O, here's to the heart of Northwestern,
With coeds it quite overflows;
And bold is the man who has courage
To taste of its joys and its woes.

STUDENTS ON AN EARLY LARK.

Northwestern University Men Hoist Wooden Indian Cigar Signs to Roof of Heck Hall.

Northwestern University students out on a "lark" early this morning took two wooden Indian cigar signs from in front of stores in Evanston and hauled them to the roof of Heck Hall, the dormitory of Garrett Biblical Institute with ropes. Residents of the dormitory were awakened by the noise, but not in time to catch any of the students, all of whom wore masks. The dormitory is five stories high, and to reach the roof the students had to climb fire escapes.

MYSTERY OF FRACTURED SKULL

Machinist Employed at Allis-Chalmers Plant Found Unconscious at 572 West Twelfth Street.

The police are investigating a mysterious injury to a machinist supposed to work at the Allis-Chalmers plant. At 1 o'clock this morning Mrs. John Zelber heard groans and, on investigating, found Thomas W. Smith, who boards at her house, 572 West Twelfth street, lying on the floor of the hall.

The police were called and took the unconscious man to the County Hospital. Then it was found that his skull was fractured and that stitches had been taken in the scalp wounds. Apparently he had been hurt earlier in the evening and the fracture of the skull was overlooked by the physician who attended him.

Smith is in a serious condition.

CLASH IN 'PHONE ELECTION

MANUFACTURING FIRMS ARE CHARGED WITH MEDDLING.

Notified by Delegates to Interstate Independent Convention to Keep Their Hands Off—After Considerable Bitterness Officers for the Association Are Chosen — President-Elect Rainey Says Greatest Work Is to Secure Entrance to Chicago.

The election of officers threatened the existence of the Interstate Independent Telephone association for a time yesterday. During a disagreement over the manner of selecting officers charges were made that certain manufacturing firms were using undue influence.

The clash finally ended in the manufacturing concerns being given notice "to keep their hands off." Then followed the election of officers, satisfactory to most of the delegates present.

Just before the noon adjournment a resolution was passed outlining the method for the election of officers. It provided that the new officials should be chosen by a committee made up of two delegates from each of the seven States represented in the convention.

When the convention was called to order in the afternoon a delegate jumped to his feet and moved a reconsideration of the resolution. He declared every delegate in the hall should be entitled to vote on the selection of officers.

Says There's a Scheme.

An Iowa delegate immediately charged the Illinois delegates with a scheme to get control of the association.

"I do not say there is a deliberate plan to fix up a slate," he declared, "but I do say that it is more than likely Illinois will name all the officers, and this association will cease to be an interstate affair."

H. C. Rainey of Iowa defended the plan to permit the committee to select the officers.

"If you repeal that resolution it will result in an election of officers by the Illinois delegates," he declared. "And besides, it begins to look like some manufacturing firms have axes to grind."

Then Retiring President I. A. Lumpkin defended the action of the convention during the morning.

"There is no disposition on the part of any of the Illinois delegates to grab the offices of this association," he said. "It is true, however, that certain manufacturing firms have been in evidence in this convention, and I think the sooner we tell them to keep their noses out of our business the better off we all will be."

Agree on Plan; Name Officers.

Finally the motion to rescind the previous action was lost by a vote of 24 to 17. The committee, after an executive session lasting nearly two hours, reported the selection of the following officers, and the report was ratified by the convention:

President—H. C. Rainey, Fairfield, Ia.
Vice President—I. A. Lumpkin, Mattoon, Ill.
Secretary—E. M. Coleman, Louisville, Ky.
Treasurer—J. C. Harper, Madison, Wis.

Favors Invasion of Chicago.

In his speech of acceptance President Rainey declared the greatest work the association could perform would be to secure an entrance into Chicago.

"It is absolutely necessary that our exchanges secure Chicago connections," he said. "It is only a question of a short time, but we must work to bring such conditions about immediately. My efforts shall be directed on that policy."

The delegates and their friends were given a vaudeville entertainment in the Sherman House last night. It was free from a repetition of the turbulent scenes of the banquet on the previous night.

KANE BOYS TURN OVER LETTER.

Dissenting Jurors in Thombs Murder Case Send Anonymous Message to Postoffice Authorities.

The anonymous letter received by Michael and Francis J. Kane, the dissenting jurors in the trial of Lewis J. Thombs, was sent to the Postoffice officials yesterday for investigation. The report that the lives of the family had been threatened was pronounced baseless by Francis J. Kane last evening when seen at his home, 563 North Hamlin avenue.

Come today and see our diamond bargains. Easy payments. Lotte Bros., 103 State street.

TWO MURDERS AT DETROIT

GIRL AND MAN KILLED AND POLICE MAKE ARRESTS.

Music Teacher Held as Slayer of Girl Pupil, Whose Body Was Found on Street—Blood-Stained Hatchet Furnishes Link in Evidence—Bookkeeper Shot and Beaten to Death Near His Home and Plumber Is Accused by Detectives.

(Continued from first page.)

to the jail," said James R. Jennett, father of the murdered girl. "That is," he added parenthetically, "if he is the guilty man, and I believe he is."

"I would head a crowd that would give the wretch what he deserves, and I would be the first man to apply a torch to his body. There are lots of our friends in this neighborhood who feel as strongly about this matter as I do. It would be an easy matter to collect a crowd that would see that justice is done him.

"But what will they do? Miller will be taken to the jail; he will be tried and convicted, and probably for life, when he should be made to suffer tortures. A better girl than my Carrie never lived."

There are signs of mourning at the Jennett home, which stands at the corner of Hudson and Wabash avenues. The house is a two-story structure, plainly but neatly furnished. In the parlor, wide open, stands the piano on which the girl used to play and which was the means of first bringing her into association with the man who is now suspected of her murder. The family consists of the father, mother, three sons, and a daughter who is younger than Carrie.

Ordered Miller from House.

"Carrie has been one of the comforts of our old age," said the father. "A few years ago her mother was taken ill, and since that time has not been able to do much about the house. Carrie has been the housekeeper. She was always quiet and domestic. She had no men friends that I know of. Miller began giving her lessons on the piano about five years ago. She was fond of music, and that way Miller began to visit the house. Carrie was a member of the Maccabees and of the Daughters of Rebekah, and was the organist of the two lodges. Miller also belonged to several secret societies, and in this way they formerly met often. Miller has not been around the house much for the last year."

Jennett admitted it was due to him that the visits of the music teacher were discontinued. He had forbidden the man the house. The frequency of his visits and the terms of intimacy on which Carrie and Miller appear to be had excited comment among their friends and neighbors. However, the paternal warning was not enough to keep Miller away.

RAILWAY MEN MEET HERE "TO DISCUSS INVESTMENTS."

President Fish of Illinois Central, Former President Perkins of the "Q," and Others in Conference.

Two railroad Presidents, one former railroad President, and Frank Rockefeller were at the Auditorium Annex yesterday. Two were there for a conference. They disclaimed knowledge that the other two were in the same hotel.

Stuyvesant Fish of the Illinois Central and E. C. Perkins, former President of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, met for a conference over investments.

"Grand opera" was the cause assigned by Mr. Perkins for the gathering.

"Investments" was what Mr. Fish said.

President A. B. Stickney of the Chicago Great Western was the other railroad man. Mr. Rockefeller left early in the afternoon.

Rumors of a railroad deal were spread as soon as the three railroad men had registered. Representatives of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy were with President Fish and ex-President Perkins last night in Mr. Perkins' rooms at the Annex.

What Mr. Fish had to say was:

"I am here to see Mr. Perkins concerning an investment which he is about to make. What it is I am not at liberty to discuss, and I do not think he cares to have it known."

It is known that stock held by James Stillman of New York was the subject of conversation. It was assumed that Mr. Fish was endeavoring to persuade Mr. Perkins to resume his interest in railroad investments.

NEW CITY OFFICER FOUND: AIDS "BLIND BILLY" KENT.

Appropriation Bill Reveals a Sum of $450 for Assistant Sergeant at Arms —Messenger Who Leads Alderman.

Alderman "Blind Billy" Kent is favored above all other members of the City Council in the appropriation bill for the year. While his fellow-members only draw $1,500 a year as salary, he gets the equivalent of $1,950.

An inspection of the bill yesterday showed an item of $450 for the pay of "an Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms of the Council." The office was a novel one, and nobody seemed to know exactly who held the place or what his duties were.

Inquiry of members of the Finance committee, however, gave the facts. The "Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms" is the messenger who leads the blind Alderman around, and the item in the bill is to provide for his pay for this work.

Some years ago Kent secured an item of $900 in the appropriation bill for a similar purpose, but it was vetoed.

Jail Delivery at Rockford Stopped.

Rockford, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—Prisoners in the county jail, led by James Burdick, who is charged with a series of burglaries, were discovered in an attempt to escape this afternoon. Saws had been obtained from an outside source and the bars of a window nearly cut through.

The best fountain pen is a "Kob-I-Noor" Copying Ink pencil.

BUILDING STRIKE TO BEGIN TODAY.

Working Agreement of Last Year Repudiated by the Hod Carriers.

UPROAR MARKS MEETING.

Business Agent Lilien Accuses Members of Breaking Faith and Resigns.

MAY INVOLVE 6,000 MEN.

With policemen guarding the doors, with fist fights on the floor of the hall, and with no argument save force and numbers, the rank and file of the Hod-Carriers and Building Laborers' union, Local No. 4, representing 1,600 men, ordered a strike last night on all the buildings they are helping to construct. Today they will call a joint meeting of the three other locals of the union and ask them to go out. This, in all probability, will take place, and the strike will involve over 6,000 men.

Business Agent Herman Lilien, President John Golden, and Secretary Timothy Keating tried in vain to prevent a strike. When he found it impossible, Lilien, who for six years has been the head of the union, resigned rather than see broken the agreement made with the employers in good faith. His action created a tumult, and several policemen hurried to 187 Washington street, where the meeting was held, to keep order.

Demands of the Men.

The men want 30 cents an hour. Their agreement is for 25 cents until June 1, and 28 cents from that date until June 1, 1903, when it becomes 30 cents until June 1, 1905. This agreement was signed by the officers late in March of this year, and at that time the men thought it the best agreement yet obtained by any similar organization in the country. Two weeks ago the plasterers' hod-carriers obtained a rate of 35 cents an hour, and since then the other locals have been in revolt, first against the officers who signed the agreement and then against the agreement itself.

Within the last week the men, without the sanction of any of the leaders, have been leaving their work. On Wednesday they tied up the Rock Island depot building. Yesterday they left the Auditorium Annex, an apartment building in West Twelfth and Brown streets, a business block at Canal and Harrison streets, and the old Richardson carpet-house at Congress street and Wabash avenue. In each case they offered to return to work if 30 cents an hour was given them.

Business Agent Lilien Resigns.

Business Agent Lilien promptly disowned the action and pleaded with them, but the men refused to listen to him. They told him the agreement was signed by fraud, and demanded 30 cents immediately. So critical became the situation, over 800 men having left their places, that a meeting of the union was called for last night, and then the storm broke.

When the meeting came to order the hall was crowded. Over forty men were standing. The opening passed off quietly, and when Lilien rose to speak he was greeted with applause.

"You have broken what we made in good faith," he began, "and I, as a fair and honest man, cannot become a party to it. I have been your leader for six years. I was elected your business agent when you had but 200 members and were getting but $1.25 a day for ten hours' work. Now you are getting 25 cents an hour for forty-four hours a week, and on June 1 you will be getting 28 cents. Yet you have thrown aside all this and broke faith; you have ruined my reputation, and are trying to ruin that of your union. This I cannot stand, and I offer my resignation."

Groans and yells of anger greeted his remarks and interrupted him.

"I move to accept the resignation," shouted Denis Callahan, an opponent of Lilien's.

Fight Starts an Uproar.

No sooner had he done this than one of Lilien's friends jumped to his feet and a fight began. The hall was in a turmoil, and so loud were the yells that they attracted the attention of policemen passing out of the Central Detail Station. Several walked into the building and started for the hall.

News of this was carried to the hod carriers, and the fight stopped. One of the policemen remained at the door until assured that there would be no more trouble. A vote was taken on Lilien's resignation, and it was accepted. Lilien and Secretary Keating then left the hall. Soon afterward Recording Secretary Timmons left, and the men ran the meeting to suit themselves. The hotheaded members moved for a general strike, and with a hurrah it was ordered. Then a call for a meeting of all the locals was decided upon, with the idea of calling a general strike.

Says Agents Were Bought.

"The union has got the 'bosses' where it wants them," said H. Gibbons, one of the leaders of the revolt. "Our business agents and representatives were bought when they made that agreement. We never had a chance to vote on it. We did not want it, and we will not have it. We will tie up every building in Chicago before we accept it. Lilien is all right. He made us what we are, but he has no right to stand between us and two cents an hour, and he knows it."

"The Tribune" will move into its new building May 1, 1902.

Ye Corner for Ye Cook.

A sensible dinner for today could consist of vegetable soup, salmon steak, egg sauce, mashed potatoes, canned beets, string bean salad, cheese, wafers, and coffee.

Scalloped onions—Cut boiled onions in quarters; put them in a buttered baking dish; pour over a white sauce; spread over buttered crumbs and bake till crumbs are brown.

If you desire fritters to tempt the most exacting taste take three eggs, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, pint sour milk, teaspoonful soda, pinch of salt, and flour enough to make a stiff batter. Beat this well, drop in hot lard, and roll in powdered sugar.

Do you want a good recipe for graham wafers? If so, mix thoroughly two cupfuls of white flour, two cupfuls of graham flour, and one-third of a cup of butter, melted, one-third cup of sugar, a pinch of salt, and cold water enough to make a stiff dough; roll very thin on a floured board, cut in squares, and bake in a thin oven.

Fried sprouts—Boil one pound of sprouts for a quarter of an hour, taking care that they are a good color and not broken. Strain and dry on a clean cloth. Dissolve half an ounce of dripping in a frying pan and shake the sprouts in it over a clear fire for two or three minutes. Season lightly with pepper and salt and serve hot.

The best way to make cold cream is to soak half a box of gelatine in half a cup of cold water half an hour; put three cupfuls of milk in the double boiler; when it is hot add the soaked gelatine and stir until dissolved; strain, remove from the fire and stand aside until cold; when cold add one cup of sugar and the juice and rind of one lemon; mix thoroughly; turn into a mold and stand in a cool place to stiffen.

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Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1902.

Kipling on Rhodes.

Kipling's poem on Rhodes is a bitter disappointment. The occasion should have evoked something great from Kipling, for Rhodes was his ideal man—a powerful, ruthless, clear-headed, and successful seeker after a huger empire for Great Britain. The two men were also close personal friends. The only striking phrase in the whole poem is that which speaks of the dead man's greater greatness than those ordained by the "mere Fates." In general, the lines are either hyperbolical, untrue, or ordinary. Sonorous phrases like the "granite of the ancient North" are meaningless. It is a pity that Kipling did not rise to this occasion, for it is as great a one as he may ever have, and he has always hitherto been known as a remarkable occasional poet.

A Blundering Parsimony.

Inexplicably enough, the new consular bill provides that the salary of the United States Consul at Odessa shall be reduced from $2,500 to $2,000. Odessa is one of the chief ports of entry for American goods into the Russian Empire, and is also a characteristic example of a consular station where the Consul's salary has not been adequate to the arduous duties he is called on to perform. Why the salary has been reduced in the bill, unless it is the personal spite work of some member of the committee against Mr. Heenan, is incomprehensible. Secretary Hay has written a vigorous letter to Speaker Henderson, suggesting that instead of being cut down the salary of the Odessa Consul should be raised to $3,000. The Secretary is right. Such errors of parsimony impair the efficiency of the service.

High Prices for Cotton.

The price of cotton promises to be high this summer. Indications are that the crop will be uncommonly light, since reports both from plantations and the smaller Southern interior towns, where much of the cotton is of necessity concentrated prior to its transmission to distributing centers, tell of a light yield. New Orleans estimates at present are for an aggregate of 10,500,000 bales. The staple has almost reached nine cents in New Orleans, and owing to a lively export demand and to a heavy American manufacturers' demand it would seem probable that the limit has not yet been reached. High prices for cotton mean prosperity in the South and peace to some extent among the political agitators. With the development of manufactures and better prices for the chief staple of the South there should be some improvement in social conditions among the poorer classes.

The Deadly Trolley in Russia.

Americans will soon electricalize and electrify Russia. Concessions valued at over $200,000,000 have been granted to a syndicate composed entirely of Americans to rebuild 315 miles of surface lines in St. Petersburg, Moscow, and smaller cities and to install the overhead trolley wires. Hitherto, even in St. Petersburg, horses have been the motive power, and they have proved eminently unsatisfactory in the snow. In addition to the rebuilding of old lines, the syndicate will put in much new mileage. Murray A. Verner and H. Sellers McKee are two of the largest stockholders in the syndicate. Such a move as this, together with Mr. Yerkes' doings in London, seems to indicate that American surface road pioneers consider either that the American oyster has been opened so long that it has lost its freshness, or that municipal ownership is the tendency of the age, and that it is better for them to walk out than to be forced out.

THE SHIP SUBSIDY PERIL.

Fear is felt and expressed by Illinois Republicans that the Democrats will carry the State in the fall elections, elect a majority of the Congressional delegates and of the State Legislature, and choose a Democratic United States Senator. In an off year the pendulum usually swings back. The State administration is unpopular. The Republican Senate in the ship subsidy bill has furnished an excellent piece of campaign material to the Democratic "spellbinders." The fear of the Republicans that the Democrats will prevail has a reasonable basis.

The best issue furnished Democratic orators for six years is the ship subsidy bill. Even though it may lie dormant during this session, the orators can remark, with plausibility and, perhaps, with truth, that the sleeper will wake as soon as the fall elections are out of the way. In analyzing the bill, the orators can demonstrate that it will not help any of the Central States, but only those parts of Pennsylvania which already prosper and need no help. With such arguments the Democrats are apt to make headway.

Fortunately, six of the more prominent Republican Senators, including Allison and Spooner, voted against the bill. By reference to that fact the Republicans of Illinois can immensely strengthen their position with the voters. Republicans can adopt resolutions in their Congressional conventions instructing Congressmen to oppose the bill. They can adopt resolutions in their Senatorial conventions instructing State legislative nominees to vote for a United States Senator who will be against it or anything like it.

Allison, Spooner, Proctor, Quarles, Dolliver, and Dillingham have made it possible for the Republicans of Illinois or any other State to adopt such a course without being accused of a breach of party discipline. If the Republicans of the doubtful central States adopt such a course they will strike from the Democratic hands their strongest weapon and make them fall back again on tariff, free silver, and the Philippines, on each of which they have been badly beaten and may be again.

The subsidy bill is a brand new issue. It is a "live wire." Let the Democrats make that the main question in the campaign, which, of course, the quicker-witted ones will try to do if they have the chance, and they will have the logic of the situation overwhelmingly on their side.

"HARMONY" CANDIDATE FOR SENATE.

The Senatorial campaign has developed far enough to show that no candidate is as yet assured of a majority of votes in the Legislature. The election of any candidate who has been named up to the present time will be regarded as the triumph of one of the factions of the party. There is a good deal of talking now in Chicago and Cook County about "harmony" candidates and "harmony" tickets. The Hyde Park Republicans are to have a "harmony" banquet at the Victoria Hotel this evening. There is a disposition on the part of sensible Republicans representing both factions in and out of Cook County to get together on some basis of fair representation all the elements in the party, having due regard for the rights and prejudices of each other, and not requiring from any faction complete surrender, the abdication of any of its rights, or the acceptance of candidates who are particularly objectionable to it.

Now, if "harmony" is to be the watchword of the hour, if the purpose really is to nominate men for office who will be acceptable to all elements, why not unite upon Mr. Hitt as the candidate for the United States Senate? Mr. Hitt's qualifications are undisputed. His diplomatic experience, his services in the House of Representatives, his standing as a citizen and a public man are preëminent. No man in Washington has the confidence of his colleagues to a greater extent than he. No man is better authority on questions of foreign relations, questions with which the Senate, in particular, has to deal, than Mr. Hitt. He is acceptable to the President of the United States, and he is acceptable to that element in the party—if there is such an element—which is inclined to oppose the President.

Mr. Hitt is a man of gracious personality—one who makes friends everywhere, and who makes no enemies. He is conciliatory in his disposition. He is not identified with any faction of the Republican party. He is neither a Yates man nor an anti-Yates man—a Lorimer man nor an anti-Lorimer man. He has the confidence and support of men representing the State administration, and of men who are opposed to it. He will not probably be a candidate in such a way as to antagonize the State or county organization. Unless his candidacy shall be reasonably acceptable to all elements in the party it will not be urged.

What is the use of everlasting bickering, recrimination, and fighting within the ranks? Why might not Republicans reserve their energies for onslaught upon the common foe instead of constantly fighting with each other? There are a number of ambitious young men in the Republican party who may wish to be candidates for the United States Senate a few years from now. They are at present willing to tarry in Jericho until their beards be grown, but they are not willing to have the Senatorship mortgaged for eighteen or twenty-four years in advance to any of the candidates who have yet been named. Mr. Hitt probably would not expect to serve more than one term in the Senate, at the expiration of which he would presumably make way for one of the ambitious young fellows who are now hustling to the front, and all of whom are anxious to have their claims canvassed at the proper time.

Would it not be a graceful and handsome thing for Illinois to do to put Robert R. Hitt in the United States Senate for one term, and in that way crown his public career in a fitting manner? He deserves well of the State. He has reflected honor upon it. Wherever he may serve the State he will reflect upon it nothing but honor.

"SURPLUS MEN" IN DRAINAGE WORK.

The men who are kept on the pay rolls of the Sanitary District when there is no work for them to do are spoken of by President Smyth as "surplus men." This is a more refined designation than "pay roll barnacles" or "parasites." In the newspaper accounts of the Drainage board meeting, printed in yesterday's papers, Chief Engineer Randolph was reported as saying he had two or three "surplus men" in his department, and as giving the following reason for their being there:

> You know that when you went to Springfield you had to put men to work. Some were good and some were bad. The men selected by the trustees are not ordinarily chosen according to their fitness.

In an interview with Mr. Randolph in an evening paper he says all his employés are engaged on important duty all the time and expresses wonder at the "misleading statement" which appeared in the morning papers. Assuming that there are no "surplus men" in the engineering department, are there in other departments men put there and kept there for improper reasons? It has been the policy of the ruling element in the board to buy legislation with offices. Trustee Webb admits it has been. Said he:

> Of course, there is a practical side to this. We, as practical men, ought to understand this. If the board goes to the Legislature and secures favors no practical man would object to some sort of a return, provided the employés so obtained performed their daily work satisfactorily.

If the "practical man" in office can see nothing wrong, dishonorable, dishonest in a bargain and sale arrangement by which in return for legislative favors offices are placed at the disposal of members of the Legislature or the bosses who own members of the Legislature, the voters will consult their interests by ceasing to elect "practical men" to manage their affairs. There are no "favors" the board should ask of the Legislature. If there is a need of legislation for desirable purposes the board can go to the Legislature with a reasonable assurance that it will obtain the legislation without having to pay for it in patronage or in any other way. When the board asks for legislation which is in the interest of its members and not of the taxpayers the case is different. That legislation may indeed fail of passage unless there is a liberal use of patronage to get votes.

Trustee Webb has made public the policy of the board. He should now go into details. The public would like to know what the "favors" were the Legislature granted, who were the employés appointed in return for these "favors," and who were the members of the Legislature or proprietors of members of the Legislature who designated the employés. The public wishes to know also what has been the cost in money of this system of swapping offices for legislative "favors." How much has been paid first and last to "surplus men" who would not be on the pay rolls if the members of the Drainage board were not "practical men."

Chicagoans have succeeded in getting rid of the township governments with their abuses. It is time for them now to take in hand the Drainage board and abolish it if they cannot purify it.

NO NEED OF BAR PRIMARIES.

The Bar association wishes the lawyers of Chicago to designate to the conventions of the two political parties the men whom the lawyers or a majority of them wish to have nominated for the Judgeships to be filled in the fall. Voting at the primary is not to be limited to members of the Bar association, who are a minority of the holders of lawyers' licenses. It is to be open to all men who have licenses, whether they are of good or ill repute, and whether they are actually or only nominally lawyers. The nominal lawyers outnumber the lawyers engaged in serious legal work in Chicago.

The expediency of throwing open the primary to all licensed lawyers is a matter for the Bar association to determine. It is expedient for the lawyers, be they few or many, to seek to lead where they should be content to follow. The question as to who are the fit men to put on the bench is not so exclusively a lawyers' question as to make it advisable for the lawyers to take the initiative and to recommend to the political organizations the men they should nominate.

There is a more politic course. It is one which will not arouse the antagonism of the two parties and will not provoke suspicion that the primary is to be held not so much to get the honest, unbiased judgment of the bar as to enable ambitious, wire-pulling lawyers to secure an indorsement by the bar. It will be more expedient for the Bar association to remain passive until the nominating conventions shall be held and the names of Republican and Democratic judicial candidates shall be submitted to the voters.

Then it will be proper for the Bar association to examine the lists of candidates and express preferences. If it shall be the opinion of the lawyers that any of the candidates are unfit it will be their privilege so to inform the public. The voters do not relish dictation. They do not care to be told by any body of men that they ought to take candidates it selects, but they are always ready to hear the reasons why candidates should not be elected.

The Bar association should be ready to take a more humble part than the one it has assigned itself. It should be content with being the critic of the nominations of others rather than the quasi-dictator of nominations. As a critic it can do good and acceptable work.

WORK FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN.

The destruction of the brown tail moth, an insect even more destructive than the gypsy moth to trees, shrubs, and plants, has become a matter of serious import in eastern Massachusetts. As one active agency of destruction the Board of Trade of Lynn, imitating the example of Rochester, N. Y., where the same plan was adopted with excellent results last year, offered prizes to the school children of the city for the largest number of cocoons of all injurious insects collected.

The work of gathering and counting these cocoons closed on the 2d of April. The school children, meanwhile, entered upon the work with zeal and the competition was intense. Each boy kept the results of his work to himself and as the girls caught the contagion each boy soon had a helper, who, though she couldn't climb a tree, had sharp eyes and could locate cocoons for her companion. The teachers also spurred on the youngsters and burned the cocoons after counting. At the final round-up it was found that 671,960 cocoons had been collected and five boys were made happy with handsome money prizes. It did not even lessen their happiness that the money awarded them will go to the adornment of their schools, leaving them the credit alone.

By the children's zeal and industry the trees and plants in Lynn will largely be preserved from the ravages of the moths. The boys also have had a good time. All boys are naturally destructive. It was a happy thought to turn their destructive tendencies into a channel where they would be of great public advantage. Unconsciously perhaps these boys have also absorbed in a small way the idea of public spirit. Perhaps there are other peculiarities of the small boy usually considered undesirable which might be utilized for the benefit of the public.

THE POSTOFFICE DELAY.

The Washington Post does not sympathize with the complaints of Chicagoans over the delays in the construction of the government building. It says, at the suggestion perhaps of the Supervising Architect's office, that the demolition of the old government building and the delay in the construction of the new one are "chargeable directly to Chicago influence in opposition to the policy of the office of Supervising Architect of the Treasury."

The Post says the old building, which was torn down so it might not fall down—

> Was erected on a site which had been carefully inspected and emphatically condemned by the Supervising Architect's office. It was condemned because at one corner, or one side, it was found impossible to reach a safe foundation. That condemnation was set aside, and the building was put up where it could not stand because the pressure of Chicago influence—a persistent, overwhelming pressure—induced the Secretary of the Treasury to overrule the office of the Supervising Architect.

This is about correct. Although it became apparent soon after construction began that the foundations were insufficient and the work ought to be done over again, many influential Chicagoans opposed this, fearing that it would be impossible to get from Congress the larger appropriation which would be needed if what had been done was undone and a new start made.

The Post says also: "The story of the present building begins with Chicago's successful effort to take it out of control of the Supervising Architect and put it in charge of a special architect." The effort was made because Chicagoans wished a public building which might depart from the stereotyped plan in the Supervising Architect's office. They wished for their large, new public building something of originality. They desired a building handsome without and convenient within. It is not the custom of the Supervising Architect's office to erect such buildings.

The Chicagoans had their way. They got a special architect. He has given them a building with a handsome exterior, though it would have been handsomer had the plans not been altered in some respects. Internally the building will be superior to most public buildings. But according to the Post, when the Chicagoans got their special architect they put on their backs an Old Man of the Sea. It says: "The surest possible way to expedite construction is to intrust it to officials who have no temptation to nurse a job. Chicago insisted on taking another way."

Is this remark inspired by the jealousy of the Supervising Architect's office, which looks with disfavor on special architects who have their own ideas about buildings, or is it an accurate statement of the facts in the case? If the architect of the Chicago government building has been "nursing his job," the Secretary of the Treasury ought to whisper in his ear that he must cease "nursing" and betake himself to building.

A Trap for Jury Dodgers.

At its last session the New York Legislature passed a law directed against men who try to shirk their civic duties in the matter of jury service. At present, it is said, a great many men, anticipating a call for such service, protect themselves against it by failing to register. Their little scheme is perfectly successful. They appear on no official lists, and while other men sit in the jury box listening to testimony and to charges they are able to go about their own business and keep on making money. For the future this will be changed. A list will be made of those men who, though entitled to vote, have not registered. Their case will then be worse than that of the men who did register, for they will be called on for service first. A discrimination will be made against them, and they will be punished for their attempt to evade the obligations which their citizenship has laid upon them. On the face of it, the plan seems feasible as well as just. Men ought not to evade jury service, and when they try to do so it is probably not amiss to give them even a little bit more of it than they would have got otherwise. It may be doubted, however, if much can be done in this way. A similar law once operated in Chicago. It was a case of great expectations and small results. The men who had failed to register were found most of them to be without the right to register. They were for one reason or another incompetent or disqualified. In many instances they were aliens who had never become naturalized. They had lived here so long that everybody supposed that they must have taken out their papers. Everybody supposed incorrectly, however. They were still aliens, and it was not possible for them to discharge the duties of citizens. What was true in Chicago may be true in New York. The number of persons who will be caught by the law just enacted will probably be exceedingly small. The birds bagged will not be worth the powder and shot necessary to bring them down.

THE truth of the matter seems to be that the Hon. Bob Fitzsimmons has found out he does not want to fight.

DEVOTEES of outdoor pingpong may expect to hear it spoken of by the irreverent as baby tennis.

AMONG the things that make Poultney Bigelow so charming as a writer is his breezy—not to say windy—independence of facts.

PROBABLY the Lincoln Park elephant would turn up its long nose now at the beverage that made Milwaukee famous.

REMEMBER, "Hoch!" will not be the proper salutation when the other Prince comes.

IT is conceded generally that "marconigram" is too long a word. "Teslagram" would be shorter, but the probabilities of its adoption still seem exceedingly remote.

THE Washington Post has a half-column editorial pertaining to the long delay in the construction of the Chicago Postoffice Building, and doesn't once mention the billboard fence surrounding that building.

"SENATOR BILLY MASON," observes the New York Evening Sun, "says he has no doubt that he will receive a nomination for a second term. There is some doubt as to whether the Senate or the country at large will share his satisfaction." How can there be any doubt on that subject?

AS TO the appropriateness of the names of certain streets, perhaps somebody can explain why Fifth avenue was so named.

KANSAS CITY went Missouri by a large majority.

IN A MINOR KEY.

At the Opera.

"Is it not divine?" asked the maiden, turning her glorious dark eyes upon the young man at her side.

"Inexpressibly," he replied, with enthusiasm. "The genius of the composer, the imagination, the fire, the soul of music, as it were, and the passion of the artist who interprets all these, conspire to fill one's very being with—"

"Higginson's assorted candies! Chawkluts! An' bonbons!" broke in the monotonous voice of the boy in the aisle.

John Chinaman.

They reckon Ill who'd freeze me out.
When me they trip I use my wings.
Will I still come? Well, I should shout!
I'll take the back door route, by jings!

Handsomely Done.

Watts Eaton—"The fellow got your watch and pocketbook at the same time, did he? He must have been rather dextrous."

Yuma Surchmey—"More than that. He must have been ambidextrous."

Their Reason.

Mr. Upjohn—"Why do you women make so much fuss over your sewing circles and your aid societies?"

Mrs. Upjohn—"Because St. Paul says, 'Let your women keep silence in the churches,' and we've got to go somewhere to talk."

The Purist at Large.

The Waiter—"You'll find our calves' liver very fine."

The Professor—"I don't want so much as that. Bring me a portion of the liver of one calf."

Chattel.

"I want to know about this new pitcher you've signed," said the reporter, taking out his notebook.

"His name is Dropeurve," replied the baseball manager. "He comes from Demopolis, where he played several years in a strong local nine. His father is a well known——"

"I don't want his pedigree," interrupted the reporter. "Just tell me how much he sold for."

Uneasy About Them.

Neighbor—"Donald, how are your cousins getting along that went out West a few years ago?"

Donald (aged 5)—"I don't know, ma'am. We haven't heard from them for a long time, and we're afraid they've gone to heaven."

Pardonable Vanity.

Caller—"I see you've had a fence built around your back yard, but you haven't painted it yet."

Mrs. Subbub—"No, I thought we'd let it go unpainted for awhile, so everybody can see it's a new fence."

PERSONAL.

"Isn't it great!" said the President at Charleston.

The Southerners were glad to see Mrs. Roosevelt, too.

Oom Paul is not in the limelight on the world's stage these days.

D. B. Hill is said to be busy picking a candidate for 1904. This is news, indeed.

France is asserting herself. President Loubet's life has been threatened again.

Mayor Low is endeavoring to figure out where he is at in the liquor law enforcement business.

Senator Cullom does not exactly like all the provisions in the proposed Chinese exclusion bill.

J. Pierpont Morgan has been promoted from captain of industry to commercial commander-in-chief.

Count Boni de Castellane is running again for Deputy in France. Strange to say, he has a walkover.

G. W. Bradley is the oldest living confederate, being 93 years of age. He will attend the Dallas reunion.

Cause for Worry.

The pension attorneys are worried by the prospect that if they lose H. Clay Evans they will get somebody "equally as good."—Philadelphia Ledger.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

KENWOOD SPRING SONG.

[In Kenwood lilac bushes bear pink and white paper roses.]

When roses grow on lilac trees,
And ponds and pools forget to freeze,
When twittering birds, with songs do please,
Then spring is here.

Next year, mayhap, the flowers may grow
In garden beds all filled with snow,
Such freaks of nature we may know,
When spring is here.

Blue violets may shoot from weeds,
Which gay young men can pick, in tweeds,
And buttercups, from apple seeds
Will come in spring.

Will peonies from pea pods blow,
And orchids bright from cabbage glow,
And wall flowers from the stone walls grow,
When spring appears?

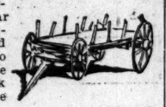
Then hollyhocks*, in hedge-like rows,
All covered with red berry bows,
May pounce on hen and chick†, that rose
In early spring.

*Hawks. †Weed.

'LIGE DOWIE has promised the Zion faithful that he will pull off a chariot ascension on the Fourth of July, just to show that he has Santos-Dumont beat to a custard.

CAN the story be true that Mr. Roosevelt intends to throw Colonel Watterson down and fasten an office on him?

PUZZLE: FIND DORSEY.



George Lookingland, our popular drayman, took a holiday Saturday and hied himself away to Morrison to spend the day. Dorsey Buck had charge of the dray for that day.—Franklin Grove Reporter.

A PITTSBURG firm advertises 40 smoked iron beds, 30 smoked couches, 17 smoked wardrobes, 16 smoked ranges, and 15 smoked cooking stoves. There's a delicatessen layout.

THE next time Mr. Jasper Oglesby goes traveling a guardian should accompany him.

A STRONG BLUFF.

A partner of John Smith & Co.
One morning declared that he'd tho.
Person he spied
Dumping dirt on their side
Of the street. Therefore no one dared do.
SIR FRANCIS.

HERE'S A NEW ONE.

Miss Margaret Compton entertains for Miss Woodard at a parcel shower tomorrow afternoon.—Minneapolis (Minn.) Journal.

A WEEPY AUCTIONEER.

Ed Gifford has cried over thirty public sales since Jan. 1.—Clayton County (Ia.) Democrat.

MISS STONE writes that Major Pond is treating her humanely, and is, in fact, the most gentlemanly brigand that ever captured her.

FOR sale, one sword, slightly shopworn. Will dispose of it at a sacrifice. Address Jim Tillman, South Carolina.

LETTER TO MISS BEESWAX.

My Dear Miss Beeswax: I have read with much edification and delight your kindly advice to the forlorn in matrimony on the subject of urbane felicity, and will you kindly extend the same courtesy to me. My wife purchased some spruce to plant on her first husband's grave, and was to pay for it in case it grew, but in case it grew not, she was not; it grew some, then died, and therefore she is grew-some. Her aura vibrated in harmony with mine, 4-11-44, until this sad occurrence, but it is now 4-11-39, the equivalent of E flat, while I am in F sharp. If necessary, will you kindly refer this portion to the music editor, Mr. Criticus Flub Dubbe. We can both decombobulate, but on introspection it resembles a cracked bell. My step-mother, who is a disciple of Ellen Whaler Wheelwright, advocates hypnotism, and a certain individual not infrequently visits her when I am away under the direction of my step-mother-in-law; I am told he is as homely as a B. C. Egyptian mummy, and not as much ego as a mud carp in January, and unable to earn his salt. I have repeated the password for April, and tied a horseshoe magnet on her head over night, to which I have attached a dry battery, on which occasion she claims to have observed physical lights and a certain condition. Please advise which is right, who is crazy, or all three of us?

A CONSTANT READER.

[I pass. BEATRICE BEESWAX.]

"GONE, alas! like our youth, too soon," are the halcyon days of Bill Bryan, when Jimkay Jones was tracking the octopus to its lair, when Charlie Towne was talking through his silver-crowned hat, and when Jim Creelman and Willis Abbot were shaking dice to see which should be the President's private secretary. Now, alack! nothing doing, nothing doing!

WE haven't heard from the Appotus since it was organized.

HIGH or low dog tax was the issue in the election at Lecompton, Kas., and the "lows" won.

A MERGER.

WHY don't the Smith College girls adopt the Valkyrie yell? It beats anything now in fem. sem. use.

SOME people are not satisfied with being unable to enjoy grand opera. They like to brag about it.

THE RISE OF STROH, IND.

[Spoken by Miss Lillie Barr of the Indiana School of Thought at the concert in Stroh Christian Church.]

As we look back in the past century,
And the years we quickly scan
We see the wonderful inventions
That have been made by man.
From the eastern to the western coast,
In city and in town,
It seems the rumbling of the wheels
Say that man moves on and on.

Things that man had never dreamed of.
How quickly a message is sent
Across the great lakes and ocean
To the farthest continent.
Who would have thought
Some fifty or twenty years ago
On the banks of this little lake
There would be a town called Stroh.

We have men of principle, men of money,
Mr. Leonard is not so slow;
At least I've heard it mentioned
By the girls that live in Stroh.
Bennett is a thrifty farmer,
There is Spencer, Case, and Reed,
Mr. Hayward runs the grist mill
And supplies our every need.

[Concluded in our next.]

A LINE FROM SILVERMEAD.

"She drove herself in a Stanhope phaeton."

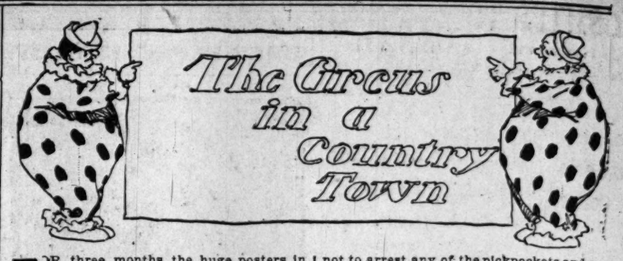
A MYSTIC.

A whimsical person of Trent
Spent the most of his life in a tent.
"Board houses," said he
"Are too wooden for me."
I leave you to guess what he meant.

THERE'S a new derrick turner on the market which can be "handled by one man with full lead." It must work while he sleeps.

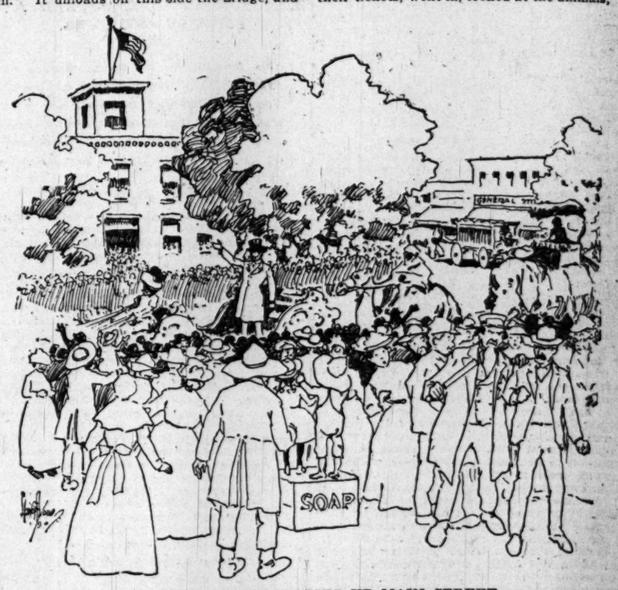
CHIEF MUSHAM will attend the performance of "Götterdämmerung" on Saturday night to witness the work of the Walhalla Volunteer Fire Department. The 4-11 alarm will be turned in at 12:45.

B. L. T.



FOR three months the huge posters in red and blue ink have occupied the most conspicuous positions all over town. There is the "Blood Sweating Behemoth of Holy Writ," with an open mouth six feet square; there is "Mme. Lisette, Gorgeous Queen of the Hoops of Fire," clad in pink tights, leaping through billows of flame; there is the "Unsurpassed, Unparalleled, and Unequaled Union of Unique and Mighty Monsters" leering out through bars of iron; there are a hundred other marvels, any one of which is enough to throw the small boys of the town into spasms of excitement.

When the first bill goes up they all begin to make plans for going to the circus. In divers ways they begin to get together the money needed for a ticket. They save rags and old iron; they cut lawns; they pick strawberries; they chop kindling and carry in wood. Every penny is saved. To the children of a country town the coming of a circus is the greatest possible incentive to industry and economy. This is a virtue which, strangely enough, the modest circus manager has been slow to claim. And then finally comes the parade—which is really better than the circus itself. The "show-lot" is always on the flats across the river at the other end of the Main street bridge. You get up at 5 o'clock in the morning and hurry down to see the circus "get in." It unloads on this side the bridge, and everything has to be taken across. The elephants test the bridge with their front feet and refuse to cross. They are taken down to sloping banks of the river and forced to wade in. Half way across with the water not quite up to their bellies they fill their trunks and give themselves and the men who ride them shower baths.



WHEN THE PARADE PASSES UP MAIN STREET.

Perhaps if the fates are kind you get a Heaven-sent chance to lead a spotted, black and white pony over the bridge. Then, after you have carried buckets of water until your back aches, you are given a ticket of admission to the show. That makes you an object of envy to all your fellows. You stay and watch the canvasmen drive their pegs, rig their poles, and build a canvas city while the ordinary man would be marking off the site. You see the animals fed and your eyes stick out like hard boiled eggs when a beautiful young woman with red cheeks and a short white lace dress is let into the cage with the lions.

Finally the crisis comes. From the far off Main street bridge a wild strain of unearthly music sweeps up the packed street. It is the steam calliope in action—an instrument which sounds like all the tug whistles on the river blowing at once. At the sound all the horses in hearing rear and plunge and their owners rush frantically out to wrestle with them. Meanwhile the town marshal is running down to the street to have the calliope turned off before the town is torn to pieces.

Far ahead of the rest of the procession ride two men in a shiny victoria, drawn by two white and two jet black horses, wearing silver mounted harness with yellow reins. One of the men is a quiet looking person in a modest suit of black clothes and a black slouch hat. He owns the show, but he cuts no figure in the eyes of the populace in comparison with the gorgeous and glittering individual who rides with him. This latter wears a red waistcoat with blue polka dots, white spats, shining patent leathers, and almost white frock coat and a tall silk hat, on which the sun plays in splendor. His ample paunch is crossed by an enormous gold chain, which meanders also once or twice around his neck. In his big red necktie shines a diamond greater and more brilliant than the Kohinoor.

Twice in each block as he proceeds in his triumphal progress up Main street, this glittering personage rises to his feet and lifts his silk hat, revealing a bald head as shining as his hat. He opens his mouth and out of it comes a voice like the blast of a trumpet.

"Come one! Come all!" he bellows. "On behalf of the management I am authorized to announce that immediately before the performance under the large canvas Mme. Lissette will perform the unparalleled and stupendous feat of dancing the skirt dance while suspended in midair on a slack rope stretched between the top of the wagon factory and the roof of the vinegar works. Entirely free, gratuitous, and complimentary. Without money and without price the gifted little lady will disport in midspace. Come one! Come all!"

Then he would make a bow and sit down, while the small boys gasped with awful admiration and envy.

Then you start on the dead run up Main street to get the seat in the second story window over Brown's grocery which has been reserved for you. Already Main street is packed with people. One row is sitting down on the curb, with their feet in the gutter. Behind them stand other rows reaching back to the front of the stores and then climbing to points of vantage on the tops of dry goods boxes. All the windows are full, anxious mothers clutching with nervous hands the waistbands of small children, who do their best to fall out into the crowds below whenever a stray strain of music comes floating up from the direction of the circus lot.

If you have earned a ticket or have an extra quarter in your pants' pockets you buy a big bag of peanuts, the shells of which you throw down from your high perch on to the heads of the people on the sidewalk. When the shells strike you turn your eyes away and look as unconscious as possible.

Now the town marshal emerges from the crowd on the other side of the street, dragging by the collar a young man who is denounced as "one of them city thugs." He starts down the center of the street with his prisoner, followed by a street full of excited farmers, to whom an arrest is as exciting as a declaration of war. It is the marshal's day to shine. He gets to within a block of the lockup, under the engine-house, when a farmer's team, frightened half to death by the unusual noise and by the swift approach of the crowd, breaks away from the hitching post at the curb, stand up on their hind legs, and start to paw holes in the atmosphere. Without stopping to think the marshal drops his hold on his prisoner and grabs the horses. The pickpocket slips away to safety, but the horses are stopped from running away.

Sometimes, but not so often as one might think, the town marshal and the Mayor have been "seen" by somebody, and in consideration of $50 apiece in hand paid have agreed not to arrest any of the pickpockets and confidence men who are part of the exhibition of some circuses.

A dozen times there are false alarms that the parade has started. Each time the crowd along Main street surges into the street, and up the street come the huge gilded cages full of cooking utensils and baggage, with tightly closed sides and big signs warning the crowds to "Beware, Dangerous." Up comes the den of lions, with the lady in pink tights sitting on a cracker box in the midst of them. Up comes the clown, riding on a little donkey that stops every fifty feet and kicks up solemnly, while the crowds roar with laughter. Up comes everything belonging to the circus that can walk or be moved on wheels. Then the last wagon swings round the corner and the crowd flows into the street behind it.

There is always the awful possibility that father won't let you go to the circus. Once there was a small boy in a country town who had got hold of 50 cents and wanted to go to the circus so badly that he fairly ached all over. But his father said: "No, I don't believe in going to too many circuses. You're too small to go alone, and I can't spare the time. You'll have to stay at home."

The small boy, desperate with disappointment, ran away and went to the circus with another youth in similar straits. They got their tickets, went in, looked at the animals, and then took their seats in the circus tent. Between the acts they looked around them. Presently the small boy, glancing up, saw his father sitting six rows higher up. At the same instant his father saw him. Neither of them gave any sign of recognition, and neither referred to the subject afterwards. Only by the fact that he was not taken out into the wood shed after he got home was the small boy certain that he had not been mistaken.

As a rule you didn't stay to "the grand vocal, instrumental, and terpsichorean concert in the main canvas immediately after the conclusion of the performance." It was supposed to be rather daring and venturesome to stay to the concert. Queer things were supposed to be said and done there. As a matter of fact the average concert was the tamest and mildest affair possible, but in the rural mind it was enough to make a man out as a "hot sport." To be a hardened concert-goer was almost disgraceful.

With the afternoon concert over there was still the evening performance to look forward to. Then the town relaxed back into its normal condition.

Jest Wants ter Know.

I ain't a-wishin' ter complain,
Or Providence ter doubt;
I only ax you, Mister Rain,
Is you gwine ter drown us out?

De lily fall down on his knees—
Can't hol' his po' head up;
En de browsin' honey-bees
Is drownded in his cup.

Hit's time fer summer sun to scorch
De green fiel's all erbout;
De sunflower des can't light his torch
Bekaze you put it out!

I ain't a-wishin' ter complain,
But—all de mo'ners shout:
"We wants ter ax yer, Mister Rain,
Is you gwine ter drown us out?"
—Atlanta Constitution.

Bubbles.

A train hand—the dressmaker.

Running in debt—the installment watch.

Sometimes the half back has a better half.

An idle jest—the one the humorist can't sell.

The printer doesn't want his wife to be a set type.

In the waltz some people are sure to get all turned around.

Do the footlights help a dancer to be light on her feet?

The landlady doesn't always know just where she is going to land.

A child who is "a bad egg" cannot easily be whipped into shape.

Even people who are wrapped up in themselves may get "undone."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Mo' Freehearted.

"I seen the devil once," said Brother Dickey.

"And how did he look?" some one asked.

"O, he looked purty much lak a white man in 'leckshun times, only he 'peared ter be a good deal mo' freehearted!"—Atlanta Constitution.

May Call Some Day.

"This," said the Captain to Tomas Estrada Palma, as his ship sailed by Cuba, "is the island of which you are President."

"Indeed," said Palma with interest, "I think I shall have to drop in there some day."—Memphis Commercial-Appeal.

Cecil Was Not Devout.

Rudyard Kipling's reference to Cecil Rhodes as "devout," even in memorial verses, seems a trifle beyond reason. Rhodes was anything but that, and, living, he would have resented the imputation.—Detroit Journal.

Disinfectant on the Side.

"Bluffenheim is giving away a lot of presents with that new cigar he is just putting on the market."

"One of them ought to be a can of disinfectant."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Hard Luck.

First tramp—"Have any luck around here?"

Second tramp—"Awful luck! Half de folks keeps dogs an' de udder half keeps woodpiles."—Judge.

White and Black.

Dorcas—"So you women had a meeting of the Equal Rights club today? What did you do?"

Mrs. Dorcas—"Drew the color line."—New York Sun.

They Might Be Popular.

When Schwab departs may we expect him to found a series of Monte Carlo steamships?—Syracuse Post-Standard.

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AIR SHIPS TO CROSS THE OCEAN

Santos-Dumont Expects to See Aerial Navigation on Commercial Basis.

ON HIS WAY TO ST. LOUIS.

Court Agrees to Restrain Faculty from Expelling Law Student for Lying.

GENERAL NEW YORK NEWS.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, April 10.

Santos-Dumont Predicts Transatlantic Airships.

"I expect within my lifetime," said Alberto Santos-Dumont, the young Brazilian airship inventor, as he stood on the deck of the incoming Deutschland today, "to see regular lines of transatlantic airships sailing between New York and Paris, and I hope that New York will be the great air port of the new world."

M. Santos-Dumont, who, by the way, says he prefers to be called plain Alberto Santos, has come to this country at the invitation of the St. Louis exhibition commissioners to arrange for the aerial races that are down as a part of the exhibition's program. He will remain in New York for a week or ten days and then go to St. Louis. M. Santos sails for Europe in three weeks, going to London to arrange for the coronation week airship prize contests.

He brought with him on the Deutschland the shaft and motor of his airship, the seventh and largest airship that he has built. The next of the aerial craft, which is of the same type as that with which M. Santos circled the Eiffel tower in Paris and sailed out over the Mediterranean at the Riviera, is coming on the French line steamer La Champagne, which is due next Sunday.

"If a sufficient prize is offered," said the young aeronaut, "I will contest for it with my airship during my present stay here. I do not care to mention any sum. I have conducted my experiments thus far alone and at my own expense. It cost me in France 20,000 francs merely to build the shed for the airship, and here I suppose it will cost still more. The airship I am bringing over is 160 feet over all, and is capable of carrying two or three persons.

"With what has been already demonstrated to be practicable it is certain that it only needs developments to result in the building of an airship capable of carrying a number of passengers, say eighteen or twenty, with entire safety.

"The airship which I have constructed is useful now only in war. But it will soon pass beyond that stage and come into commercial use. What I have done is to demonstrate that aerial vehicles can be steered at will in its flight, with or against the wind. It cannot now be navigated in a storm, but with the evolution of the principles and the construction of large craft will come greater power and greater safety.

"I regard the navigation of the air for commercial purposes as a certainty within a comparatively few years."

M. Santos has as traveling companion Emmanuel Aim of Paris, secretary of the French Aero club. He declared $1,000 worth of airship material to the customs officials, and was told that there would be no duty on the property, provided it was his intention to take it out of the country within six months.

Among the arrivals on the Deutschland today was Walter Gay, the American artist. Mr. Gay has maintained a studio in Paris for the last twenty-seven years, and several of his paintings adorn the walls of the Luxembourg, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and various other galleries. Mr. Gay comes over to get some suitable backgrounds for some pictures he has in mind.

Louis Goldstein was expelled from the law department of the New York University on April 2. He had written a letter to Miss Newmarck, one of the students, asking for an introduction. The letter was handed over by the young woman to the faculty. Through counsel Goldstein applied to Supreme Court Justice Mareau in Brooklyn today for an alternative writ of mandamus addressed to Clarence D. Ashley, dean of the law school, directing him to allow Goldstein, who had paid the regular fees, to enjoy all privileges of the law school.

Student to Prevent Expulsion by Injunction.

Counsel said that his client was summoned before the faculty and the signature to the letter was shown to him. He denied that it was his signature. He was then expelled for conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline.

"Unless something was in the contract against lying," said Justice Mareau, "lying was not a violation of a contract. He may lie as much as he chooses, if he does not offend against any duty he owes to the institution. The faculty has no right to question him as to whether he wrote the letter or not. There was nothing in it objectionable. I do not think, however, that the proper remedy is by mandamus, but by an action to restrain, and if counsel will prepare the papers in such an action I will give you a temporary injunction."

Papers will be prepared and presented to Justice Mareau tomorrow morning.

The $120,000,000 combination of hardware jobbers was the subject of much discussion in the commercial world today. At the office of the Iron Age it was said that the proposed consolidation would control about two-thirds of the hardware jobbing trade of the country.

Jobbers Conservative About Hardware Trust.

According to the information which the editors of the Iron Age have received from the promoters of the consolidation, there is no intention on the part of the consolidation to start manufactories of its own. The committee which the promoters hope to reorganize, it is said, are purely in the line of management. Nearly all of the great manufactories of hardware are located in the East. If the consolidation should attempt to exert too much pressure on the manufacturers for lower prices, or, failing in this, should undertake manufacture on an extensive scale in the West on its own account, a war between the two interests, it is said, would surely result. The manufacturers would then be forced to break the consolidation of the jobbers for their own protection.

The Iron Age, in its issue today, published telegrams from a number of leading hardware jobbers of the United States, setting forth their opinions upon the proposed consolidation. The tone of most of the telegrams was conservative, but many of the jobbers say they have no sympathy with the movement, and predict its failure.

District Attorney Jerome predicted tonight that unless the present excise law is repealed the reform administration is doomed to defeat and will land exactly where the Strong administration found itself four years ago. He added that the enforcement of this law during the administration's whole term would mean that New York would not see the return to power of a reform government before the dawn of another century.

Declares Excise Law Will Kill Low Administration.

These predictions were made in the course of a speech before the Men's club of the Judson Memorial in Washington Square. In one part of his address, referring to the idea some people shared that the Sunday drinkers were not altogether good citizens, he said:

"Some of them may not go to church. I don't go; I don't want to go. I don't blame them when you consider the milk diet they are fed upon."

Master Emerson MacMillan Stewart, grandson of Emerson MacMillan, the millionaire banker, made his début at a musical given by Edward Brigham at the MacMillan residence, 320 Riverside drive, today. He is only 7 years old. He played as a violin solo Hermann's "Petit Berceuse."

A block of granite weighing about 800 pounds fell this morning from the sixteenth story of the Astor Hotel, now being built at the corner of Fifty-fifth street and Fifth avenue, crashed through the skylight of the residence of James Everard at 697 Fifth avenue, smashed the stairway, and did damage which Mr. Everard estimates at more than $5,000. Helen O'Keefe, Mrs. Everard's maid, was slightly cut by flying bits of glass, but her injury was trivial. No one else was hurt.

Granite Block Crashes Into Residence.

The framework of the new hotel is finished twenty stories high, and today masons were at work placing the blocks of stone in place at the sixteenth floor. The stone which caused the damage was raised to its place by a derrick. How it slipped from the chains which held it none of the workmen can tell. The block crashed directly through the skylight, struck the stairs, and completely wrecked them from the fourth to the third story.

Considerable damage also was done to the walls near the stairway and the furnishings.

Police Commissioner Partridge this afternoon made a most remarkable and extended statement regarding the affairs of the police force, in which he acknowledges that Devery is still the dominant power in the department, and Captains and other officials still accept orders from him as Chief of Police. Should Devery be successful in securing reinstatement to the force, Commissioner Partridge says he will prefer charges against him and dismiss him. He has ample evidence, he says.

Partridge Says Devery Is Still Police Chief.

The commissioner says that he has compiled a list of those officers who have leagued themselves with Devery, and that they are under constant surveillance. Commissioner Partridge says:

"I am in the unenviable position of a commanding officer who fears to trust his subordinates. I dare not trust my Captains."

District Attorney Jerome promised today that those who believed that James McAuliffe, the anti-Glennon witness, was done to death in the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station, shall have the best facilities his office can give them to demonstrate their case. Mr. Jerome said that the picking out of Detective Sergeant James Kiernan as one of the two men who helped a battered and bloody man down the steps of the police station on the morning when McAuliffe was found dead, was the first definite opportunity for a judicial proceeding in the matter. But the actual value of that identification he believes to be so small that it is not visible to the naked eye.

Death of McAuliffe to Be Fully Inquired Into.

Mr. Jerome has promised to institute proceedings against John Doe, the slayer of James McAuliffe, before a magistrate, and to summon as witnesses Detective Kiernan, Policemen Reddy, Farquhar, Gilligan, and Radigan, and everybody else who knows anything about the circumstances surrounding McAuliffe's death.

These persons will all be required to tell under oath what they know. If at any future time it shall be shown that one or more of them has lied, the liar will be prosecuted for perjury.

It may be that the private counsel of some of the unofficial agencies which have been following the matter will appear at the John Doe hearings in place of District Attorney Jerome.

Pe Fashion Corner.

Black and white are being used for trimming on a blue satin foulard.

All sorts of spring flowers are painted upon the paper covers of boxes of writing paper.

Long sash ends of black tulle with knots half the length are effective on evening gowns.

Stickers in paper envelopes are made more effective by sprays of artificial flowers upon them.

Tennis rackets, each with a ball upon it, are the latest thing in hair brooches.

A lavender satin foulard shows the popularity of polka dots. There are full lower sleeves of the same and a broad collar of it to the frock.

One of the most delightful things to be seen in a frock is which white and broadcloth is a feature with the lace. The body of the skirt is of the latter, made over a white silk drop skirt, and the lower edge finished with the boardcloth.

An odd effect is given in a gown of flowered net, made over lavender. Where the net is not flounced over the lining no one would suspect the color, but where there is sufficient flouncing it to fall in folds it shows the pale tone giving a deepening effect which is very attractive.

Quite attractive is a linen shirt waist, one of the new coarse linens, in an attractive shade of pink, trimmed with bow knots of linen lace. There are many large applique knots, one at the top of the waist, which fastens in the back, the two at the waist proper, and two others set down at intervals, and finishing a little distance above the waist line. Two other bows are placed one on either sleeve at the wrist. Pink seems to be seen now in Egyptian designs, and is reported in fashions say that it will be popular due to the interest fashionable people take in Egypt.

NIECE OF J. G. BLAINE WEDS IN WASHINGTON.

MISS MAY GILLESPIE BLAINE.

Washington, D. C., April 10.—[Special.]—Miss May Gillespie Blaine, daughter of the late Robert Blaine and niece of the late James G. Blaine, was married to Mr. Charles Eppa Lipscomb of Virginia this evening at St. Peter's Church in the presence of a large party of friends. Among the guests were Mr. James G. Blaine, who came over from New York to be present; Mrs. Harriet Blaine Beale, who hurried back from Cuba for the same purpose; and General Coppinger and his two children.

YATES' HAND ON FARMERS

STATE INSTITUTE FALLS UNDER PATRONAGE BLIGHT.

Governor Hints at Political Favors in Return for Electing a Partisan Friend as Secretary of the Organization—Executive's Letter Produced at a Meeting to Prove His Meddling—Editors of Agricultural Papers Aroused by the Action.

That Governor Yates used the patronage of his office to secure the retention of A. B. Hostetter as Secretary of the Illinois Farmers' Institute was proved at a meeting of editors of agricultural papers held at the Palmer House yesterday.

It also was shown by the evidence of the Governor himself that his reason for interference was that Hostetter could be useful to him in the Carroll County primaries.

The matter was precipitated by the production of a letter written by the Governor to Henry Miner of Winchester, Ill., in which the recipient was asked to attempt to stop the opposition of A. P. Grout to the selection of Hostetter, and practically was empowered to offer to Grout's partner, Mr. Condit, a place on the St. Louis Fair commission as an incentive.

Letter from the Governor.

The letter to Mr. Miner is as follows:

March 25, 1902.—My Dear Sir: Can you do anything to induce A. P. Grout to assist A. B. Hostetter to retain his position as Secretary of the Illinois State Farmers' Institute? Hostetter is my friend, and will be an applicant for some position in case he loses this. He is influential in Carroll County, which is about to declare for me. I understand Grout wants his partner, Condit, appointed to the first vacancy on the St. Louis World's Fair commission. He ought not to oppose me. He made a statement criticising the administration at a recent meeting of the Illinois Farmers' Institute at Rockford. Hostetter thinks Grout is opposed to him because he, Hostetter, tried to prevent Grout and others from criticising me. How would it do to talk to Condit about this matter? Very truly yours,

RICHARD YATES.

Henry Miner, Winchester, Ill.

First Political Interference.

"It is the first time," said Mr. Grout last evening, "politics has ever invaded the Farmers' Institute. Hostetter was chosen Secretary some years ago, but his services were not satisfactory, and last year he was superseded and another man selected. He could not accept, however, and a couple of weeks ago, at a meeting at Champaign, it was agreed to offer the place to Frank Hall of Jacksonville, lately superseded as head of the Institution for the Blind, who would have made an ideal man for the place. Then the Governor interfered, as is conclusively proved by the letter to Mr. Miner, and, as a result, Hostetter was again chosen.

It was stated at the meeting yesterday the agricultural papers of the State would take the matter up and protest against the introduction of politics into what always had been a non-partisan institution, run solely for the benefit of the farmers of the State.

COUNTY DEMOCRACY AT WORK.

Subcommittees Authorized in the Ten Congressional Districts in Chicago for Organization.

Subcommittees for the ten Congressional districts in Chicago were authorized yesterday by the Committee on Political Action of the County Democracy. These subcommittees are to organize the Congressional districts with a view of electing delegates to the State convention, and thereby securing the election of the organization's candidates as members of the Democratic State committee. The subcommittees are:

First District—Jacob Richards, J. H. Brunjes.
Second District—John T. Keating, Ernst Hummel Jr.
Fifth District—Dennis J. McLaughlin, William McGovern.
Sixth District—John E. Owens, Charles A. Werner.
Seventh District—John S. Cuneo, D. H. McElroy.
Eighth District—Miles J. Devine, John Gazzolo.
Ninth District—James F. Bowers, Turner Ashby.
Tenth District—W. F. Quinlan, Richard J. Finn.

The committeemen from the Third and Fourth Districts will be chosen this evening.

The Quinn-Burke contest for control of the Twenty-first Ward primaries has already begun. Quinn is organizing a "house-to-house" canvass, while Burke is sending for the precinct workers who formerly have been with Quinn, and promising them all sorts of future rewards in the form of places at the County Building when the Democrats capture it, if they join him.

Name Candidate in Oregon.

Portland, Ore., April 10.—George E. Chamberlain of Portland was nominated tonight for Governor by the Democratic State convention.

"The Tribune" will move into its new building May 1, 1902.

Chicago Theater Diagram Book

Issued by Chicago and Northwestern Ry. Valuable book of reference, showing correct seat arrangement all theaters. Everybody should have a copy. Free on application at ticket office, 212 Clark street, or send four cents postage to W. B. Kniskern, 23 Fifth avenue, Chicago.

COUNTY INDORSES SHERMAN'S IDEAS

Resolutions Outlining Anti-Yates Platform Adopted at McDonough Convention.

CIVIL SERVICE IN STATE.

Declares Against Instructions for Senator in Convention and Political Assessments.

FIGHT NOT PERSONAL ONE.

Macomb, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—Lawrence Y. Sherman's official and political attitude in every particular was approved by the McDonough County convention today, and the delegates to the Senatorial convention were instructed to vote for his renomination. He was placed at the head of the delegation to the State convention, and he left here tonight with the knowledge that he has back of him every delegate from the Fourteenth Congressional District except half a dozen in Rock Island County.

In his speech to the convention this afternoon Sherman declared it was his intention to introduce in the Republican State convention a resolution demanding that the Legislature pass a State civil service law. He added: "It makes no difference to me personally if the resolution is carried or lost, but I serve notice right here to those who oppose such a measure that, if the convention votes down that resolution, I will be in the State convention of 1904 with the same resolution and it will be adopted."

This declaration was received with a wild cheer of approval.

Platform Keynote of Campaign.

The platform adopted by the McDonough County convention is the keynote of Sherman's campaign. It was carefully drafted by the Committee on Resolutions, for its members realized any declaration of principles set forth by the Republicans of this county would be accepted as Sherman's platform. The resolutions contain paragraphs deploring the deaths of William McKinley and John R. Tanner; they indorse President Roosevelt's administration and the official conduct of Senators Cullom and Mason; indorse the candidacies of Colonel Marsh for Congress, O. F. Berry for State Senator, and Everett Harding of Warren County for Representative; the present Republican State administration is indorsed, and all efforts that have been made by Governor Yates and the other executive officers of the State in the direction of right government are not only approved, but the convention pledged its support to their every such effort in the future.

There were no instructions for United States Senator, but the delegates are favorable to the candidacy of Charles G. Dawes.

Declares for Civil Service.

The Sherman platform, which it is believed here will be taken up by the Sherman-Dawes-Cullom-Reeves people as their campaign creed, declares for the Roosevelt brand of civil service, against levying political assessments on State employés; for a single Board of Control for the State charities; against a State convention indorsement of a candidate for United States Senator; and against the attempt on the part of the Executive department to interfere in the organization or control of the legislative department.

Yates Defeated in Clinton.

Carlyle, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—The anti-Yates faction won a decisive victory in the Clinton County convention held here today.

The Yates delegates wanted an indorsement, but they had to be content with frigid consolation. Resolutions were adopted deploring the death of President McKinley, and indorsing the records of Senators Cullom and Mason. W. F. Bundy was authorized to name his own delegates to the Senatorial convention.

The County Central committee reorganized by electing W. S. Louden of Trenton, who led the fight against Yates, as chairman.

Rees Chosen at Springfield.

Springfield, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—The Democrats of the Forty-fifth Senatorial District, composed of Sangamon and Morgan Counties, met here this afternoon and named a legislative ticket. Thomas Rees, business manager of the local Democratic newspaper, was given the Senatorial nomination. The Representatives were given to Morgan County, William S. Lurton and T. N. Biggers being the nominees.

Decides an Election Point.

Springfield, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—According to an opinion rendered by Attorney General Hamlin in the Wheeler-Hutton controversy at Auburn, local political parties are entitled to representation on Village Election boards.

Warner Named for Congress.

Decatur, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—The Republican convention of the new Nineteenth Congressional District met here today and nominated Vespasian Warner of De Witt County for Congress by acclamation.

The only resolution was one indorsing the national and State administration in general terms and warmly commending Colonel Warner and his record in Congress, calling special attention to the fact that he is now the only old soldier in the entire Congressional delegation from Illinois.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT THE Chicago Postoffice today, April 11, as follows:
For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Belgium, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.
For Cuba, 6 p. m.
For Alaska, 9 p. m.
For Jamaica, via Boston, 12 p. m.
For Hawaii, Japan, China, Corea, and Philippines, via San Francisco, 8 S. Hongkong Maru, 9 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., April 10.—Forecast:

For Illinois, Indiana, and Wisconsin—Fair and probably cooler Friday; Saturday fair, fresh west winds.

For Ohio—Increasing cloudiness, probably showers and cooler in north portion Friday, Saturday fair and cool, fresh to brisk southwest winds along the lake.

Place of observation. Time taken: April 10, 8 p. m.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather.
Abilene	60	82	N.W.	.10	Rain
Albany	42	44	W.	.20	Clo'dy
Alpena	46	58	S.E.	....	Clear
Atlanta	66	70	N.W.	....	Clear
Amarillo	42	60	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Battleford	38	42	N.W.	....	Fair
Bismarck	42	48	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Buffalo	42	42	S.	.12	Clo'dy
Boston	40	42	N.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Cairo	68	72	S.E.	....	Clear
Calgary	44	46	N.W.	....	Clear
Charlotte	64	70	N.W.	....	Clear
Cheyenne	46	50	N.W.	....	Clear
Chicago	62	68	W.	....	Clo'dy
Cincinnati	62	68	N.W.	....	Clear
Cleveland	58	58	S.W.	.02	Clear
Concordia	56	56	Calm	Tr.	Clear
Davenport	50	66	W.	Tr.	Rain
Denver	54	58	S.E.	....	Clear
Des Moines	54	66	N.W.	.12	Clear
Detroit	58	66	W.	....	Clear
Dodge	44	50	N.	.02	Clear
Dubuque	48	64	W.	....	Clo'dy
Duluth	40	42	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
El Paso	78	84	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Edmonton	42	46	N.W.	....	Clear
Galveston	68	70	S.E.	Tr.	Fair
Grand Haven	48	52	S.	....	Clo'dy
Green Bay	50	58	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Havre	46	50	N.	....	Clear
Helena	44	44	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Huron	40	56	N.W.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	62	66	W.	....	Clear
Jacksonville	72	76	N.W.	....	Clear
Kansas City	52	62	N.	....	Fair
Lander	46	48	S.	....	Clear
Little Rock	72	76	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Los Angeles	64	70	S.W.	....	Clear
Marquette	46	46	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Memphis	70	74	S.	....	Clear
Medicine Hat	44	46	N.W.	....	Clear
Milwaukee	52	54	W.	....	Clo'dy
Minnedosa	44	56	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Montgomery	70	76	W.	....	Clear
Montreal	34	40	N.E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Nashville	66	70	N.E.	....	Clear
New Orleans	68	70	S.E.	....	Clear

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

New York City	46	50	N.W.	.02	Clo'dy
Norfolk	54	58	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
North Platte	44	54	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Oklahoma	56	70	N.	.80	Rain
Omaha	56	58	N.W.	.08	Clear
Oswego	38	40	N.W.	Tr.	Rain
Palestine	70	76	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Parkersburg	58	62	W.	....	Clear
Philadelphia	50	54	N.W.	.08	Clear
Pittsburg	54	60	N.	.01	Clear
Pueblo	54	56	S.E.	....	Clear
Qu' Appelle	38	46	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Rapid City	40	46	N.	Tr.	Clear
San Antonio	66	80	S.E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
San Francisco	54	58	W.	....	Clear
St. Louis	66	70	S.E.	....	Clear
St. Paul	48	52	N.W.	....	Clear
Salt Lake City	48	50	N.W.	....	Clear
Ste. Marie	46	58	W.	....	Clear
Springfield, Ill.	64	68	W.	....	Clo'dy
Springfield, Mo.	62	68	N.	....	Clo'dy
Vicksburg	74	80	E.	....	Fair
Washington	52	56	N.W.	.04	Clo'dy
White River	48	60	Calm	....	Clear
Williston	42	48	N.W.	....	Clear
Winnipeg	40	50	N.W.	....	Clo'dy

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 46 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 50; 9 a. m., 56; 10 a. m., 60; 11 a. m., 62; 12 m., 65; 1 p. m., 66; 2 p. m., 67; 6 p m., 65. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.48; 6 p. m., 29.42.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THIS EVENING AT 6 O'CLOCK JENKIN Lloyd Jones will deliver a lecture on "Robert Browning" at the Lewis Institute, Robey and Madison-sts.

THE AUDITORIUM—Opera Season.
GRAND OPERA
Under the direction of MR. MAURICE GRAU.
TONIGHT AT 8 THE MAGIC FLUTE
AT REGULAR PRICES—Mmes. Sembrich, Fritzi Scheff, Seygard, Homer, Bridewell, Marylli, Bauermeister, Van Cauteren and Emma Eames. MM. Dippel, Campanari, Muhlmann, Reiss, Dufriche, Vanni and Edouard de Reszke. Conductor, Damrosch.
Tomorrow afternoon at 2, DOUBLE BILL, CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA — Mmes. Calve, Bauermeister, Bridewell. MM. Dufriche and Salignac. Followed by I' PAGLIACCI—Mme. Fritzi Scheff. MM. De Marchi, Declery, Reiss and Scotti. Conductor, Mohr.
Tomorrow evening at 7:30, Der Ring des Nibelungen, GOTTERDAMMERUNG—Mmes. Ternina, Ruess-Bolce, Fritzi Scheff, Bridewell and Schumann-Heink. MM. Von Bandrowski, Muhlmann and Edouard de Reszke. Conductor, Damrosch.
Sunday Evening, Apr. 13, at 8:30, Grand Sacred Concert, Rossini's STABAT MATER and Miscellaneous Program—Mmes. Gadski, Marylli and Schumann-Heink. MM. Dippel, Campanari and Bisphan. Entire chorus and orchestra. Conductor, Flon. Prices—50c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2.
Scale of prices: $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50. Boxes, $30. WEBER PIANO IS USED.

STUDEBAKER Mich. Blvd., Adj'g Auditorium.
TONIGHT AT 8:15 Matinee tomorrow, 2:15.
GEO. ADE'S MERRY MELODIOUS | The Only Light Opera in Town.
SULTAN OF SULU
5th Big Week—Company of 70—Seats 4 wks ahead
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MME. ODILON ..AND.. ADOLPH VON SONNENTHAL
Supported by the famous Irving Place Theater Company of New York, under the personal direction of Heinrich Conried.
Tonight, The Daughter of Fabricius. Sat. Mat. and Eve., Odilon and Sonnenthal. Fee Caprice.
POWERS'—April 14. Seat and Box Sale now open.
VIRGINIA HARNED
ALICE OF OLD VINCENNES.
Charles Frohman's Big Scenic Production.
Prices—50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

ILLINOIS Next Matinee Tomorrow, Sat'y.
Klaw & Erlanger's
TROUBADOURS IN THE
Liberty Belles
Pretty Belles and a Lot of Liberty.

BEARBORN STOCK COMPANY
LAST 3 TIMES
JULIUS CÆSAR
Next Week | SAG HARBOR

McVICKER'S—JACOB LITT, Lessee and Mgr.
The Safest Theater in the World—30 Exits.
LAST 3 TIMES
JIM BLUDSO
SEATS READY NOW FOR
THE CHAPERONS.
ENGAGEMENT OPENS SUNDAY.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2:15.
STUART ROBSON
as "BERTIE, THE LAMB," in
THE HENRIETTA.
GREAT NORTHERN | TONIGHT 25, 50, 75c | 25c Mat. SAT.
A ROMANCE OF SLEEPY HOLLOW.
THE DAIRY FARM
Next Week—"ARE YOU A BUFFALO?"

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A FEW OF OUR SPECIALS

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

1726. White, 6¾ x 2¾, $5. 0116. Pearl, also black, 6½ x 2½, $3. 2250. Pearl, also black, 5¼ x 2⅜, $3.
1257. Tan, also pearl, 5⅞ x 2¼, $4. 366. Tan, also pearl, 5⅝ x 2¼, $3.
1781. Black, 6 x 2⅛, 6 x 1⅞, 5¾ x 2, 5¾ x 1⅞, 5½ x 1⅞, 5½ x 1¾, 5¼ x 1⅝, $3 and $4.

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Doors open at 1:15 and 7:15 p. m. Twice daily until and including April 26.
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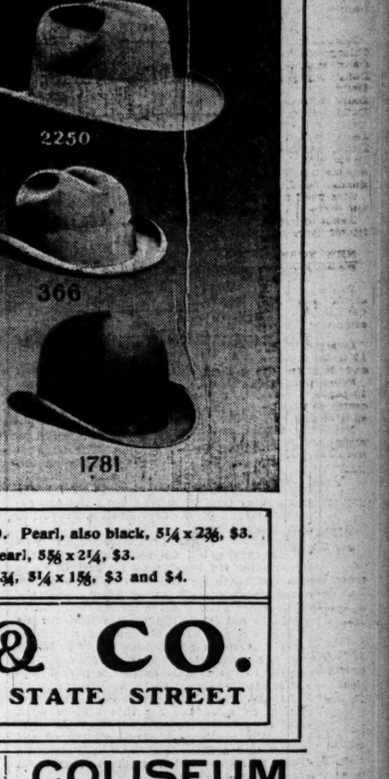

Organized and equipped on a scale of magnitude never before attempted. A menagerie of the world's rarest specimens of animal life, consisting the only giraffe known to science or research, and 1,000 other animal wonders. The biggest zoo in the world. A circus absolutely new, surprising with its novelties, edifying in its unique numbers, and bewildering in its immensity. NOT ONE OLD ACT. The circus and amphitheaters of Europe depleted of their arenic novelties to make this the greatest possible show ever organized. Troupe Dumitrescu, the Roumanian aerial wonders. The great Russian animal trainer, Paul Batty, with his comedy bear actors.
England's Paulinetti Bibb and his Juggling Seals. The Great European Holloway Trio. The Australian Family St. Leon, marvelous acrobats. Ethardo, the Parisian Contortion Phenomenon. A new show of Elephant Acts. The Grand Horse Ballet. The World's Famous Bare-back Riders. The High-School Equestrian Actors of Europe. In all more than 300 performers, presenting over 100 novel acts interspersed and enlivened by the comic capers of 40 funny clowns.
Tickets now on sale at Lyon & Healy's and Coliseum Box Office. 'Phone No. 792 South. Reserved Seats, 50c, 75c and $1. Box Seats, $1.50. Gallery, 25c.

HAYMARKET
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Minnie Seligman & Co. Lizzie B. Raymond.
Nellsen Sisters. Emonds, Emerson & Emonds.
Reichen's Great Dogs. 9—Faust Family—9.
Lawrence & Harrington. Geo. Yeoman.
Frank La Mondue. Mr. and Mrs. Deagon.
Bingham Brothers. Al Coleman.
Willard Reed. Kittie and Jimmy Pride.
Ashton & Wood. The Kinodrome.
PRICES—5, 10, 20 AND 25 CENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Mlle. Tortajada. 7—Picchiani Sisters—7.
Phroso, Mechanical Doll. Lew Hawkins.
Prevost & Prevost. Nugent & Fertig.
Mr. & Mrs. Jimmy Barry. Davis & Macauley.
Aerian Quartette. Lavender & Tomson.
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PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

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CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Ellnore Sisters & Co. Thorne & Carleton.
Burke, Moller & Teller. Lillian Burkhart & Co.
Chas. Leonard Fletcher. Wals & Ardelle.
Phyllis Allen. Manning & Du Crow.
Campbell & Phelps. Jimmy Dunn.
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Furlong & Knott. Ruth Nelta.
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PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

HOPKINS
HARRY LACY & CO., SAM MORRIS & CO., and 10 Big Specialty Acts.
Next Week | Burlesque and Extravaganza. "THE THOROUGHBREDS." 50—People—50

COLUMBUS Wabash and 19th. C. P. ELLIOTT, Mgr.
SOWING THE WIND.
Week April 13 | THE GREAT RUBY 6 ACT—24 SCENES. BALLOON GOES UP TWICE DAILY.

SOW VAUGHAN'S "CHICAGO PARKS" LAWN SEED
The best permanent Lawn mixture. Makes close, velvety turf. No foul seeds, no weeds. New crop and sure to grow. Write or call.
Per lb., 25c. 5 lbs., $1.00, 15 lbs., $2.75
Vaughan's Seeds 84 & 86 Randolph Catalogue free St.

LIMIT TO COST OF POSTAL TUBES

Bill Contains Stringent Provisions Against Fraud and Extravagance.

PASSED BY THE SENATE.

Chicago Business-Men Ask for Federal Regulation of Railroad Rates.

GOSSIP OF THE CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE }
Washington, D. C., April 10. }

In the postal appropriation bill, which passed the Senate this afternoon, authority is given the Postmaster General to make contracts for the pneumatic mail tube service. The bill carries an appropriation of $500,000 for this purpose, and the service will be installed in Chicago and St. Louis and one or two other Western cities and re-established in New York, Boston, Brooklyn, and Philadelphia.

Conditions of Construction of Postal Tubes.

According to the provision which was placed in the bill by Senator Mason, the Postmaster General is authorized to enter into contracts for this service for a period not exceeding four years, after public advertisement once a week for six consecutive weeks in not less than five newspapers, one of which is published in each city where the service is to be performed. It is provided that the contracts for this service are to be subject to the provisions of the postal laws and regulations relating to the letting of mail contracts. The Postmaster General is forbidden to advertise for this service until after a careful investigation has been made as to the needs and practicability of the service and a favorable report is submitted to him by a commission of not less than three expert postal officials.

No advertisement can be issued by the Postmaster General until in his judgment the needs of the postal service justify the expenditure involved. These advertisements must be couched in language best calculated to invite competitive bidding. Contracts will be awarded only to the lowest responsible bidder after he has given full and sufficient guaranties to the Postmaster General of his ability to perform satisfactory service. These guaranties must include a bond in double the amount of the bid. No contract can be entered into for pneumatic tube service which will create an annual expenditure in excess of 4 per cent of the gross postal revenues of the city where the service is to be installed. These contracts must not provide for the expenditure in excess of $17,000 per mile for the service. The Postmaster General is forbidden to enter into a contract prior to June 30, 1904, for an amount exceeding $800,000, and after that time he can make contracts only when provided for in the annual appropriation bills.

B. A. Eckhart, representing the Chicago Board of Trade and the Illinois Manufacturers' association, appeared before the House Interstate committee today and advocated legislation strengthening the powers of the Interstate Commerce commission. Mr. Eckhart called attention to the fact that the commission has been shorn of most of its powers by the courts and that it is almost a useless body. He also said the railroad companies discriminated against certain shippers and rebates were allowed to others. He told the committee the railroads made a cheaper rate on wheat from Chicago to New York for export than they did on flour. This, of course, was a great advantage to foreign millers and it had the effect of driving American flour out of the foreign market. He said the people he represented were selling flour abroad at a loss of five cents a barrel. They were doing this in order to hold their trade in the hope that the discriminations would cease. He made a plea for a bill on the lines of the one now pending before the committee. There is a strong sentiment among the members of the committee in favor of legislation which will strengthen the hands of the Interstate Commerce commission. The proposed law provides that if after an investigation has been made by the commission it has been found that a rate is unreasonable and a reasonable rate is fixed this rate will be effective until the question has been passed upon by the courts.

To Prevent Railroad Discrimination.

There is some question in the minds of the members of the committee as to whether the proposition to give the Interstate Commerce commission such power is constitutional, and whether or not it is not an encroachment upon the rights of the United States courts. It is asserted by the members of the committee that to give the commission the power to say what a rate should be and to enforce it before the question has been passed upon by the courts will be to give the commission judicial powers which belong exclusively to the courts. It is the belief of several members of the committee that if Congress should enact such a law the Supreme Court would decide it to be unconstitutional as soon as it was called upon to decide upon the legality of any rate fixed by the commission. The committee is now endeavoring to devise ways and means to increase the effectiveness of the commission without subjecting the proposed law to the probability of being declared unconstitutional. There is some doubt as to whether this will be possible at this session, but the members of the committee assert they will do everything in their power to report a bill which will be satisfactory and acceptable to a majority. The hearings will continue for some time. Those who favor this legislation are now being heard, but later the railroads will be given an opportunity to present their side of the case.

Hard to Find Constitutional Method.

Ye Spring Gardener's Corner.

The garden should represent and express individuality and personal tastes of the gardener. If you love color allow your fancy full play.

The man or woman who "makes garden" successfully is a veritable philanthropist, and should be rewarded by full appreciation. And the work, like virtue, is its own "exceeding rich reward."

Bring out from the cellar or basement the geraniums stored away there last autumn. Prune ruthlessly, repot, and stand in the sunny windows. By the time the geranium beds are ready they will be in fine condition to plant.

Do not forget the lovely amaryllis, the beautiful gladioli, the never failing begonia, when making out the lists for the coming season. Disappointments are rare in regard to any of these beauties, and there are many varieties of each.

Umbrella plants may be started from seed quite easily, with a little care. Do not attempt this, however, in a gas-heated house. Wait, in such case, until the seeds can be safely started outdoors. The rewarding success will be delightful.

Blue plants are fewer than those of any other color. But they serve admirably to set off white, yellow, and certain shades of pale pink and rose color. The sweet myosotis (forget-me-not), lobelia, blue delphinium, and tall larkspur are all good for contrast.

Aim to have plenty of pansies. They are free blossomers, may be kept blossoming all summer by feeding occasionally and cutting back straggling branches, and are universal favorites. Good pansies can be grown from seeds, but it is usually better to buy plants if quick results are desired.

Yellow is the best of all colors for a garden that lacks sunshine. It can be supplied plentifully from early spring until late autumn, beginning with daffodils and tulips, and ending with chrysanthemums. Marigolds, nasturtiums, coreopsis, primroses, sinnias, and yellow hollyhocks all produce good, varying shades.

Musk, lavender, and heliotrope may be depended upon for perfume. So, too, with spice pinks, certain verbenas, mignonette, and sweet alyssum. In beds, groups, masses, or scattered throughout the garden these sweet-scented darlings are delightful. Moderately good earth, liberal watering, and ordinary care will keep them charming.

MADE BREVET BRIGADIER FOR GALLANTRY.

COL. A. S. FROST.

Colonel Alfred S. Frost of Evanston has been appointed a Brevet Brigadier General by President Roosevelt and his name sent to the Senate for confirmation. Colonel Frost was commander of the First South Dakota Volunteers in the Philippines, and the appointment was made for distinguished gallantry in action at Manila on Feb. 5, 1899; near Calumpit, Luzon, on April 25, 1899; and at Marilon, Luzon, on March 27, 1899.

A favorable report was made by the House Pension committee today on the bill providing for a pension of $5,000 for Mrs. McKinley, widow of the late President. This measure has already been adopted by the Senate, and it will soon be passed by the House.

Cambon Guest at Legion of Honor Dinner.

M. Cambon, the French Ambassador, was the guest of honor at a large dinner given at the New Willard tonight by the men upon whom the French government has conferred the order of the Legion of Honor. M. Cambon was present with all the gentlemen of his staff. Among the other guests were Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador; Signor Mayor Des Planches, the Italian Ambassador; Mr. Constantin Brun, the Danish Minister; General Isaac Khan, the Persian Minister; Baron Moncheur, the Belgian Minister; all of the members of the Cabinet; Senator Cullom, the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, and Mr. Hitt, the chairman of the Foreign Affairs committee of the House. There are three women in America upon whom the decoration of the Legion of Honor has been conferred—Mrs. Daniel Manning of New York, Mrs. Potter Palmer of Chicago, and Mrs. Wentworth. Only Mrs. Manning was able to be present, assisting in receiving the guests, but retiring before the banquet. The dinner was served in the ballroom of the New Willard, and the hundred guests were seated about a crescent shaped table. The color scheme of decoration was in red, white, and blue. The menu cards, which served as souvenirs of the dinner, were in book form, and decorated with a vignette picture of Paris under Napoleon, who created the order of the Legion of Honor 100 years ago. The committee who had charge of the dinner was composed of Robert Thompson of Chicago, James Stokes, Charles A. Moore, and James H. Hyde of New York, and Professor Gore of Washington.

Miss Fuller, daughter of the Chief Justice and Mrs. Fuller, reached Washington tonight from a year's travel in Europe. Miss Fuller was accompanied on her European tour by Mrs. Wallace of Evanston, Ill., an older sister, and Mr. and Mrs. Beech, the latter a relative of Mrs. Fuller.

Most Persistent Listener in the Senate.

Senator Dryden of New Jersey is the most loyal and persistent listener in the Senate. He seems to have nothing to do but sit at the feet of his older colleagues and learn wisdom. His desire for knowledge has been particularly noticeable during the pending debate on the Chinese exclusion bill. When a Senator arises to speak, Mr. Dryden plants himself in front of him, rests his head on his hands, and strains his ear to catch every word that falls from the orator's lips. Nearly all of the speeches are cut and dried affairs, written out and read in the Senate for home consumption, but the New Jersey Senator is not critical. He treats all speakers, Republicans and Democrats, alike, and moves from one side of the chamber to another as the oratorical flights shift. One of his colleagues said today that if Mr. Dryden could retain all the information that has been pumped into him since he has been a Senator he would know less about more subjects than any man in Congress.

Major General and Mrs. Corbin left Washington this afternoon for Harrisburg, Pa., where Governor and Mrs. Stone gave a dinner in their honor tonight. They will return to Washington tomorrow.

Mercer Opposed to Retirement of Greenbacks.

"I do not favor the retirement of the greenbacks," said Representative Mercer of Omaha. "They helped out the government during the trying days of the civil war and they are surrounded by the sentiment of the people for this reason. There is no demand for their retirement, and I do not see why this question should be even discussed at this time. The greenbacks are not a menace to the gold standard, but if they were of course they should be retired."

Call on Hay for Letter About British Mule Camp.

Representative Hitt, chairman of the House Foreign Affairs committee, today reported a resolution to the House calling upon the Secretary of State to transmit to the lower branch of Congress the letter of the Governor of Louisiana charging that a British military camp is being maintained at Port Chalmette, Louisiana.

Domestic Postal Rate with Cuba to Be Maintained.

Tomas Estrada Palma, President-elect of the Cuban Republic, who is now in Washington, called on Postmaster General Payne at the Post-office department today, and had a long talk regarding the plan for transferring the administration of postal affairs in the island from the hands of the United States authorities to the control of the Cuban officials when the American military occupation terminates on May 20. Secretary Root wrote to Postmaster General Payne a week ago, calling his attention to the fact that the transfer of authority would necessitate the completion of arrangements for preserving the present domestic postal rate between the island and the United States and insuring the smooth working of the postal service during and after the transfer. It was decided today that immediately upon assuming office President Palma will issue a proclamation continuing in force and effect the postal regulations now in operation between Cuba and this country until such time as the authorized diplomatic representatives of the two countries can negotiate a postal and parcels post treaties. President Roosevelt will issue simultaneously a proclamation to the same end.

River and Harbor Bill Calls for $70,297,439.

The Senate Committee on Commerce today completed the river and harbor appropriation bill. The committee has added cash appropriations of $4,691,835 and authorized contracts amounting to $4,477,337, making the total appropriation, direct and contingent, carried by the bill $70,297,439. All the Illinois projects for which appropriations were made by the House have been retained in the bill by the Senate committee. The appropriations of interest to Illinois, as the bill now stands, are for the construction of two turning basins in the Chicago River, $500,000. The House simply made an appropriation for this project, but in addition the Senate added a paragraph providing for a survey with a view to determining the need, advisability, and cost of constructing one or more turning basins in the North and South Branches of the Chicago River. This clause was inserted for the purpose of avoiding any hitch about the construction of the basins. The other items provide for a survey and estimate of cost of a deep waterway from Lake Michigan to the sea, $200,000; continuing the improvement of the Illinois River, $75,000; improvement of the Calumet River, $75,000; improving Waukegan harbor, $100,000; improvement of Quincy Bay and for removing the sand bar at the steamboat landing at Quincy, $20,000; and for the maintenance, repair, and ripraping of the natural and artificial bank along the shore of the Mississippi River from Warsaw to Quincy, $10,000.

Pass Postal Bill in Thirty-seven Minutes.

It required just thirty-seven minutes to pass the postoffice appropriation in the Senate today, carrying, in round numbers, the sum of $137,000,000. As a Senator said afterwards, this is one minute for each of the $37,000,000 and a hundred millions thrown in. The river and harbor bill is going to be put through on the same schedule, but, as this "pork" distributing budget only amounts to $70,000,000, it should on the same basis require but twenty minutes to pass it. All of the big annual appropriation bills are being passed in the Senate nowadays practically without debate, it being taken for granted that the committees have done their work thoroughly and conscientiously. At the rate things are going now the Senate will be ready to adjourn about the 1st of June if not delayed by the fight that is bound to come over the Philippines, Cuban, and canal bills. Notwithstanding the present promising outlook, however, it is thought by the wise heads that the Senators and Representatives will shoot off their Fourth of July fireworks in Washington.

Major Francis J. Ives, surgeon; Major Alexander D. Schenck, Artillery Corps; Major James S. Rogers, Twentieth Infantry; Captain Samuel E. Allen, Artillery Corps; Surgeon Charles F. Smith, United States army; First Lieutenant Joseph B. Douglas, Artillery Corps, recorder, have been appointed a board to examine officers for promotion. They will meet at Fort Sheridan at the call of Major Ives, the President.

Gov. Dole in Washington to See Roosevelt.

Sanford B. Dole, Governor of Hawaii, arrived in Washington today, having come here at the invitation of President Roosevelt to discuss matters affecting the territory. He expects to remain on the continent about a month or six weeks. Governor Dole said this afternoon that business and commercial conditions in the Hawaiian Islands are on a fairly prosperous basis. "The uncertainty as to the action of Congress on the Cuban tariff has had some effect," he said. "It has injected an element of uncertainty as to the future of sugar prices and it has also affected the value of plantation shares. Labor, since the territorial act went into effect, has been disturbed. When the system of labor contracts came suddenly to an end, the labor interests of the whole Territory were disturbed. Prices for labor went lower, then went up a little. The plantations are constantly looking for new labor." The Governor says the revenues of the island are inadequate for carrying out needed public improvements. He will probably meet the President on Saturday.

The State department has been notified that Steward Holland Hall, known on the stage as "Dare of Dare Brothers," who claimed to be the only one-legged professional gymnast in the world, and his wife, whose maiden name was Gabrielle, died in Rio de Janeiro of yellow fever on March 18. Hall was from Chicago.

PAYNE'S ASSISTANT NAMED.

R. J. Wynne, a Washington Correspondent, Is Chosen First Assistant Postmaster General.

Washington, D. C., April 10.—Robert J. Wynne, the Washington correspondent of a New York paper, has been offered and has accepted the office of First Assistant Postmaster General. The nomination probably will be submitted to the Senate immediately after the President's return from Charleston. The change will take effect on May 1 or earlier, as W. M. Johnson of New Jersey, whom he succeeds, is anxious to retire as soon as possible.

A Watch on 30 Days' Trial.

To introduce our new watch, $25; 25 a month. Best time, best value, Geo. E. Marshall, 166 State.

REBATE FOR CUBA URGED

GROSVENOR MAKES SPEECH FOR TARIFF MEASURE.

Defends Himself Against Charges of Inconsistency and Tells History of Some McKinley Policies — Quotes from President Roosevelt's Charleston Speech — Declares That if Beet Sugar Cannot Thrive on $1.40 Protection It Deserves to Fail.

Washington, D. C., April 10.—The debate on the Cuban reciprocity bill in the House today was devoid of enlivening features. The most notable speech of the day was made by Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio. He answered the critics who have charged him with inconsistency by saying that reciprocity was sound Republican doctrine and that tariff schedules were not sacred.

The President and his Cabinet, he said, favored legislation on the line of the pending measure. Nevertheless, he said, he did not propose to assail those who had organized themselves into a hostile force against the administration if they felt that their consciences or local self-interest impelled them to that course. But he insisted that the pending bill constituted no deviation or defection from the pathway of protection, and he said he proposed to repel the assaults made upon himself growing out of this unfortunate controversy.

Gives History of McKinley Bill.

He then proceeded to review the history of reciprocity and the sugar schedule since the days of the McKinley tariff bill. He told some interesting history of the controversy between Blaine and McKinley over the free admission of sugar in the McKinley bill, Blaine desiring to use the tariff on sugar as a means of promoting reciprocity.

McKinley, he said, was also a disciple of reciprocity at that time, but did not agree with Blaine upon the method of protecting sugar, and Mr. Grosvenor said he had himself been present at what might almost be described as an "acrimonious discussion" in the State department between McKinley and Blaine.

Mr. Grosvenor declared that Mr. Dingley opposed the sugar schedule of the Dingley bill on the ground that it was "unreasonably high," and that he had only been induced to acquiesce in it in the expectation that the tariff on sugar would be used to promote reciprocity. He said with great emphasis that he had never yet permitted himself to worship the tariff system as a fetich not to be touched or examined.

Present Schedule Not Sacred.

He warned the young Republicans about him that if they believed the present tariff schedules were to be forever defended they had as well retire to private life. The Republican party, he announced, must not chain itself to tariff schedules. He declared that the Republican party dared not in 1896 pledge itself to the reenactment of the McKinley bill.

It was not a question of schedules, but of the protective principle. He predicted that the time would come when there would be an insurmountable demand for changes in the present schedules, but that time had not yet come. Yet he warned his Republican colleagues who were opposing the present bill and who proposed to overturn the rulings of the chair to accomplish its defeat that they might plunge the whole country into a "premature agitation for a revision of the tariff."

With some feeling Mr. Grosvenor then answered the charges of inconsistency brought against himself. He called attention to the remarks on reciprocity made by President Roosevelt at Charleston yesterday, which he described as "the best speech the President ever made," and humorously remarked that he wondered at the temerity of the President in making such statements while Republicans in the House were denouncing such sentiments as party disloyalty.

Sugar Protection Now Too High.

The present tariff on raw sugar, he declared, was high beyond all reason. If the 20 per cent reduction were made the tariff on sugar would then be 15 per cent higher than the framers of the Dingley bill intended. If the best sugar people had an industry that could not stand against the world with $1.40 a hundred protection then it had better be abandoned.

In conclusion, Mr. Grosvenor denied that the pending bill constituted an assault upon the protective theory. He said that 95 per cent of the people of the country favored it, because they did not believe Cuba should be treated so harshly that she would be forced into the union. When she got ready to come into the union, he would welcome her, as the President said in his speech last night, recognizing that she stood in a different relation to the United States than any other country.

Other Members Speak.

Mr. Weeks [Mich.] followed Mr. Grosvenor with a speech in opposition to the bill.

Mr. Lawrence of Massachusetts said his chief reason for supporting the bill was that the United States owed a moral obligation to grant Cuba this relief.

Mr. Prince of Illinois pointed out what the United States had done for Cuba and declared that if there was a moral obligation to enact this legislation for Cuba's benefit, which he denied, the condition in the island did not justify it. He insisted that the conditions on the island had been misrepresented and said that Cuba this year produced more sugar than she had for years and that the prices of labor there today were higher than they were in the Northwestern States.

Mr. Prince said the present bill was more of a Democratic than a Republican measure. When he defended his action in his district, he said, he proposed to read the roll call showing that a greater proportion of Democrats than Republicans supported it.

DEPEW WARNS SOUTHERNERS.

New York Senator Says if Popular Vote for Senate Is Carried Rights of Franchise Must Be Upheld.

Washington, D. C., April 10.—Senator Depew of New York made a telling speech shortly after the Senate convened on the proposed election of Senators by popular vote.

In effect he served notice on those States which had limited their suffrage that if the resolution was enacted a demand would be made on them to accord all their citizens the right to vote or suffer a loss of Representatives in Congress.

This was in the shape of an amendment to the resolution to provide for the election of Senators by popular vote. The amendment is as follows:

"The qualification of citizens entitled to vote for United States Senators and Representatives in Congress shall be uniform in all the States, and Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation and to provide for the registration of citizens entitled to vote, the conduct of such elections, and the certificate of the result."

Mr. Depew said in support of the amendment:

"A number of States have by various devices prevented a third or a half or more of citizens, recognized as such by the constitution of the United States, from exercising the right of suffrage.

"If in the election of United States Senators a small oligarchy in any State can send here a representation equal to that of great States like New York, which have manhood suffrage; if States in which half of the voters are disfranchised are to have an equal voice in this body with States like Pennsylvania, of five or ten times their population and with manhood suffrage; if New York, which casts because of its manhood suffrage 1,547,012 votes, is to be neutralized in legislation affecting her vast interests by Mississippi casting 55,000 votes, because the majority of her citizens are disfranchised—then the situation becomes intolerable.

"I am not, under ordinary circumstances and normal conditions, in favor of the proposed reduction of Representatives in the Southern States; I am not in favor of any legislation by the general government which interferes with the local affairs of those commonwealths; but if the door is opened by the adoption of this amendment to the constitution for the changing of the character and constitution of the Senate of the United States, then that measure must necessarily be accompanied by power to insure a full and honest vote of the citizens of the republic and protect this body in the election of those who may be designated here as Senators."

E. W. GROVE.

This name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the celebrated cold and grip cure. 25 cents.

THREE EDITORS IN MANILA JAIL.

Arrested Under Charge of Publishing Seditious and Treasonable Articles.

ATTACKED CIVIL RULE.

Press Club Sends Message of Protest and Indignation to Roosevelt.

SENATE COMMITTEE MEETS

MANILA, April 10.—Three editors and managers of the Freedom newspaper have been arrested on the charge of publishing a seditious attack on the civil government, which in the paper was accused of constituting a protectorate over a set of men who should be in jail or deported. It added that it was notorious that much of the commission's government was rotten and corrupt. Numerous other specifications are contained in the charges.

Volcano Editors Arrested.

Two editors of the Volcano have been arrested for libeling the Judge who recently sentenced the editor of the Miau for libel. All the accused were admitted to bail in the sum of $2,000 each.

The commission expects just respect for the constitutional laws, guaranteeing a hearing for all protests and petitions, but it proposes to prosecute sensationalists who attempt to prejudice and nullify civil progress.

A majority of the Press club condemns the authorities for their action in the matter, and has adopted a resolution declaring that the sedition and libel laws, as at present enforced, are a menace to the liberties of the people.

It was decided to cable President Roosevelt that the American press in Manila urges his interference with the unconstitutional acts of the commission in arresting newspaper men.

Cholera Cases Increase.

The latest cholera returns place the number of cases at 206 and the deaths at 170. The situation is normal in Manila, but the disease is spreading in the provinces.

Major Waller will tomorrow address the court-martial which is trying him on the charge of executing natives without warrant of law in the Island of Samar. After his address the argument for the defense will begin.

Major Gardener's Report Read.

Washington, D. C., April 10.—The Senate Committee on the Philippines held an interesting session today.

The report of Major Cornelius Gardener, Civil Governor of the Philippine Province of Tayabas, to which reference was made by General Miles in his correspondence with Secretary Root, was received from Secretary Root.

It is dated Dec. 16, 1901, and is largely a review of conditions in the province, and tells what was done in the way of a campaign against the insurgents. The report of the Governor says:

"As Civil Governor, I feel it my duty to say that it is my firm conviction that the United States troops should at the earliest opportunity be concentrated in one or two garrisons if it is thought desirable that the good sentiment and loyalty that formerly existed to the United States among the people of this province should be conserved and encouraged.

"Of late, by reason of the conduct of the troops, such as the extensive burning of the barriers in trying to lay waste the country so that the insurgents cannot occupy it, the torturing of natives by so-called water cure and other methods in order to obtain information, the harsh treatment of natives generally, and the failure of inexperienced, lately appointed Lieutenants commanding posts to distinguish between those who are friendly and those unfriendly, and to treat every native as if he were, whether or no, an insurrecto at heart, this favorable sentiment above referred to is being fast destroyed and a deep hatred toward us engendered.

Making Enemies of Natives.

"The course now being pursued in this province and in the provinces of Batangas, Laguna, and Samar is in my opinion sowing the seeds for a perpetual revolution against us hereafter whenever a good opportunity offers.

"The attitude of the army, thereby meaning most of its officers and soldiers, is, however, decidedly hostile to the provincial and municipal government in this province and to civil government in these islands in general. In Manila especially it is intensely so, even among the higher officers. The work of the commission in the establishment of provincial governments is ridiculed even in the presence of the natives. It is openly stated that the army should remain in charge for the next twenty years.

"I believe that the people of Tayabas province are in every way superior in education, intelligence, morals, and civilization to the people of Tamaulipas, Mexico, or Santa Clara, Cuba."

Thought Well Of by Taft.

In connection with the report on Tabayas Secretary Root also forwarded to the committee a telegram from Governor Taft in which he said that Colonel Gardener was successful, as military commander at Tabayas, in keeping it peaceful; that he was a good Governor and was popular with the people; and that he would believe implicitly anything stated of his knowledge, but that he feared the great friction between him and those officers succeeding him in military command had influenced his judgment.

Governor Taft also said that while in his testimony he had produced reports from the Governors of twenty-three organized provinces, he had "expressly limited them to those in which there was no insurrection." Hence he asserted that he had not disobeyed the rules of the committee.

"I am willing to submit to the record," said Senator Culberson, "whether Governor Taft was entirely candid and did submit all the reports in his possession."

General MacArthur a Witness.

General MacArthur was again the witness before the committee today, and he began his statement with reference to the burning of villages by the native forces in 1899. He said that the order for this destruction had been issued by General Luna. General MacArthur read a number of orders issued by himself. In one of these orders the American forces were instructed to kill if possible the enemy found fighting and with arms in his hand.

Senator Patterson asked a number of questions in this connection intended to bring out the fact that the number of killed among the Philippines was so much out of proportion to the number wounded as to require an explanation.

General MacArthur said: "An increased death rate in the American army might have been more satisfactory to some arguments, but I nevertheless consider it fortunate that such was not the case."

Senator Carmack questioned General MacArthur as to his meaning when he stated in his report of 1901 that there was an organized and systematic effort to have Chinese immigration continued for the purpose of exploiting the islands. General MacArthur said he had intended to bring out the fact that the large European and American establishments in the archipelago all demand Chinese labor, as the Chinaman is the cheapest and most indefatigable laborer in the world. He did not believe it would be difficult to keep the Chinese out.

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April weather, historically unreliable.
Our cravenette rain-coats, the exact reverse.
They're long, spacious, fashionable; answer every use of a regular spring o'coat; are distinctively a gentleman's damp-weather garment, $18 to $33.
Then, too, the conventional spring o'coats, top-coat styles, and Chesterfields (the elegant middle-lengths), $15 to $33; many of 'em full silk-lined with the most durable of silks.
Are the new spring suits more to your fancy? Here's a magnetic assortment, $15 to $30.
Particularly good clothes for particularly particular people. Your satisfaction guaranteed; nothing else satisfies us.

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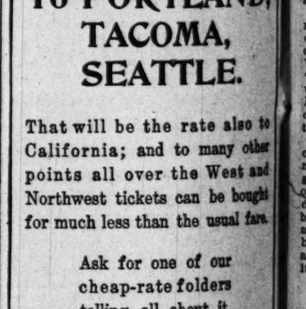

APPEAL FROM HERESY CHARGE.

The Rev. Granville Lowther Will Seek Judges Who Understand What Heterodoxy Is.

McPherson, Kas., April 10.—The Rev. Granville Lowther has decided to appeal from the verdict of the Trial committee of eleven in the recent Methodist Episcopal Conference at Arkansas City, which found him guilty of teaching heretical teachings and deposed him.

"Many Methodists urge me to appeal," says Mr. Lowther, "because they think the decision is an injustice to their denomination on the questions involved and commits them to old statements which no educated man believes. Bishop Andrews has emphasized the same teachings for which I have been expelled. Bishop Vincent is an avowed evolutionist and higher critic. Bishop Foster is accounted heterodox in the teachings of his book, 'Beyond the Grave.' Bishop Foss teaches faith healing, for which three preachers, within three years, have been debarred from the Southwest Kansas Conference. Half the members of our conference are, according to Wesley, wrong on the doctrine of holiness.

"The men who preferred the charges against me, and who sat on the jury, were not posted on evolution, higher criticism, or the scientific side of the atonement, and most of them have never read a standard book on any of those subjects. I think if the case were taken before men of broader range of vision the decision would be reversed."

"DEGENERATE," SAYS LAWSON.

Copper Magnate Declares He Told Editor Bennett He Had Villainously Low Character.

Boston, Mass., April 10.—Continuing testimony in the Bennett-Donohue libel suit today, Thomas W. Lawson said that on one occasion he accused Mr. Bennett of having carried out threats "of doing and saying things that would make me regret that I had refused to pay him money" by attacking Mr. Lawson on the floor of the Legislature at a gas hearing. Mr. Lawson testified that he said to Mr. Bennett:

"You have shown your villainously, cowardly character by taking advantage of your privilege as a member of the general court of Massachusetts to attack me in a place where I had no possible chance of answering you or in any way protecting myself.

"This is the climax of those things that show you to be what I have previously said you were—probably the most degenerate scoundrel now alive in the State of Massachusetts."

WANTS RAYMOND TO SETTLE.

City Will Demand That County Treasurer Account for Interest on Funds.

Corporation Counsel Walker said yesterday he would serve a notice at once on County Treasurer Raymond demanding that he account to the city for its share of whatever interest he may receive on the money in his charge.

"The City Council some time ago passed an order instructing me to take such action," said Mr. Walker, "and I will comply with it. If Mr. Raymond shows a disposition to settle, that will be the end of it. If he does not I cannot say now what further action I will take."

County Treasurer Raymond will make a demand for the books of the town officials which would, according to the new law, go to the County Treasurer's office. The town officers who were elected to the abolished offices will not say what their reply to the demand will be.

City Bids Are Opened.

Bids for the engineering work required by the Committee on Local Transportation opened yesterday indicate the cost will be about $7,000. The committee has been allowed $15,000.

Viaduct Work to Proceed.

Commissioner Blockl has instructed City Engineer Ericson to go ahead with repairs on the West Taylor street viaduct to the cost of $15,000. The Pennsylvania and Burlington roads have agreed to pay their share of the cost, but the Chicago Terminal refuses. The plan is to do the work and sue the Terminal for its share.

$33.00 to California, Oregon, Washington. Chicago and Northwestern Railway daily March and April. Personally conducted excursions Tuesdays and Thursdays. Special attention to organizing family parties. $33 Helena, Butte, Ogden, Salt Lake. Illustrated pamphlet on receipt of two-cent stamp. Address S. A. Hutchison, 212 Clark street.

Burlington Route

Cheap Rates TO THE Northwest

Every day during April the rate will be

$33.00

To PORTLAND, TACOMA, SEATTLE.

That will be the rate also to California; and to many other points all over the West and Northwest tickets can be bought for much less than the usual fare.

Ask for one of our cheap-rate folders telling all about it.

C. B. & Q. Ticket Office, 211 Clark St. Telephone Central 3117.

160

BRIGHT'S DISEASE

can be cured. Do you know this?

Do you know that all diseases are curable? You doubt this! Well, listen. We will explain. The first thing to understand is that all diseases [illegible] by microscopic parasites that devour the tissues of the victims. They attack the vital [illegible] of the system, poisoning and wasting the body. But if these microbes can be utterly killed, does it not follow that nature will do the rest in restoring health. This, then, is our secret.

RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER is not a patent medicine. It is a pleasant beverage that when taken into the system it searches out the microbes in the tissues, defiantly [illegible] death upon the microbes. Here follows a testimonial as to the positive power of Radam's Microbe Killer in Bright's disease:

Mrs. Mary Lackey, Eaton Rapids, Mich.

"I took Radam's Microbe Killer for Bright's disease in an advanced and apparently hopeless stage, and was entirely cured. I had suffered from this disease for over five years, and [illegible] this one remedy, when all others had failed. I was restored to perfect health."

Now study yourself. Is there anything the matter with you? What is your complaint? Is it [illegible]? It costs you 1 cent to send us your name and address—then we will mail you a

FREE BOOK ON MICROBES.

Note—Radam's Microbe Killer has cured over 1,000,000 recorded cases in Europe and America. Many of these cures were pronounced incurable.

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Oppression, Suffocation, Neuralgia; etc., [illegible] Espic's Cigarettes or Powder.

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SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

A Good Investment.

An advertisement in The Tribune is a good investment

ALL IS GRIST IN CONSTABLE MILL

Average Official Ready to Undertake Anything Which Promises Fees.

SEVEN AWAITING TRIAL.

Notorious "Dickie" Dean Probably Will Be Called Before Judge Dunne.

JUSTICES ARE ALSO ACCUSED

For the purposes of a Chicago constable it is not necessary that the operation should run into large amounts. The average constable will handle "small potatoes" as well as large ones. If $2,000 cannot be made in a raid on slot machines, perhaps $20 can be secured by evading a law, and the constable is ready to take the chance.

One constable was put on trial yesterday on the charge of defrauding a woman out of $30, and another was taken in charge by the police for attempting to dodge the city ordinance requiring a license from auctioneers. In the first case a delay was caused by a change of venue, and in the second the constable was made to pay the license fee of $10 to the city. This adds a couple more to the list of officials who in one way or another have been caught in illegal actions.

"Dickie" Dean's case will be put on Judge Dunne's call for next week, and he will be tried on charges of conspiracy and larceny.

Constables Under Charges.

At present the following constables are before the different courts of the city charged with misdeeds:

Albert Coburn, Town of South Chicago, charged with embezzlement.

Frank ("Dickie") Dean, North Chicago, charged with conspiracy and larceny.

Thomas Donough, North Chicago, charged with larceny.

Louis Greenberg, North Chicago, under three indictments.

John Havey, Town of West Chicago, charged with conspiracy and larceny.

Louis Marre, West Chicago, charged with conspiracy and larceny.

Thomas Sweeney, North Chicago, charged with larceny.

Settles by Paying License.

In addition to these, Constable A. H. Patek, North Chicago, was taken in charge by Lieutenant Max Heidelmeier on the charge of conducting an auction without a writ from the courts and without a city license. He got out of the difficulty by paying the license fee, which he afterwards endeavored to get back.

That may be considered a sufficiently large list of constables in trouble at one time to warrant the thought that something is wrong with the system.

Woman Is Victimized.

Coburn's trial was to have begun yesterday morning at the Harrison Street Station, but a change of venue was taken and the hearing delayed. He is charged by Attorney Otis Wesner with having embezzled $30 belonging to a woman. According to Wesner he was given a judgment of $40 to collect. He secured the money, but, it is alleged, did not hand it over to the attorney or his client.

After continual "dunning" on the part of the attorney he handed over $10, of which he want to pay court costs. The woman began to haunt his office to get the rest of the money. Then, it is charged, he adopted other tactics. When he met her he would make an excuse that he did not have it then, but if she would call the next day he would pay her.

It is declared by the attorney that the woman wore out several pairs of shoes running after the constable, and finally she ordered Wesner to have Coburn arrested for embezzlement. This was done, and he is now standing trial on that charge.

Dodging Auctioneer Ordinance.

There is a system used by certain dealers and constables, it is alleged by city officials, by which it is possible to evade the auctioneering ordinance of the city. It was learned that Constable Patek was conducting a sale at 484 East North avenue without a writ and Lieutenant Heidelmeier was sent to the scene to investigate.

After Patek had paid his license and the money had been sent down to the Mayor's office Patek followed and demanded a return of his cash. He went to Corporation Counsel Walker and explained that he had been "held up" for the $10. Mr. Walker called up the clerk from the Mayor's office who had directed the police work against the constable, and asked him if he did not know the city had no right to tax a constable.

The circumstances were explained, and the constable was told that he could have the money back if he would produce even a mortgage to show that he was acting as an agent of the courts. This he has been unable to do. It is declared that dealers make it a business to buy up goods from stores and auction them off. This dealer, is is asserted, being anxious to save the 10 per cent which an auctioneer would demand, tried to have it done by a constable.

Investigate Constables' Bonds.

It has been suggested that the bonds of the constables be looked over on the supposition that considerable "dead wood" would be found in the list. An examination of the bondsmen shows that Herbert Mills is not only the bondsman of Dean, but also of John Havey, one of the men implicated with Dean in slot machine raids.

State's Attorney Deneen yesterday ordered that Detective Frank Tyrrell be put on the Dean case to look up the evidence, and that an attempt be made to get the case on the call in Judge Dunne's court next week. Mr. Deneen is not confident that the State has a case against Dean, but an effort will be made to get in the evidence. The fact that the larceny charged is that of slot machines, which, as gambling devices, have no standing in the law, is a safeguard to the constable.

It has been found practically impossible to secure the conviction of Constable Louis Greenberg. One case against him was lost by the State, and the others, being of a similar nature, have not been pushed.

Justices Receive Attention.

With the constables, the justice courts are receiving considerable attention. As an instance of carelessness on the part of a justice it has been discovered that one prisoner in the bridewell was there three months before the mittimus on which he was sent had been signed.

Oliver Ramsey was sentenced to the House of Correction by Justice Underwood on Dec. 6 as an $85 fine for carrying concealed weapons. About April 1 the justice learned he had not signed the mittimus and he sent a clerk, correcting the omission.

Another instance came to light yesterday when Detective Ed. Wallbaum of the bond department of the State's Attorney's office found several thousand justice court bonds in the County Jail vaults, where they had been filed by the jailer when presented for the release of prisoners. These bonds had never been called for by the clerk of the justice court which issued them.

The detective will make an investigation to find out how many of these have been forfeited, and, under the law, it is said, the justice of the peace should recall those bonds when they were forfeited and file them with the Clerk of the Criminal Court within thirty days after such forfeitures, and in cases where the defendant appeared for final hearing they should be secured by the clerk and placed in the files of the case.

Move Into the Suburbs.

Beautiful residence districts along the Chicago and Northwestern Ry. Numerous fast trains furnish suburban residence without loss of time. Reasonable rents; low rates. Apply at ticket office, 212 Clark street, for illustrated booklet, or mailed on receipt of two cents postage.

FILIPINO YOUTH SEEKING AN EDUCATION.

Does any American college or university want to educate this Filipino boy? He is 18 years old, speaks English, French, and Spanish fluently, and is a graduate of the best school in Manila.

His name is Feleciano and he lives at the Officers' club at Fort Sheridan. Lieutenant Gunn of Company D, Twentieth Infantry, brought him to this country when the regiment returned from the Philippines, and wants to give him an education in an American school. He is looking for a suitable school now, and if one is not selected soon he will send the boy to friends in Minneapolis.

Feleciano is enamored of the United States and declares he will live here the remainder of his life. He put on a suit of American clothes yesterday, and masquerades as a dandy about the fort.

In the Philippines Feleciano acted as a scout for the American troops, and often entered the Filipino lines in search of information. He was generally successful, and became a valuable attaché of the officers' staff, which attended to the details of his transportation to this country. Feleciano wants to become an American gentleman, and, as a first prerequisite to this end, to get a good education.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

SIEGFRIED.
(In German.)
A Music Drama in Three Acts.
BY
RICHARD WAGNER.

Presented at the Auditorium, Chicago by the Metropolitan Grand Opera Company, April 10, 1902. The cast:

Siegfried ..... Mr. Dippel
Der Wanderer ..... Mr. Van Rooy
Alderich ..... Mr. David Bispham
Mime ..... Mr. Reiss
Fafner ..... Mr. Blass
Brunnhilde ..... Miss Milka Ternina
Stimme des Waldvogels .. Miss Fritzi Scheff
Erda ..... Mme. Schumann-Heink
Conductor, Mr. Walter Damrosch.

"Siegfried," the second day in the Wagner trilogy, was followed with close attention and interest last evening at the Auditorium by an audience of good size and eminently musical quality. The performance was no slight tax on the hearers' receptive powers, for it lasted full four hours.

Mr. Damrosch wisely made several judicious cuts in the overlong score, and only the superior worth of the singers engaged in certain scenes reconciled to the fact that these scenes had not been also curtailed. The rabid Wagnerites would have, of course, every measure the master penned given as it stands, no matter if a ten-hour performance resulted thereby, but the less zealous and more discriminating admirer of Wagner's genius usually admits that for all other than festival presentations of the music-dramas cuts that bring them within reasonable time add not only to the effectiveness of the works themselves but thereby enhance the good opinion the public forms of the master and his creations.

Wagner was undeniably diffusive and not infrequently tautological, and there are in all of his works, save possibly "Tannhäuser" and "Flying Dutchman," scenes that can be shortened and in several instances omitted entirely without causing any break in the continuity of the music-drama, and thereby tend materially to hasten the overdeliberate movement of the performance. In none of the works are these "bad quarter-hours" more numerous than in the trilogy, and it is wisdom on the part of any conductor having charge of performances given under usual operatic conditions to shorten or eliminate these unnecessary and wearying scenes. Mr. Damrosch cut the score of "Walküre" skillfully on Tuesday, and last evening the same deft hand was observable in the shaping of "Siegfried."

That the long question scene between the Wanderer and Mime was retained entire in the first act—a scene of great orchestral beauty, but not absolutely essential to the unfoldment of the story—was due doubtless to the presence in the cast of Mr. Van Rooy and Mr. Reiss, who gave the two characters with rare excellence. For a similar reason the scene between Erda (Mme. Schumann-Heink) and the Wanderer, which usually is shortened greatly, was also left almost untouched. The cuts where wisdom was displayed were those made in the scenes between Mime and Siegfried in the first act, the curtailing of the Sword Song, the omission of part of the chats the Wanderer has with Alberich and with Siegfried, and the condensing of the final love duet.

As for the performance, it was one of much merit, and many pleasure-giving qualities. The orchestra was again a source of satisfaction and sincere enjoyment, and the scenic enframement was as a whole deserving of warm praise. The lights were handled with somewhat more regard for Wagner's directions than in the preceding performances, although the "clearest blue sky and brightest daylight" which is ordered for the opening of the scene on Brunnhilde Rock were not forthcoming until late, and the impression of height the setting should give was wanting. The sets for the three other scenes were admirable, however, the one at the beginning of the third act being especially beautiful and effective. As for the Dragon, it was the best one has ever seen in this country or in Europe, and although the Forest Bird flew with even more effort than it sang, its actions did not seriously mar the realism of the scene. The anvil, too, behaved well, and split open at the proper moment.

The star of the performance was Mr. Reiss, who gave a Mime that it is believed one will hunt throughout the world in vain for its equal in excellence. He makes of the dwarf a living, active personality, one whose genuineness and marked individuality are unmistakable, and his characterization is as skillfully consistent as it is complete in the detail and fine touches that prove the presence of high dramatic intelligence and thorough training. And Mr. Reiss not only acts the part exceptionally—he sings it, which is a thing the other portrayers of the character do not do. They all use a sort of whining parlando—a thing neither song nor declamation, but something between the two. And yet last evening, when Mr. Reiss sang the music throughout, giving to it the cunning, the malignancy, and the deceit it expresses, by tonal color and fine nuance rather than by distortion of the tone itself, the power and effectiveness of such treatment were made clearly evident. It was a remarkable and unique achievement—one not soon to be forgotten.

Mr. Van Rooy entered with spirit into the riddle scene with Mime, and also gave a certain humor to the visit with Alberich, while in the splendid scene with Erda his immense voice and dramatic style were displayed to rare advantage. Mme. Schumann-Heink was vocally superb in this scene, and her work alone would have made the retaining of this part of the third act cause for satisfaction.

Mr. Dippel was only moderately successful in his presentment of the title rôle. He has not the abundance of voice essential to the climaxes of the part, and his straining for tones becomes a source of irritation and almost actual pain to the hearer. His acting, too, lacks the spontaneity, the freshness, the suggestion of the presence of superabundant animal spirits essential to adequate portrayal of the young hero.

Mme. Ternina was not so brilliant vocally in the last scene as had been hoped, but sang with fine dramatic intensity and fervor, guided and controlled by high artistic intelligence and taste. Miss Scheff was indisposed, and Mme. Seygard sang the music of the Forest Bird in her stead.

Tonight "Magic Flute" will be repeated, the cast being the same as last week, save that Mme. Seygard will replace Mme. Ternina, and it is stated Mme. Eames will appear as Pamina.

DER MARQUIS VON VILLEMER.
A Drama in Four Acts.
BY
GEORGE SAND.

Presented at Powers' Theater, Chicago, by Adolph von Sonnenthal and the Irving Place Theater company of New York, April 10, 1902. The cast:

Urbain, Marquis von Villemer ..... Alexander Rottmann
Gaetan, Herzog von Aleria ..... Adolph von Sonnenthal
Graf von Dunieres ..... Fritz Hitzigrath
Die Marquise von Villemer .... Meta Bünger
Caroline von Saint-Genalx .... Hedwig Lange
Diane von Saintrailles ..... Grete Kupfer
Leonie, Baronin d'Arglade .. Hermine Warna
Pierre, Kammerdiener des Herzogs ..... Wilhelm Kupfer
Benoit, Kammerdiener des Marquise .. Willy Frey

The performance of George Sands' "Der Marquis von Villemer" by Adolph von Sonnenthal and members of the Irving Place Theater company of New York at Powers' Theater last night presented a number of interesting features. The drama is a conversation play, with an unusually simple plot, and scarcely any action. Its dramatic value, in fact, depends more on the opportunity it offers to the actors to prove their art by gaining strong effects by simple means than upon strongly dramatic scenes and situations. It is a comedy without pronounced humorous character and would become almost insipid were it not for the fact that the genius of a man like Mr. Sonnenthal infuses into it the otherwise lacking element of human interest. Some of the scenes are exceedingly weak and the closing scene of the third act is even more peculiar and awkward from a dramatic standpoint than the most amateurish scenes in "The Unwelcome Mrs. Hatch."

The one redeeming feature of the performance was Mr. Sonnenthal's masterly presentation of the part of Gaetan, Duke of Aleria. The great actor, who is now in his sixty-ninth year, played the rôle of the young rake, who has ruined not only himself but also his mother and his step-brother, by a life of idleness and dissipation, with astounding elasticity and vigor. It was difficult to imagine that the man who, last night, skipped over the boards with the grace and agility of a youth, was the same who gave such a magnificent impersonation of Nathan and of Fabricius a few night before.

His support was not so good as it had been in the previous performances. Almost without exception the actors and actresses failed to impress the audience. Mr. Rottmann as Urbain made little enough of his grateful part and remained stiff and unsympathetic to the end. Meta Buenger, who played the Marquise von Villemer, failed to impart to her characterization that distinction and aristocratic polish which one may expect from a Marquise. Miss Hedwig Lange played the part of Caroline von Saint-Genalx coldly and with little expression, and Grete Kupfer evidently felt uncomfortable in the charming part of Diane von Saintrailles. The other parts were in good hands, but not important enough to make an impression.

Tonight "Die Tochter des Herrn Fabricius" will be repeated, with Mr. Sonnenthal in the rôle of Fabricius and no change in the cast.

BANQUET FOR GERMAN ACTORS.

Reception Given to Adolph von Sonnenthal and Mme. Odilon, Who Are Playing at Powers'.

A reception and banquet was given last night by Austrians of Chicago for Adolph von Sonnenthal and Mme. Helene Odilon at 180 Randolph street. Adolf Kraus was toastmaster, and speeches were made by Dr. F. Kreisel, Dr. Joseph Zeisler, and City Treasurer Charles F. Gunther. Mr. von Sonnenthal was unable to be present, but his place was taken by Franz von Ratovszky, husband of Mme. Odilon.

NATIONAL RECIPROCITY LEAGUE IS ORGANIZED.

Non-Partisan Association of Prominent Business-Men from Different States Adopts Constitution—Elects Officers.

The National Reciprocity league, non-partisan, was formed at the Grand Pacific Hotel yesterday by eighty business-men from different parts of the country. It is the outgrowth of the Western Reciprocity league, which was formed in Kansas about three months ago and has absorbed all of the members of the latter. The purposes for which the National league is formed are to urge upon Congress the necessity of making treaties for reciprocal trade relations between this country and all of the countries with which we now have a trade, and to educate the people of the United States in all matters regarding reciprocity.

The convention was called to order by Governor W. E. Stanley of Kansas at 11 o'clock.

The constitution was adopted at the afternoon meeting. Among its principal features are the sections stating that any person favoring reciprocity is eligible to membership and authorizing the election of Vice Presidents from every State. These officers will be elected by the Board of Directors.

Addresses were made by F. B. Thurber of New York, chairman of the Foreign Relations committee of the New York Chamber of Commerce; Charles J. Pavey of New York, who represented the Cuban Chamber of Commerce; David B. Kirk of Kansas City, J. A. Arbuckle of St. Louis, Professor Edwin Maxey of Madison, Wis.; George Barbour, Detroit; and Alonzo Mather and H. C. Staver of Chicago.

The business of the convention concluded with the election of the following officers:

President—W. E. Stanley.
Treasurer—R. B. Swift of Chicago.
Secretary—A. B. Hulit of Topeka.
Chairman of the Board of Directors—H. C. Staver of Chicago.
Directors—G. Watson French of Davenport, C. B. Hoffman of Kansas, James Deering of Chicago, Henry L. Little of Minneapolis, L. O. Kingsland of St. Louis, A. B. Farquhar of York, Pa., W. C. Thomas of Springfield, O., H. A. Heath of Topeka, John A. Kasson of Des Moines, John L. Webster of Omaha, Adolph Karpen of Chicago, A. D. Brown of St. Louis, E. T. Brunson of Chicago, S. R. Calloway of New York, Enos M. Barton of Chicago.

Speaking of the resolution to make the annual dues $2, Mr. Arbuckle said: "I think that the league will have no trouble in getting 500,000 members, and that will bring to us the sum of $1,000,000 a year, which I think will be ample to carry on the work and to furnish a fund for the publication of such matter as we wish to send to the public.

Resolutions were adopted demanding the ratification of the reciprocal treaties negotiated under the direction and approval of President McKinley and declaring that first of all a liberal treaty should promptly be negotiated with Cuba. Copies of the resolutions will be forwarded to President Roosevelt and the members of Congress.

AUTO CLUB MAY LEAVE HOME.

Secures Option on North Side Building, Which Probably Will Be Rented as Temporary Quarters.

At a meeting of the Chicago Automobile club at the Sherman House last night a committee reported it had secured the option on the lease of a building on the North Side for a clubhouse. It is probable the property will be accepted for temporary quarters for a year.

INDIANA PRISON SCANDAL REACTS

Doctor Who Accused Officials of Brutality Forced to Defend Himself.

TRIES TO DROP CHARGES.

Governor Durbin Forces Him to Testify and He Cites Cases of Abuse of Prisoners.

SAYS HE BEARS NO GRUDGE.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Michigan City, Ind., April 10.—[Special.]—Dr. Brose S. Horne, ex-physician of the Indiana State penitentiary, is engaged in the hardest battle of his life, facing Governor W. T. Durbin and an antagonistic board. He is on trial himself instead of being the accuser of the prison officials.

From the time he first met the members of the Board of State Charities this morning Dr. Horne has been on the rack. Telegrams from all over the State have urged him to let his charges go by default. In addition to this the board refused to permit his counsel to cross-examine the witnesses or do more than suggest questions for Dr. Horne to ask.

The first fruits of victory were obtained by the doctor this afternoon when Guard Charles Burton pleaded guilty to the accusation of striking Swaine, a feeble-minded convict. The plea is looked upon simply as a concession to the board, and Burton will seek to prove that he struck the man to save his own life.

Horne Forced to Appear.

When the board refused to permit Dr. Horne's attorney to be present at the hearing the doctor declined to proceed. He sent a note to Governor Durbin announcing his desire to drop the matter for the present, but the board then took the position of prosecutor and issued a subpœna for Dr. Horne's presence. After a delay of an hour Deputy Sheriff J. E. Schultz brought Dr. Horne in and the hearing began.

Allow Attorney Small Powers.

Dr. Horne appeared before the Board of Charities and requested permission to have his attorney, J. F. Gallagher, present during the hearing. This request and the course of the procedure that should be followed was taken up and considered until noon. At that time the board adjourned and Judge Davis gave out the following statement:

"The board has decided to permit counsel for Dr. Horne to sit beside him, but not to participate in the cross-examination. We asked Dr. Horne for a list of his witnesses, which he declined to give unless the board admitted his attorney."

Durbin Reads Horne's Letters.

Governor Durbin read letters that had passed between him and Dr. Horne, in which the doctor referred to Deputy Warden Barnard as the personification of brutality, the cause of all the trouble in the prison, and an unprincipled, bad man.

In a letter to Trustee Nebker Governor Durbin said Dr. Horne's complaint was not the first of the kind that had been presented, and the Board of Control could not afford to rest under these charges without a careful investigation.

In the charges Dr. Horne mentioned the names of twenty-one convicts who, he alleged, had been assaulted by Deputy Warden Barnard and the four guards. Of these five were insane and two feeble-minded. Almost without exception, he said, these men were confined in the punishment cells with their arms shackled above their heads for from two to thirty-six hours. In three instances the charges allege the prisoners were taken from their cells and beaten with canes by the guards. Deputy Warden Barnard was accused in all the charges either with having taken part in the assault or having witnessed it.

One Guard Pleads Guilty.

At the conclusion of the reading of the charges the Governor asked Deputy Warden Barnard and the four guards what plea they desired to make. Barnard and Guards Neville, Webster, and Bowlin entered pleas of not guilty; Guard Burton pleaded guilty to having struck Convict Swain, who was afterwards confined in the punishment cell.

Horne Gives His Testimony.

Dr. Horne took the oath. Judge Davis began questioning Dr. Horne, who testified that he had been a physician since 1895. His home is at Marion, Ind. He was appointed prison physician last fall, although a Democrat, and took charge on Sept. 5. He served until April 1, when he tendered his resignation, but was removed before the time set for it to take effect, May 1.

"I want to say," said Dr. Horne, "before we go into this case that I have no malice or grudge against any one. I had a few words with Mr. Barnard, but there was no open rupture. I spoke of the charges which I have made to Trustees Bundy and Kimbrough in March. Prior to that I had complained to Warden Reid and Warden Shidler, his predecessor, of the brutality of Deputy Warden Barnard. Warden Shidler said Barnard was inclined to be a little brutal at times."

Cites Cases of Brutality.

Dr. Horne stated that, when Convict Patterson applied to him on Oct. 8, 1901, and complained that he was not able to open his eyes, Barnard grabbed Patterson by the hair and, applying a vile epithet to him, said he (Barnard) would open his eyes for him. In case of Convict Crabbe, Dr. Horne said Crabbe had been taken from a sick cell to the punishment cell on Oct. 15. Crabbe, he said, was suffering from paralysis, was half-witted, and threatened with a severe attack of malaria.

"When found in the punishment cell," said Dr. Horne, "I think he had been there fully twenty-four hours. He was lying on the floor. I ordered him removed to the hospital."

Case of Insane Prisoner.

In the case of Convict Fisher, an insane patient, Dr. Horne said he was present when Fisher was attacked. When he was called he found Fisher bruised and bleeding. His wounds looked as if he had been struck with some sharp instrument. His teeth were loose. Said Dr. Horne: "Prisoner Gibson and others told me Guard Bowlin and another officer had attacked Fisher. The man's brain was injured. I dressed his wounds and he was taken to a cell back of the punishment cell. On Oct. 28 he was again assaulted by Barnard, Neville, and a prisoner. Prisoner Fifer saw it and told me the circumstances. Barnard said it was a fight between the two convicts. Barnard had a black eye, which he informed me he had received from Prisoner Fisher. Fisher said he wanted to fight, and, according to Fifer's statement, Barnard opened the cell door and said: 'I'll fight you.' The fight occurred in a place where they always take a man when they want to hammer him up."

Dr. Horne testified Convict Catlin was attacked by two men on Nov. 22 and beaten until his body was black and blue. He said the man had a mark on his abdomen that looked as if he had been kicked. He was in the hospital eleven days.

Consumptive Shackled to Door.

Dr. Horne stated that he had found Beverley, a negro convict, shackled to the door of the punishment cell. Beverley, said the doctor, is afflicted with lung trouble and a rupture. He missed him one day in his rounds and found him locked up in the punishment cell. On the second afternoon he examined him and found his pulse high and the man in bad condition. He complained of it to Barnard in the presence of Warden Reid, who said nothing. "The man was in the cell forty-eight hours," said Dr. Horne. "I don't know whether he was shackled to the door all the time or not. They refused to take him down until I threatened to make a complaint to the Board of Control."

The Tabard Inn Library

(Under the Management of The Booklovers Library)

We shall open in Chicago on Tuesday next an entirely new library to be known as the **Tabard Inn.** The *Booklovers* exchanges books at the homes of its patrons; the *Tabard Inn* will bring its books to convenient centrally located stations where exchanges may be made. We are placing ten thousand revolving bookcases in drug stores and other attractive shops covering the entire country This means a library with ten thousand branches. Each bookcase will hold about one hundred and twenty books, and these are to be exchanged every week from central library departments. One of the best equipped furniture factories in the country is now delivering to our operating department twenty-five of these bookcases daily. They are made of mahogany, quartered oak and other attractive woods. The output will shortly be increased to fifty a day. Membership in the *Tabard Inn* will be good for the entire United States. Members may exchange their books as often as they like and wherever they like—that is to say, at any *Tabard Inn* library or station in the United States. The exchange fee is five cents and a *Tabard Inn* book will be the only identification necessary. Tens of thousands of *Tabard Inn* books are now ready. They are in attractive cases of black cloth with a red band. A more delightfully simple library service was never thought of. The *Tabard Inn* will circulate new books—the best that can be bought in the best bindings. Upon its quaint, old-fashioned bookshelves will be found the very newest fiction and the very latest publications of science, of philosophy, of literature, of biography, of travel, of politics. All applicants for membership entered next week will have special library privileges. Applications will be received from any city or town of one thousand population or over. Additional announcements will be made on Monday.

SEYMOUR EATON, Librarian.

1323 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

NOTE—An excellent picture of the ***Old Tabard Inn*** of Chaucer's time (five hundred years ago) and a photo drawing of one of our revolving bookcases appears this afternoon in the *News* and *Post*, also some particulars of our *Royalty* plan, which gives every member enrolling next week the privilege of a *Royalty* for one year, payable on the tenth of each month. It is an entirely new idea and one which has met with immense favor in New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, in which cities the ***Tabard Inn*** has opened. On the opening day in Philadelphia, Boston, and New York it was almost impossible for the management to handle the crowds making application for membership. The central ***Tabard Inn*** library in Philadelphia (1030 Chestnut Street) has some of the quaintest and most interesting "book-nooks" ever opened to the public. The life membership fee is *Three Dollars*. See the *News* and *Post* today.

FUNERAL OF GEN. J. N. REECE.

Illinois Militia Escorts Remains of the Late Adjutant General to Oak Ridge Cemetery.

Springfield, Ill., April 10.—The remains of Jasper N. Reece, late Adjutant General of the Illinois Militia, reposed in state for five hours today at the foot of the Statue of Liberty in the rotunda of the Statehouse and several thousand people viewed the features of the dead soldier.

The body now occupies a grave in Oak Ridge Cemetery, just east of the grave of Governor Tanner and within the shadow of the Lincoln monument.

The funeral was military in every detail and the public service was held this afternoon at the First Congregational Church, the Rev. A. M. Hall, pastor, officiating. A battalion of infantry, a troop of cavalry, and the Danville battery formed a portion of the escort, which was in command of Colonel J. Mack Tanner.

OBITUARY.

ALMYRON WILSON OVITT died at his desidence, 818 Walnut street, on Wednesday evening, after an illness of three months. He was born in Vermont on Jan. 26, 1836, of old New England stock. The first member of his family, Thomas Ovitt, came to America in 1632 in the ship Lion. He came to Chicago with his family in 1870 and for a number of years was a furniture manufacturer. He retired from business several years ago. He is survived by the widow and five children: Lee S. Ovitt of Waukesha, Wis.; Edna G. and Charles H. Ovitt of Chicago; George W. Ovitt of Toledo, O.; and Mrs. Gertrude B. Wing of Marshalltown, Ia. The funeral will take place from the family residence on Sunday at 1:30 p. m., the interment to be in Rosehill.

ALEXANDER GARN NEVINS, Chicago, died on Wednesday at the Alexian Brothers' Hospital of heart failure. Mr. Nevins was telegraph editor of the Chicago Record-Herald and resided at 1596 Jackson boulevard. He was born in La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 16, 1858, and was the son of the late Sylvester L. Nevins and a nephew of former Governor C. C. Washburn of Wisconsin and of Elihu B. Washburne, Minister to France during Grant's administration. Nevins began his newspaper work in La Crosse and was the founder and editor of the La Crosse Daily News. Funeral services will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon at Hochspier's undertaking rooms, 701 West North avenue. Interment will be in La Crosse.

MRS. MARION ROOSEVELT of New York City died yesterday of cerebral paralysis. She was the wife of Robert Roosevelt and aunt of the President.

A thrilling, beautiful book. Just Published.

HOHENZOLLERN

A Story of the Times of Frederick Barbarossa

By CYRUS TOWNSEND BRADY

A romantic love story of a historical character of the 12th century. Dealing with turbulent times, treacherous retainers, and valiant foes, Mr. Brady has produced a story of exceedingly quick, strong, and energetic movement. The time of the book occupies less than two days, and the real action takes place in a night. It is sharp and decisive, and almost kaleidoscopic in its frequent but plausible changes of situation. The scene is laid in the Black Forest, with excellent local color.

Illustrated by Will Crawford, with decorations by Mills Thompson. 12mo, 288 pages, cloth, $1.50.

THE CENTURY CO., New York.

A SPRING TONIC.

Now is the time to get rid of the impurities that have accumulated in the system during the winter. The best medicine to **purify the blood and build up the system** is **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.** A few doses will convince you. It also cures **Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Headache and Insomnia.**

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

USED BY THE ARTISTS
WEBER
266 WABASH-AV.
PIANOS
OF THE GRAND OPERA

HATS SHAYNE'S $3 DERBY
IS THE BEST ON EARTH for the MONEY
187 STATE-ST. PALMER HOUSE

Concomitant Squint

is the surgical term for **cross-eyes,** the cause of which may be convulsions, various children's diseases, fright, falls, etc., but the most **common** cause is a **refractive anomalie** requiring glasses. Upon first indications of crossed eyes a competent **eye surgeon** (oculist) should be at once consulted, failure to do this may result in the loss of sight of the diverging eye. **Children's** glasses receive **especial care** from us. Oculists demand of us the utmost **care** and **precision** in their preparation.

Almer Coe, Optician,
74 State-st., Opposite Field's New Building.

Resume of today's page advertisement.

Select your summer parasols now. Chicago's greatest opportunity in rugs. Verona velours for portieres and furniture coverings. Remarkable sale of bedspreads at a saving of 33⅓%. Handsome go-carts at 7.50. Window shades to order, 65c.

Established in 1868.

Mandel's Daily Store News.

We close at 5:30 p. m.

Prompt and careful attention given to mail orders. Send for catalogue.

Special items of interest in Mandel's store.

The "Paquin" belt—a new design surpassing in beauty, grace and elaborateness anything yet conceived. Made of rich black satin ribbon in girdle effect—finished with dainty buckles and narrow ribbon streamers in back, large buckle fastener in front.

Weather indications: Generally fair; slight change.

Mandel's editorial comment.

Friday, April 11th, 1902.

"Never compromise with quality" is a good maxim for the progressive store to follow. The temptation to quote an extremely low price should be strenuously resisted if the goods themselves cannot be honestly recommended. The memory of a trashy purchase will linger long after the recollection of the low price has faded, for the disappointment on discovering that that which seemed a bargain is in reality a dear expenditure makes a lasting impression derogatory to the store that made the sale.

There can be only one correct way to truly successful merchandising—standard quality and low prices.

In selecting our stocks we put ourselves in the position of the customer; hence, the satisfaction that ensues.

Elegant French silk batistes, 75c.

We've just received from Paris a large shipment of this beautiful new fabric, and our introductory prices today are very close to the original cost.

We want you to become acquainted with these goods now, for they will be very popular before the season closes.

French silk batiste comes in all the new shades, stripes and figured combinations, a very handsome material for chic waists and quite different from any other novelty fabric now being shown. To introduce it we quote very low prices—**75c, $1 and 1.25 a yard.**

Select your summer parasol now, when assortments are largest, prices lowest.

The best Parisian and American parasol makers have vied with one another in the production of the exquisite creations of gauzy silk and filmy lace, which invest our umbrella section with all the radiant charm of June.

No longer are parasols made simply as a protection against the summer sun—their chief mission is one of beauty.

A satin striped Paris muslin parasol (like cut), made with large box pleats forming a cross over inlaid plaits, natural wood handle, colors, solid black and solid white, an exclusive Mandel idea—price, **$9.**

Black chiffon, lace and silk are combined into a delightful acquisition for a black and white costume, **$14.**

Wonderfully colored silken designs scatter charming effects over a snowily white chiffon top, gold knobs finishing the points of the frame, **$25.**

As delicately colored as a Neapolitan sky is a lavender conceit appliqued with silk medallions in Persian effects, with a flowered china handle, **$60.**

An all white chiffon creation has heavy cream lace applications and a rare rustic wooden handle, **$50.**

A fine red silk, deeply tucked from tip to point, covers another effective model the handle coming in scarlet to match, **$9.**

Almost infinite varieties harmonizing with toilettes of every description. Each is priced a little lower than any similar effect you can get elsewhere.

Special offering in our economy salesroom.

The wonderful success of our economy salesroom in the basement is not due to chance, but is determined by fixed and correct principles of merchandising management. We rigidly exclude all inferior, trashy, "made-just-to-sell" goods from our stocks. We transact business on an enormous scale, and the vast quantities of merchandise handled enable us to secure from manufacturers and wholesalers unusual price advantages, which we invariably share with patrons. The following items will be found in our economy salesroom:

Silk waists at 3.95.
Basement.

A showing of silk waists that will astonish posted buyers after noting the price at which they are quoted—they are ready-to-wear waists, costing less than the raw silk.

The manufacturer sustained a great loss, which is now your gain.

Stylish silk waists, entirely covered with dainty French tucks—handsome, popular colors—sold regularly at $7, now **3.95.**

Trefousse gloves, 25c.
Basement.

Great sale of women's mended kid gloves, including a vast collection of the celebrated Trefousse make, in black only, which sell regularly from $1 to $2 per pair.

It will pay you to buy in half dozen pair lots, for it is not often you can secure Trefousse kid gloves at so great a reduction.

The lot includes both suede and glace gloves in a full range of sizes, per pair, **50c and 25c.**

Made up rugs, 13.50.
Basement.

Dependable rugs, made up from carpet remnants during the dull season, in order to keep all hands busy and save fully ⅓ for our customers.

We've over a thousand of these rugs in choice velvets and body Brussels, supse 8.3x10.6.

People furnishing homes will find this a rare chance to save money, for the patterns are all desirable, the textures good and the price very low—**13.50.**

Odd pictures at 25c.
Basement.

A handsome collection of odd pictures, including some choice subjects that formerly sold for several times the price now quoted.

A rare opportunity to decorate the different nooks and rooms at a slight expense.

Fra Angelica in handsome gilt frames, with corner ornaments and easel backs, also large line of odd pictures, to close at **25c.**

Women's union suits.
Basement.

The warm days will soon replace the heavy winter underwear with light, airy garments, and we have a bargain offering here that you cannot afford to overlook.

Women's ribbed union suits in summer weight at the remarkably low price of 25c.

They are exceptionally good value. Made low neck and sleeveless with wide lace trimmed umbrella bottoms—each **25c.**

Women's hosiery, 10c.
Basement.

Wisdom dictates hosiery buying for the entire season at the remarkably low prices which now prevail; the saving is considerable on each purchase.

We are seldom privileged to quote such prices on this grade of goods.

Women's fast black cotton hosiery, with double heels and toes, children's ribbed cotton hosiery with black feet, pair **10c.**

Remnants dress goods
Basement.

Thousands of remnants and dress lengths that have been accumulating since January 1st are now marked at prices that will close them out in a day.

Lengths suitable for waists, skirts or dresses, in newest shades and weaves.

Handsome albatross, batiste, crepes, cheviots, serges, cassimeres, suitings, etc., all choice materials, per yard, **35c** and **15c.**

Empire corsets at 35c.
Basement.

Upon comparison you'll find that our basement corset section cannot be surpassed for stylishness, quality and low pricing.

High grade corsets are shown in this section at prices utterly impossible with other houses.

One item of special interest is our Empire net corset in white and fancy colorings, sizes 18 to 20—a remarkably good corset at **35c.**

1 lb. writing paper, 5c.

Best offer in fine stationery ever known to Chicago buyers. The bargain price makes it advisable to lay in a good supply now.

Mandel's linen laid writing paper, plain or ruled, 100 sheets to the pound, **5c.** 125 envelopes to match, **20c.**

Ten good writing tablets, either commercial or letter size, plain or ruled, 33c; single tablets at **4c.**

White wash silks, 25c.
Basement.

For dainty summer dresses and waists no material exceeds these exquisite white wash and china silks, which we are now offering at the astonishingly low price of 25c.

The remainder of our immense stock to close at a fraction of their real value.

Handsome corded white wash silks, and 1,500 yards of heavy lustrous white china silks so very desirable—at a price we will be unable to duplicate later in the season—**25c.**

Wash petticoats, 50c.
Basement.

Extraordinary values in wash petticoats—well-made, stylish garments at half and less than half regular prices.

An opportunity for securing summer petticoats at a price not likely to be repeated this season.

A grand assortment of washable petticoats made of fine gingham, in gray and white stripes, finished with deep, full flounces, regular $1 values, at **50c.**

Lace curtains at $1.
Basement.

A wonderful chance for curtain buyers—a manufacturer's surplus stock bought at a mere fraction of their real worth and closed out on the same basis.

A curtain offering of unusual merit and one that knowing buyers will hasten to take advantage of.

All styles are represented—Irish point, Cluny, renaissance, ruffled and novelty nets—curtains that usually sell for a much higher price—per pair, **$3, $2** and **$1.**

Women's suits at $5.
Basement.

The finest collection of tailor-made suits ever shown in Chicago at the price. A magnificent sample line secured at a great price concession.

They are stylish, well made suits for which you'd readily pay double.

Eton and blouse suits of cheviots, Venetians, broadcloth and homespuns—splendid quality—cut and trimmed according to the latest styles—**9.75, 7.50** and **$5.**

Children's dresses, 68c
Basement.

Never was such modishness displayed in juvenile garments as this year; the little misses' dresses have the same smart style touches characteristic of the older models.

Our showing embraces a complete line of children's wash dresses in latest styles and materials.

Selection is made easy by the charming assortments, range of sizes and lowness of prices. Children's wash dresses at **98c, 75c** and **68c.**

Men's neckwear, 25c.
Basement.

Grand after-Easter clearing sale of men's stylish neckwear, all the odd styles and broken lines left from the extensive selling previous to Easter now to close at great reductions.

For those who have not already secured their season's supply this is an opportunity of rare significance.

Beautiful spring neckwear in high grade makes, newest and most-up-to-date shapes—all at half and less than half regular price—each, **25c.**

Boys' $4 suits, 1.95.
Basement.

Economical parents will find this bargain event of more than usual interest, since it enables them to equip the boys for spring at such a trifling outlay.

Suits that are extremely well made and of very good materials priced wondrously low.

Boys' double-breasted suits of fine all-wool cassimeres and cheviots, in dark mixtures, sewed throughout with silk—regular $4 values to close at **1.95.**

Men's top coats, $5.
Basement.

A price that has never before been quoted on coats of equal quality, style and workmanship. Chicago's correct dressers are wearing the same garment.

Handsome, fashionable top coats that will give better service than many high priced garments.

They come in light tan and brown whipcords, extra well lined and tailored, the equal of any $10 coat in the city—at only **$5.**

Chicago's greatest opportunity in fine rugs.

The opportunity is afforded those who visit our great rug emporium to select from the finest collection of rugs, both Oriental and American, to be found in this country and at the lowest range of prices.

The designs and colorings are characteristic of the superiority of our rugs and are exclusive with us.

Every reliable make of rugs is included in our mammoth assortments; every size that you can possibly desire, and the qualities are such as bear the test of the most critical examination.

Buying in larger quantities than other houses and at the most favorable time of the year, we are able to secure advantages that lessen materially the prices quoted to our customers, so that it has become generally known throughout Chicago that Mandel's is the best place to buy rugs.

Wilton rugs, so well copied from the finest Orientals you can hardly tell the difference, for rooms, halls, stairs, etc.

3.26 for the 2,3x4.6 Wilton rugs.
4.75 for the 3.0x5.3 Wilton rugs.
$12 for the 4.6x7.6 Wilton rugs.
$20 for the 6x9 Wilton rugs.
$30 for the 8.3x10.6 Wilton rugs.
$35 for the 9x12 Wilton rugs.
$45 for the 10.6x12 Wilton rugs.
$55 for the 10.6x14 Wilton rugs.

Smith Axminster rugs.
16.50 for the 8.3x10.6 rugs.
$19 for the 9x12 rugs.

French Wilton rugs, elegant for parlor use. Never before have such beautiful rugs been made for the money; French colorings, Oriental designs.
$45 for the 8.3x10.6 rug. **$50 for the 9x12 rug.**

John Bromley & Sons and imperial Smyrna rugs, very best qualities.
$24 for the 7.6x10.6 rug. **$30 for the 9x12 rug.**
14.50 for the 6x9 rug. **7.50 for the 4x7 rug.**

Body Brussels rugs, Oriental patterns and colors.
$18 for the 8.3x10.6 rug.
$21 for the 9x12 rug.
Best qualities.
$21 for the 8.3x10x6 rug.
23.50 for the 9x12 rug.

Verona velours for portieres and furniture coverings.

One of those extraordinary bargain events that have made this section the Mecca of economical shoppers in Chicago is real-
1.75 ized today in this great sale of Verona velours—the favorite fabric for elegant portieres and handsome furniture coverings. The regular price for this rare material is 3.25 per yard. You choose today from an enormous collection of these fabrics, 50-inch widths, beautiful reds, greens, and browns, at the unprecedentedly low price, 1.75. There will be nothing to equal this again. **1.75**

Victoria rep portieres, plain grounds with tapestry borders, latest and most elegant colorings for artistic furnishing, **4.85 per pair.**

Remarkable sale of white bedspreads: saving of 33⅓%.

5,000 bedspreads make up the great purchase which we place on sale today at a saving of fully one-third. The qualities
95c are the very best, and all who participate in the advantages will remember this sale as one of the greatest saving opportunities ever offered. Included in this vast collection is a great number of full sized crochet bedspreads, in beautiful Marseilles patterns, which we quote at about half their real value, at 95c. **95c**

Full sized fringed bedspreads, with long knotted fringe for brass beds, at **1.25.**

Full sized heavy Marseilles bedspreads, hemmed, good assortment of patterns, at **$2.**

Full sized fringed bedspreads in pink, blue, yellow and white, splendid values at **3.50.**

Handkerchief chat heard in the old English room.

"So sorry to be late!" and a pair of youthful eyes fairly resplendent with delight beamed upon a motherly face at the opposite side of the tea table, "but, O! if you'd seen those handkerchiefs on the first floor you'd have forgotten your luncheon appointment, too. I want my pin money just for handkerchiefs hereafter. Why, I can actually furnish all my room and wardrobe with them."

"Another of your exaggerations, I suppose," rejoined the other, passing the wafers.

"Not so much as you think, Mutterchen," came the answer. "As I came up to the handkerchief section to get a half dozen dainty ones for my depleted case, what do you suppose I saw? A superb handkerchief bag made of two mites of French mouchoirs, just laced together with baby ribbon drawn through the open edgework and then fastened in a big dashing bow-knot all slanting across the side. It's hung up by ribbon streamers. Isn't that clever for your mussed and soiled handkerchiefs?"

"Mandel's always have something new," replied the mother.

"But that's not all. You ought to have seen the great big sofa cushion there. It's bewitchingly dainty, all of handkerchiefs—the new, very fine tinted men's handkerchiefs—and so easy to put together! It takes four, they told me at the counter, besides a strip of white lace beading and a few yards of baby ribbon; one for the top cut into four parts, one for the back and two for the ruffles, while the beading and ribbon are laced across the top. Then there's the jolliest bandana, all red and yellow polka dots, turned into a ruffled apron, with a bandana dusting cap that just looks like 'Aunt Jemima's' to match. Another man's handkerchief, white with pink border, is charmed into a smarter stock for my summer shirt waists than is dreamed of in the ordinary stockmaker's philosophy.

"A corset cover, too—fancy that out of handkerchiefs, as exquisitely fine as any French lingerie you ever saw, just made out of three Parisian handkerchiefs, one for the back, one for each side, and ribbons for the shoulder straps."

"And have the handkerchiefs spirited away all your appetite?" smiled the mother, glancing at the chatterer's neglected teapot.

"Never! Even those lovely handkerchiefs can be forgotten in this dear little English tearoom. Doesn't it make you think of our coaching trip through Lancashire last summer?"

Dr. Jaeger's pure wool sanitary underwear.

Of course you've heard of the eminent German professor, Dr. Gustav Jaeger, the scientist who has made the proper clothing of the body a life study, and has embodied the results of his research in the celebrated Jaeger pure woolen underwear.

The underwear that bears Dr. Jaeger's name is the most healthful that has ever been devised for spring and summer wear.

It's made of perfectly pure fine wool, is just porous enough and is finished in just the right way—it absorbs perspiration without retaining it, and generates a mild form of electricity that has a beneficial effect upon the body.

The factories in which the woolens are made are under the personal supervision of Dr. Jaeger, a fact which assures the strictest sanitary surroundings.

We've an extensive assortment of the Jaeger underwear which has recently been subjected to a reduction of almost **15%,** bringing prices down to those quoted for less meritorious grades.

Women's dressing sacques, kimonos.

Daintiness and comfort are the two words that strike the keynote of the superior assemblage of women's negligee garments we're offering today.

The loose folds and flowing lines are in keeping with the ease and freedom craved for boudoir and morning house wear. But there's a distinct style and beauty about Mandel negligee—they're never formless.

We sell all classes of women's negligee garments, from the simplest wrapper to luxurious creations in rich, creamy, elegant silks.

Washable dressing sacques in the daintiest styles imaginable, finished in dozens of new and pretty ways—colored lawns in beautiful patterns and white sacques, elaborated with choice lace and embroideries. Kimono sacques at **95c, 75c, 59c** and **45c.** And regular dressing sacques at **95c, 75c, 1.25, 1.50, 1.95, 2.95** and up to **10.50.**

Lawn negligees come in white grounds, with pink, blue and red polka dots, stripes and figures, and in darker striped effects. Made in the very latest styles and all wonderfully pretty—a grand bargain chance for all at **2.95, 1.95, 1.50, 1.25, 95c** and **85c.**

Panama derby hats, $2

We've the dressiest hats shown this season, blending the style virtues of the derby and the panama shapes without the faults of either.

Prices are not regulated here by style or quality. It's simply how low can we afford to make them?

Our Lednam hat is the best hat ever sold at the price. It's the same in all essentials of style and felt as the $3 hats at the exclusive hatters, our price, **$2.**

Our Bedford hat is the usual $5 quality. There's no better hat sold anywhere; strictly high grade in every respect, price **$3.**

Monogram buttons 13c.

Have your initial or monogram engraved on fine heavy pearl buttons with metal shanks.

They're all the rage just now for the new Gibson waists.

Single initials, old English letters—monograms in block letters.

Size 30, single initial with button, each 18c; set of six, **75c.**
Size 30, fancy monogram with button, each 28c; set of six, **1.38.**
Size 40, single initial with button, each 21c; set of six, **1.23.**
Size 40, fancy monogram with button, each 41c; set of six, **2.43.**
Size 50, single initial with button, each 35c; set of six, **2.05.**
Size 50, fancy monogram with button, each 60c; set of six, **3.55.**
Size 60, single letter with button, each 50c; set of six, **2.98.**
Size 60, fancy monogram with button, each 65c; set of six, **3.88.**

MANDEL BROTHERS

A handsome go-cart at 7.50

A graceful, easy carriage that will just suit the baby, and such a bargain at 7.50. Baby doesn't care about the price, but mamma does, and she usually comes here when in search of bargains.

If parents will come in and see this go-cart we'll take the chances on their buying, for carts not nearly so good sold a year or so back at $15.

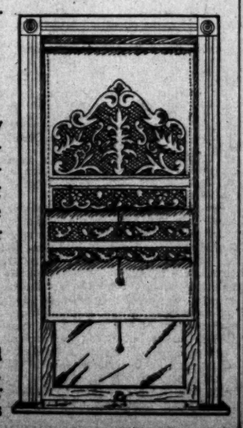
The construction is high grade throughout, made of the best quality of materials, easy to run and easy to ride in. They're distinctively Mandel values and we are proud of them.

This handsome stationary go-cart (like cut), made of the best selected reeds, has a heavy roll, sides bound with cane, green gear, rubber tire wheels, brake and parasol attachment, shellac finish—a special bargain at **7.50.**

Window shades to order, 65c

This great saving chance, which many thousands of our customers have already taken advantage of, will end April 12th.

There's still time to reap the benefits of our remarkable offer, but don't delay, for prices will be made higher later in the season.



We originated the custom of making window shades to order at a close margin of profit during the early part of April to accommodate customers at the time of their spring housecleaning and moving. At least six shades must be ordered at a time, and the offer holds good for residences or flats only.

We've a corps of workmen who have been making window shades all their lives; they use only the best hand-made opaque and guaranteed spring rollers.

This price includes taking special measurements for and hanging every shade, **65c per shade** in orders of a half dozen or more. We also make fancy shades of all kinds to order and at very moderate prices.

"The Tribune" Will Move Into Its New Building May 1, 1902

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTD—STEADY MAN; HANDY at anything; steno., one firm 8 years; bookkeeper; wants agency or position with future; vehicle bus. preferred; mod. salary. S 579, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS assistant bookkeeper, correspondent, or bill clerk, where hard and faithful work will be appreciated; small firm preferred. T 341, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN OF 27, with executive ability, in the capacity of bookkeeper or salesman; A1 ref.; 6 years' experience. Address T 360, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER AND office man; experienced in iron and mchy. line. Address T 303, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERIENCED bookkeeper, good salesman, desires position; willing to start at small wages. T 373, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—REGISTERED PHARmacist and dentist. Care "Tramp," 209 Wells.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED RIBbon salesman wishes traveling position with manufacturer or large wholesale and jobbing house. Address T 302, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SALESMAN DESIRES position on salary; can furnish A1 references, also bonds. Address T 359, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—LICENSED ENGIneer, 17 years' practical experience in steam and electricity; best of references; has tools. LOUIS HANSEN, 6048 Peoria-st.

SITUATION WANTED—WALL PAPER CLEANed; send postal. 363 Rush-st., Flat 2.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—BY JAPANESE COOK; $7 week; refs. Address T 327, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — ELDERLY MAN; light housework. Address T 332, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, MARried, age 35; careful driver and a first-class man around the place; best city ref. I. L., 247 Lincoln-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COACHMAN AND yard work; thoroughly competent and reliable, married, no children; best reference. WILLIAM GLOAD, 3963 Drexel-blvd.

SITUATION WANTED — BY AN EXPERIenced coachman; willing and obliging; can milk; will go to country; best city ref. T 282, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COACHman; sober and willing; city refs. T 343, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MARRIED coachman; best city refs. R 497, Tribune.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MAN, 22; 3 years' experience as stenographer and office man, at present employed, desires to correspond with any one needing services; excellent references. Address J W S, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS STENOGRAPHER and general office man; experience; best refs. Address T 385, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED man; accurate, rapid; mod. sal. T 339, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—RELIABLE YOUNG man of 21, good habits, now employed as stenographer in railroad office, will appreciate good position with outdoor work; can furnish first-class references; willing to travel. T 445, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WANTED — YOUNG MARRIED couple wish to take care of flat or house for summer; use of home as remuneration; ref. exchanged. Address T 362, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED married man as janitor, no children, good references. Address T 352, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WATCHMAN, ELEvator, janitor; refs. or bond. T 323, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 25, steady and temperate. T 194, Tribune office.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATION WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, care of town residence during summer. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st.

SITUATION WANTED — ENGLISH BUTLER; wages required; $40. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

RANGES—PRICES FROM $28 UP. THE PERheller cooking genius is reached in a range that will cook for one or forty; burn gas, hard or soft coal, or wood; heat water quickly; bake, roast, broil, steam, or fry to perfection; last a lifetime and save its price in a year. The "Majestic" coal, gas, wood, combination range does all of this and more. Sold on easy payments. IDEAL STEAM COOKERS—Cook a whole dinner over one hole; no burning; no odors; save half in fuel.

UNIVERSAL DISH WASHERS — No broken dishes, no red hands, no lost temper; only a few minutes' work.

COOKING UTENSILS—White porcelain lined steel. Every housekeeper delighted with them.

REFRIGERATORS—ALASKA, white enameled, white tile lined; prices from $6.72 to $108. Star refrigerators from $5 to $15.82. We carry full lines of Lightning ice cream freezers, Jewell water coolers, water filters, Imperial lawn mowers, rubber hose, lawn sprinklers, poultry netting, wire cloth, etc., at lowest prices.

ORR & LOCKETT HARDWARE CO.,
71 and 73 Randolph-st.

ELEGANT, UP-TO-DATE FURNITURE AND household goods, practically new, having been used a few months only, for sale at less than the original cost. These goods comprise some of the finest productions of modern times. Rare woods of different kinds, polished to a degree of perfection only known to the present day finishers. Some inlaid and decorated pieces of rare beauty and design. Upholstered davenport, parlor, library, and couch pieces in rich silks, veronicas, damasks, and leather. Floor coverings of large and small rugs, velvet and brussels carpets, Persian, Irish point and Arabian curtains. Brass beds, box springs, and hair mattresses. Mahogany and birdseye maple chiffoniers, dressers, and chamber suits. Leather couch. Beautiful oak dining set with leather seat chairs, combination bookcase, and ladies' desk. Cabinets and china closets. Mirrors, glass, oil paintings, pictures, mirrors, bric-a-brac, and a magnificent full sized mahogany upright piano. Those wishing to replenish their homes with nice things would do well to examine these goods, as they must be sold at once.

261 Ashland-blvd., near Van Buren.

ENTIRE CONTENTS OF A 7-ROOM FLAT TO be sacrificed this week, consisting of rugs, beds, dressers, chiffoniers, bookcases, refrigerator, tables, chairs, etc., almost new. 2804½ E. 31st-st., 1st. Michigan and Wabash.

THE GREAT, EXCLUSIVE CARPET HOUSE and the Rug Store, Wabash-av., cor. Congress, carries the largest stock in the city. Prices only about half asked by installment houses.
O. W. RICHARDSON & CO., Props.

AUCTION—AUCTION—
Friday, April 11, 10 a. m., 2351 Indiana-av., the furniture of 20-room house; dealers, take notice. L. H. BURD, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT LINE OF BRASS AND IRON BEDS, chiffoniers, dressers, couches, etc., ¼ price, on acct. of moving. 2224 Cottage Grove.

I PAY CASH WITHOUT DELAY FOR FURNIture of residence, flats, and dealers' stock. R. WALLS, 352 W. Madison-st. Phone Halsted 55.

I PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR FURNIture of flats, hotels, and dealers' stocks. Phone Monroe 392. DEWAR, 381 W. Madison-st.

KENWOOD STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.—Move, pack, ship, store in fireproof furniture, 314 E. 43d-st. Tel. Oakland 80. T. W. PHILPOTT, Mgr.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, SLIGHTLY USED, SPEcial sale every day; cheapest place in Chicago. 45 to 71 E. Madison-st. PHALIN, BENNETT & CO.

WE PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICES FOR ALL kinds of household goods, bicycles, etc. Modern Supply House, 2804½ E. 31st-st.

FOR SALE — BROOMHALL 8-FOOT RANGE; good order. 411 North-av.

ENTIRE HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE cheap; leaving city. 7022 Normal-av.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

CHECK PERFORATOR, $5; MIMEOGRAPH, $40, worth $40; Trip. auto. cash register, $3.75; bookkeeper's desk, $7.50; roll-top desk, $12; flat desk, $5; safe, $20. Chicago Safe and Mdse. Co., 47 Dearborn-st. Telephone Central 2062.

CHAS. BENDER—
PHONE NORTH 1442. 129-131 WELLS-ST.
Large and complete line of new and second-hand store and office fixtures.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OR NEW AND 2D-hand office and store fixtures; lowest prices in the city. See us first if you care to save money.
T. CASEY'S SONS, 41-47 5th-av.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME WALNUT UPRIGHT stock case; plate glass doors; three sections. 816 Royal Insurance Building.

WANTED—SAFE FOR OFFICE AND ONE FOR store; must be cheap. Address O W 54, Tribune office.

CASH REGISTERS $25—BEST AND MOST SYSmatic register for retail dealer. Continental Cash Register Co., Suite 302, 85 Dearborn-st.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF NATIONAL cash registers and billiard and pool tables. H. SCHOHN & CO., 171 E. Randolph-st.

CASH REGISTERS BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXchanged; highest cash price paid for old registers. Cash Register Exchange, 198 Madison-st.

FOR SALE—FINE OFFICE PARTITION, NEAR-ly new. Inquire Room 606 Steinway Hall Bldg.

DESKS, TYPEWRITERS, GRAPHOPHONE, safe, telephones, etc., cheap. 853? Wabash.

WANTED—NATIONAL CASH REGISTER. AD-dress O F 417, Tribune office.

CLEANERS, DYERS, AND LAUNDRIES.

AUG. SCHWARTZ, "LADIES' AND GENTS' agencies" for stores: 159 Illinois-st., 126 Dearborn-st., 1359 West Madison-st.

COOK & McLAIN, 80 DEARBORN-ST., 'PHONE Main 2547, 54 and 56 39th-st. 'Phone Oak. 539. Hyde Park-st. 'Phone Monroe 1181.

BERGEN & CO. FANCY DYERS AND CLEANers, 3419-19 State-st. Phone Oakland 1348.

TALKING MACHINES.

FOR SALE—BUY, OR EXCHANGE—TALKING machines, records. DAVIS, 163 State-st., take elevator.

BUYERS AND JOBBERS TALKING MACHINES and Edison Phonograph Co., 110 Dearborn.

DEALERS IN TALKING MACHINES—Wholesale and retail. JAS. T. LYON, 15 5th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED lady cashier; some knowledge of booking. Address T 308, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RELIABLE SWEDish woman [30], as housekeeper or cook; references. Address T 378, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — GENERAL HOUSEwork, family of two; $4; West Side. NELSON, 65 McLean-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS colored cook, fancy cooking. 2423 State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG SWEDE, LAdy's maid; understands manicure. T 379, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—COOK, COLORED. 492 State-st., Room 3.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERIENCED cook and laundress; ref.; $6. 5617 Jefferson-av.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER IN widower's family by American lady, 29 years old. Call or address 368 Fulton-st. Claro Davis.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AMERICAN LADY, trustworthy, as housekeeper for good parties. C. W., 11553 Michigan-av., Kensington.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — BY LADY STENOGrapher, good writer and speller; rapid, accurate; reasonable salary. Address T 141, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS STENOGRAPHER; young lady experienced, rapid, accurate, and thorough. Address T 338, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED LADY stenographer and general office work; references; $10. Address T 283, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — LADY STENOGrapher; some experience; no bookkeeping; state salary. Address T 267, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS, A1 stenographer; only best positions considered. Address T 260, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED stenographer, 25; have perfect order and system; salary $10. Address T 371, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TYPEWRITER; RAPID operator; Remington or S. P. T 269, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY REFINED EUROpean lady as companion in travels; speaks fluently English, French, German, and a good deal of Spanish; has traveled extensively on the seas; very proficient as dressmaker and milliner; good references. Write to B. HURTH, 335 N. East-st., Indianapolis, Ind.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY AS companion to invalid or child; will travel. Address T 383, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TO COPY ADDRESSES. Address T 440, Tribune office.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED—DOMESTIC SERVants, all nationalities; private families town or country. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st. Tel. N. 100.

SITUATIONS WANTED — TWO SISTERS; cook, laundress, and second work. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

MISSING—A LADY, MEDIUM HEIGHT, AGE 35, weight about 122, hair very light, large blue eyes, wore a short dress, black jacket, fancy low shoes, white hat lined with purple; left home on South Side Monday evening, April 7, while temporarily suffering from nervous and mental trouble. Any information leading to her return will be liberally rewarded. Report information to Hyde Park Police Station.

LOST — A LADY'S GOLD WATCH, INITIALS W. R. M., gold pin, with pearls, between 5639 Jefferson-av., on Illinois Central, or Van Buren-st. station and Mandel's. Reward. Return to Holland, 208 55th-st.

LOST—LADY'S GOLD WATCH, OPEN FACE, marked April 20, 1901, with chatelaine pin; between Glencoe and 4158 Vincennes-av., Flat 34. Suitable reward.

LOST—WED. P. M., LADY'S SILVER PURSE, marked H. S. Reward. LEO STEEL, 3938 Grand-blvd.

LOST—BRINDLE BULL TERRIER DOG; HAD silver collar; reward. Return 3346 Vernon.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—
CRANE'S The Big Reliable Credit Store.
CRANE'S 185 and 187 Wabash-av.
CRANE'S Open evenings.
CRANE'S Newest spring styles in ladies' hats.
CRANE'S The latest things in men's suits and overcoats.
CRANE'S Spring outfits for youths, misses, and children.
CRANE'S Dress goods, silks, trimmings, linings.
CRANE'S Footwear, shoes, umbrellas, hats, gloves.
CRANE'S shirts, hosiery, and underwear.
Furnishings for EASY
MEN AND WOMEN EASY
Furniture, carpets, EASY
and draperies sold on easy PAYMENTS
weekly or monthly payments EASY
at lowest prices PAYMENTS
for merchandise EASY
of high grade PAYMENTS
OPEN EVENINGS. EASY
BUEL, D. CRANE & CO., PAYMENTS
185 and 187 Wabash-av. EASY
Second floor. PAYMENTS
Send for booklet of new styles.

PERSONAL—
THOUSANDS OF SALARIED PEOPLE and families appreciate circumstances in their trading with us on "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stock everything worn by men, women, and children or used to furnishing a home complete from parlor to kitchen. Beautifully decorated chinaware given away with all purchases amounting to $5 or over. Established in 1868. E. SIEGEL & CO.,
2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—HYPNOTISM—THE WONDERS and possibilities of applied hypnotism and personal magnetism also the 3 degrees of perfection only known to the present day finishers. Some inlaid and decorated pieces of rare beauty and design. Upholstered davenport, parlor, library, and couch pieces in rich silks, veronicas, damasks, and leather. Floor coverings of large and small rugs, velvet and brussels carpets, Persian, Irish point and Arabian curtains. Brass beds, box springs, and hair mattresses. Mahogany and birdseye maple chiffoniers, dressers, and chamber suits. Leather couch. Beautiful oak dining set with leather seat chairs, combination bookcase, and ladies' desk. Cabinets and china closets. Mirrors, glass, oil paintings, pictures, mirrors, bric-a-brac, and a magnificent full sized mahogany upright piano. Those wishing to replenish their homes with nice things would do well to examine these goods, as they must be sold at once.

261 Ashland-blvd., near Van Buren.

PERSONAL—"GOOD SENSE" BEAUTIFYING, according to Mme. Qui Vive's "Good Sense" ideas. Facial treatments, scalp treatments, age shampoos, creams. Mme. Masse, 35 cents complexion brushes, 75 cents. MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, 36 Washington-st., city.

PERSONAL—FUR GARMENTS MADE TO ORder and repaired at lowest prices. DAVID BECKER & CO.,
Formerly of Marshall Field Co., 90 Wabash-av., cor. Washington. Telephone Cent. 2849.

PERSONAL—ABOLISH SUPERFLUOUS FAT. Keep your figure, and your good health without dieting, drugs, or apparatus. Indorsements from prominent people. Hours 10 to 5. The Barnard Institute, 1107-08-09 Chamberlain Bldg., 126 State-st.

PERSONAL—MANICURING,
FACIAL AND SCALP TREATMENT,
LADIES' GENTLEMEN;
MME. BARTON,
Suite 522, 263-269 Dearborn.

PERSONAL—DIAMONDS AND WATCHES DEliver ed to honest persons, to be paid for in small monthly payments. Accounts opened on application by mail or in person. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 103 State-st.

PERSONAL—MILLINERY, INCLUDING THE genuine "Connelly" turbans and Phippo and Atchison's women's tailored and riding hats. Maison Nouvelle, 308 and 310 Wabash, Auditorium.

PERSONAL—MENTAL HEALING. PERSONAL magnetism, memory culture taught and demonstrated by E. Raymond. All diseases cured. Call. Bennett Institute, 26 E. Van Buren-st.

PERSONAL—MORPHINE, CIGARET, OPIUM, cocaine, and other drug addicts may learn of a speedy and painless cure by addressing Dressmaker, F 146, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—CONFECTIONERY, FINE BONbons and chocolates, famous throughout the United States. Sold for wholesale and retail catalogue. C. F. Gunther, Confectioner, 252 State-st.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts, birthmarks; 12 years' experience; 7 years in present office; indorsed by prominent physician. MME. STIVER, M. E., 1417 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, red noses, etc., destroyed by electric needle; book free. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—WRINKLES, MOLES, AND traces of old age removed permanently; acne cured. TOMPKINS, M. D., 1308 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—COCKROACHES AND BEDBUGS exterminated from your premises under guarantee. Frederick Perez & Co., 427 State-st.

PERSONAL — SCALP AND FACIAL TREATment a specialty, and manicuring. Mme. Mehuron & Brill, Suite 1005 Stewart Bldg., 92 State-st.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by electric needle; cure guaranteed. MME. A. KALLMAN, 1210 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—HENRY KESSLER, THE RELIAble furrier, repairs and remodels furs; stored for the summer. 88 E. Washington-st., R. 43-44.

PERSONAL—FACIAL BLEMISHES AND DEformities removed, scientific methods. Dr. B. R. Masten, Dermatologist, Suite 601, 46 Van Buren.

PERSONAL—TEKLA FOLKE INSTITUTE, 57 Washington-st., 9th floor. Tel. Cent. 344. Swedish movements and baths. Estab. 1885.

PERSONAL—MANICURING, CHIROPODY AND ELECTRIC TREATMENT. ALICE LIND, R. 60-61, 95 Washington-st.

PERSONAL—KELLBERG INSTITUTE, LATE of Central Music Hall; est. 1881; movement cure, Tel. 3632 Cent. Dyche Bldg., 65 Randolph-st.

PERSONAL—WILL LOAN MONEY, LEGAL rate, on diamonds. Address S 548, Tribune.

PERSONAL — DE LASCAU INSTITUTE, 3031 Cottage Grove-av.; movement and water cure.

PERSONAL—MANICURING AND CHIROPODY; new management. 316, 56 5th-av.

PERSONAL—MANICURING, SCALP TREATment, hairdressing and dyeing. 1250 Michigan-av.

PERSONAL—LABOR LOANS; ALL KINDS; chattel mortgages; low rates. R. 55, 90 Wabash.

PERSONAL — THE SWEDISH MOVEMENTS. HILDA MALMQUIST, 328 La Salle-av., Flat D.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

5X7 ZEISS SERIES 7A LENS, B. & L. SHUTter, $65. Cameras bought or exchanged. Central Camera Co., 31 Adams-st.

FOR PHOTOGRAPH COUPONS OF ANY GAllery address Coupon Agency, Suite 55, 90 Wabash.

BARTER AND EXCHANGE.

BARBER — FIRST-CLASS, FOR HOTEL; MUST be single, sober, and a first-class workman; good position for right man. Address C. H. STIMSON, Kramer, Ind.

I WANT TAILORING IN EXCHANGE FOR life insurance. Address T 221, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BILL CLERKS—IN WHOLESALE DRY GOODS house; salary $10 to start; must write good hand and be good at figures. Address O F 433, Tribune office.

BILL CLERK—MAN OF 25 OR 30; MUST BE A good writer and able to assist on books; salary $9; must leave city. Address J A 5, Tribune office.

BILL CLERK — EXPERIENCED YOUNG MAN; good writer; $10. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER—FOR LARGE brewery; must be of recognized ability, energy, and integrity; one speaking German preferred; state age and former experience. Address T 413, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—RAPID AND ACCURATE. APPLY SUPT.'S OFFICE
SIEGEL, COOPER & CO.

BOOKKEEPER—CAPABLE OF FILLING 1ST-class position; $20. 740, 108 La Salle-st.

EXP. BILL CLERK — GOOD PENMAN; $10. HOWARD, 403 Fort Dearborn Bldg.

FILING CLERK—YOUNG MAN, 16 TO 18 YEARS of age; one with experience in vertical filing system preferred; must be capable and industrious to merit advancement. Address O F 347, Tribune office.

FREIGHT CLERK—THOROUGHLY POSTED rate clerk, to handle freight business of jobbing house; must be industrious, capable, and of unquestioned habits and character. Address T 369, Tribune office.

LEDGER MAN—IN WHOLESALE HOUSE; one who understands his business; state full particulars. Address O F 431, Tribune office.

OFFICE MAN—GOOD WRITER AND FIGURER, $10. 740, 108 La Salle-st.

OFFICE CLERK—YOUNG MEN; EXPERIenced in R. R. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

OFFICE MAN — AGE 20; EXP. IN R. R. WORK; $30. MR. MACDONALD, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

SHIPPING CLERK—IN LARGE MANUFACturing concern; must be well posted on classifications; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address O F 429, Tribune office.

SHIPPING CLERK—EXPERIENCED YOUNG man. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

YOUNG MAN—FOR ORDER DEPT. IN WHOLEsale merchant tailoring; must be rapid and accurate and possess thorough knowledge of the business; an exceptional opportunity to the right person. Address O C 132, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 20, FOR GENERAL OFfice work and to assist on books; salary $9; must state full particulars as to age, salary, and experience. Address T 441, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 18, TO ASSIST IN OFfice; must be fair penman. Call Star Brass Works, 67 S. Canal-st.

YOUNG MAN — AGE 20, GOOD WRITER; EXperienced; fire insurance office; $10. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

YOUNG MAN — AGE 20, SOME EXP. IN GENTS' furnishing line; $7-$8. PLATT, 403, 134 Monroe-st.

YOUNG MAN — ASSISTANT BILL CLERK—Exp.; $8. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

AN IMMEDIATE INCOME ASSURED TO MEN WHO CAN SELL LIFE INSURANCE.

ILLINOIS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
134 MONROE-ST.

AN INTELLIGENT MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS, capable of earning a good salary, to travel in the interest of a first-class house; position permanent. 517 Manhattan Building.

CANVASSERS—SALARY AND COM. APPLY by mail. Racine Underwear, 1206 Woman's Temple.

CARPET SALESMEN—8, THOROUGHLY EXperienced. Apply to Supt., THE FAIR.

CIGAR SALESMAN—A1, WITH ESTABLISHED trade, for clear Havana factory; good salary. References and bond required. Give amount of sales for past 3 years; strictly confidential. Address R 433, Tribune office.

CITY SALESMAN—ALSO ONE FOR THE ROAD; experienced in ladies' cloak and skirt line; good reference required; salary and commission. Address T 287, Tribune office.

GLUE SALESMAN. ADDRESS T 146, Tribune office.

GROCERY SALESMAN — STRICTLY FIRST-class; for city trade; must have established city trade in the line; give full particulars; salary no object; want the man. Address P 510, Tribune office.

GROCERY SPECIALTY SALESMEN—EXPERienced; side line; strictly commission basis. Call 9 to 12 a. m. American Victorine Co., 60 Wabash.

LIVE, ENERGETIC, YOUNG MAN, OF GOOD address, to represent Eastern house in Indiana; must be capable interviewer; $2,500 per month and $2,500 yearly. Address M 457, Tribune office.

MAN—TO SELL LIQUORS ON C. O. D. PLAN; must have reference and exp.; salary $50 and exp. to start; well-known firm. Address J A 3, Tribune office.

MAN—TO SELL CROCERIES TO CONSUMERS in country towns at wholesale; no capital required; permanent; pays well; ref. required.
HUTCHCROFT BROS., 100 La Salle-st.

MATCH SALESMAN—TO SELL ON COMMISsion to retail grocers; also a grocery salesman, on commission to start. Address P 511, Tribune office.

MEN AND WOMEN MAKE $100 WEEKLY selling dividend paying gold mining stock; investigation solicited. Address P 568, Tribune.

RELIABLE SOLICITORS FOR SPECIAL WORK; profitable, pleasant. Address R 508, Tribune.

RUG SALESMEN—TWO. APPLY TO SUPT., THE FAIR.

SALESMAN — EXPERIENCED, FOR MEN'S clothing. Apply to Supt., THE FAIR.

SALESMAN—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, for boys' clothing. Apply to Supt., THE FAIR.

SALESMAN—FIRST-CLASS, TO DO SPECIAL work in circulation dept. of daily newspaper; must be well dressed, educated, and capable of meeting good people; references absolutely necessary; salary $12 weekly and commission; do not answer unless you mean business and are ready to work. Apply Room 400 Chicago Journal Bldg.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED MAN, IN CLEANing and dyeing business, who thoroughly understands handling trade, to take charge established store, South Side; married man preferred; good salary, permanent position if references are satisfactory. Address S 581, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

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TO RENT—KENWOOD AND MADISON PARK houses, all kinds, $45 to $100; new colonial; 5 minutes from electric or Ill. Cent.
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TO RENT—MICHIGAN-AV., NORTH OF 22D-st., several desirable houses suitable for residences or business; will make alterations.
HONORE BROS., 1102 Marquette Bldg.

TO RENT—COR. PRAIRIE-AV. AND 25TH-ST., brick residence with grounds, 9 rms., and bath; suitable for boarding or sanitarium; rooms can be increased. PORTER & BRO., 175 Dearborn.

TO RENT — 2223 CALUMET-AV., 8-STY. MODern brick residence; possession any time. OLIVER & SCOTT, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—11-ROOM COR. HOUSE, YARD, 3801 Prairie-av.; $65 per month. G. A. SPRINGER & CO., 39th and Prairie.

TO RENT—3566 PRAIRIE-AV., DESIRABLE 11-room house, with barn; $40. MYRON A. PEARCE, 85 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT — KENWOOD, NEAR 48TH-ST., large detached furnished house for summer; cool. Address T 330, Tribune office.

TO RENT—3247 FOREST-AV., 10 ROOMS, OAK floors, fine light, natural gas heat, low rent. Call on premises.

TO RENT — 12-ROOM MODERN KENWOOD house, 111 49th-st., south front; $65.
G. A. SPRINGER & CO., 39th and Prairie-av.

TO RENT—3553 VERNON-AV., MODERN, first-class, perfect order, $40.
JOHN C. LONG, 701, 115 Monroe-st.

TO RENT—BRICK RESIDENCE, DETACHED, 11 rooms; all modern.
PIERCE & NORTON, 111 53d-st.

TO RENT—BY OWNER—5144 CORNELL-AV., new colonial home, detached; every room light; arrangement somewhat unique. Phone Drexel 1745.

TO RENT—3716 FOREST-AV., 10 RMS., HARDwood floors; fine barn; $100. 607, 145 La Salle.

TO RENT—4406 SIDNEY-AV., BET. LAKE AND Greenwood; 10-r. house, detached, corner.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

West Side.

TO RENT—

HOUSES AND FLATS IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. SEND FOR PRINTED LIST.
BAIRD & WARNER,
Telephone Main 4470. 90 La Salle-st.
Lake View Branch, s. w. cor. Evanston and Wilson-avs.
Englewood Branch, 925 W. 63d, cor. Green-st.

TO RENT—OR SALE—ATTRACTIVE BRICK house, 10 sunny rooms, side lawn, rear garden; right for children. 900 Lexington-st., nr. cor. Jackson-blvd. PORTER & BRO., 175 Dearborn.

TO RENT—1672 MONROE-ST., 200 FEET E. Garfield Park, swell 10-room modern residence; $75. A. C. TISDELLE, 145 La Salle-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—BY OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 CLARK-ST. TELEPHONE MAIN 1015.
900 BELDEN-AV., 3-story and basement brick house, 10 rooms and bath; hardwood floors; furnace heat; rent $50.
501 FULLERTON-AV., 3-story and basement brick house, 10 rooms and bath; hardwood floors; furnace heat; rent $45.
FROM MAY 1, 1902, we will have a few choice residences to rent on McCormick Theological Seminary property, in Fullerton and Belden-avs. and Chalmers-pl.; transportation facilities unexcelled; house modern in every respect; prices reasonable.

TO RENT — NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED, $40 per month, new 7-room brick and stone front house, containing every modern improvement. Apply to owner, n. corner Sheridan and Byron-sts., block south of Sheridan drive station, Northwestern Elevated.

TO RENT — 10-ROOM HOUSE, THOROUGHLY modern; perfect heat furnished from adjoining building; no trouble; no dirt; in excellent repair; coziest home; in best location on North Side. 407 N. State. Apply only to Room 408, 108 Dearborn-st., for card of admission. FRED A. CARY.

TO RENT—A HANDSOME 7-ROOM HOUSE, heated hot water system; large yard; first-class in every particular; $35. 401 Orchard-st., near Lincoln and Belden-avs.

TO RENT—9 TO 11 ROOM HOUSES, SHERIDAN Park, at terminus of N. W. Elevated; $75 to $83; one 14-room house, $100. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1908 Evanston-av.

TO RENT — LARGE 7-ROOM RESIDENCE; furnace heat; good locality. 324 Orchard-st.; ref. required. Apply 322 Orchard-st.

TO RENT — 27 SCOTT-ST., 9-ROOM HOUSE, with lake view; $60 per mo.
MRS. E. W. CASE, 29, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—192 DEARBORN-AV., COR. SUPERior, 12-room sunlight house, $65.
JOHN ALLEN, 115 Dearborn-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT — BEAUTIFUL HOUSE, JUST FINished, at Highland Park, 12 rooms, unfurnished, all modern, fine location, near lake, on Prospect-av.; lot 100x200 ft.; 2 or 3 yrs.' lease; low rental to quiet family only. EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE & CO., Chamber Commerce Bldg.

TO RENT—MY RIVERSIDE RESIDENCE; 14 rooms; hardwood floors, steam heat, all modern conveniences; large verandas, grounds, and stable; cement walks; $100 per month. MRS. GEO. HUNT, Riverside, Ill.

TO RENT — BEVERLY HILLS—MODERN frame house 9 rooms; steam heat, 1 block from station of C. R. I. and P. Ry.; $30 per month.
McKEY & POAGUE, 134 Washington-st.

TO RENT—8-ROOM MODERN HOUSE; LAWN, fruit, shade; furniture for sale. 123 North Catherine, La Grange.

TO RENT—SHERIDAN PARK—8 TO 11 ROOM houses; new, modern, $75 per month and up. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1908 Evanston-av.

TO RENT—TWO HOUSES, WITH LARGE grounds, $35 and $50; Elmhurst.
J. R. CASE, 115, Dearborn-st.

Summer Resorts.

TO RENT—COMMODIOUS PLACE, OCONOMOwoc Lake, near station; modern conveniences; ice; boats; occupancy middle June. S. M. GREEN, 3102 Wells-st., Milwaukee, Wis.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES. SELL, OR exchange; fire insurance written; money to loan. Phone Drexel 7522. SMITH & CO., 4853 Indiana-av.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—HAVE TENANTS. ALSO BUYERS, for houses and 2 or 3 story flat buildings, South, West, and North. O'NEIL L. OHNSTEIN & CO., 59 Dearborn-st., Suite 518.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—BY SOUTHARD & TRAINER.
142 OAKWOOD-BLVD. TEL. OAKLAND 705.
218 LA SALLE-ST. TEL. MAIN 4052.
1068 E. 58TH-ST. TEL. WENTWORTH 2833.
6623-25 EGGLESTON-AV., elegant new 7-room, modern, all outside light; choice location; finest in locality; only 2 left; $45.
GRAND-BLVD., s. e. cor. 38th-st. 6 and 7 rooms; only a few left; new, finished in mahogany, white enamel, and oak, with Flemish oak dining-rooms; handsomely decorated; every modern convenience. Agent at building.
THE ESPAGNOLE, 3800 Ellis-av., 6 and 7 room flats, this handsome new building finished in mahogany, white enamel, and oak; with Flemish oak dining-rooms; handsomely decorated; mantels, sideboards, grates, tiled baths, and gas ranges. AGENT AT BUILDING TODAY. $40 to $55.
THE ARAPAHOE, Vincennes-av., n. w. corner 42d-st., new 6 and 7 room flats, apartments; southern exposure and outside light; finished in hardwood with hardwood floors; Flemish dining-rooms. AGENT AT BUILDING TODAY. $40 to $55.
684 E. 48TH-PLACE, near Grand-blvd, 9 and 10 rooms, elegant new detached, 4-flat building, built like a house; light and airy; oak porches and floors; finished in mahogany, birch, and white enamel; two baths; open today. AGENT IN BUILDING.
THE EMERSON, s. w. cor. 54th-place and Greenwood-av., 7 and 8 rooms, handsomely finished in hardwood with hardwood floors; beamed ceilings, mantels, sideboards, gas ranges. Open today.
THE AVALON, Lake-av., s. w. cor. 40th-st., elegant corner, 6 and 7 room apartments; outside light; fine new cafe; Michigan; every modern improvement; $32.50 to $55.
4806-08 LAKE-AV., 7 and 8 rooms in elegant new building, detached, with all modern improvements; finished in mahogany, white enamel, and oak; Flemish oak dining-rooms. Plans at boulevard office, $57.50 to $60.
42 WOODLAND PARK, 4 to 7 rooms in stone-front building, 2 blocks private park; fine view of lake; all modern improvements; convenient to cable or I. C.; $32.50 to $50.
4436 ELLIS-AV., 8821 and 8823 Lake-av., 5 to 8 rooms, in new modern building; finished in hardwood; handsomely decorated; all modern; $33 to $60.
4314 LANGLEY-AV., 6 and 7 rooms, 5 and 8 rooms; new hardwood floors, new porcelain bath tubs; only $20 and $35. Key at 3d flat.
4500 LANGLEY-AV., 6 and 7 room steam-heated flats, newly decorated, large, light rooms; best flats in Kenwood for the money; only $45.
250 OAKWOOD-BLVD., 6 and 7 rooms in modern 2-flat bldg.; outside light; hardwood floors; newly decorated; choice location; $42.50.
THE HARMON, 3744 LAKE-AV., 5 and 6 rooms; steam heat, hot water, hardwood floors; best transportation; all outside light; $30 to $40.
4311-13 LANGLEY-AV., 6 and 7 rooms, $30.
4331 LANGLEY-AV., 10 rooms; heat furnished; all large light rooms; 1st-class condition; only $45.

TO RENT—BY M. WALKER & CO., 63D-ST. and Monroe-av. Phone Oakland 208.
HUNTER BUILDING, 218 AND 220 60TH-ST. [Midway Plaisance], half a block from express trains; most beautiful outlook in the city. Midway Plaisance, Grand Boulevard, Jackson Park, and the Wooded Island; apartments 9 rooms; elevator service, same as private residence; reasonable rentals for high grade tenants.
286 AND 288 MIDWAY PLAISANCE, near I. C. express trains, 12 minutes down-town; new buildings; strictly modern; one block from Midway; most beautiful outlook in the city; 1 block from Washington Park, 8 large, light, sunny rooms; plenty of closets, colonial fireplaces and bookcases in drawing-rooms, lavatory between sleeping apartments, electric lighting, beautiful front and rear porches, strictly private; apartments arranged same as private residences, interior in many selected various hardwoods of special designs; price reasonable for high grade tenants.
THE ROSCOMMON BLDG., s. e. corner Woodlawn-av. and Midway Plaisance; very choice apartments, strictly modern, new, 3, 4, and 5 rooms; with conveniences unexcelled; sideboards, trees, refrigerators, polished oak floors, all large, light rooms; private rear porches, most beautiful outlook in the city; in Midway Plaisance, Chicago University grounds; 2 blocks from express train service; 12 minutes down-town, and easy walking distance from the stores. 63d-st.; only a few left; steam heat; $25, $30, and $35.
6231 and 6233 MONROE-AV., very choice new 7 and 8 rooms, large, light rooms; $45 and $47.50.

TO RENT—SOUTH SIDE HEATED AND UNHEATED FLATS—Various locations.

4-room flats	$12 to $20
5-room flats	15 to 25
6-room flats	20 to 27
7-room flats	20 to 30

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO RENTERS.

I have new 4 to 8 room houses, best construction, containing modern improvements, beautifully decorated, and in good neighborhood, south, or west, that I will sell on monthly payments from $18.50 to $27.50 per month, including interest. Only $100 to $150 cash payment required. You can pay for a home with your rent money. Call and see me for plans of new houses, located in all parts of the city and suburbs, for sale on monthly payments same as rent. Do not rent until you have seen what a cozy home you can pay for with your rent money. It costs only 1 cent to find out. Drop me a postal and I will send you plans. Write at once.
OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS DURING APRIL.
S. E. GROSS, sixth floor, Masonic Temple.

TO RENT—
ALONG ALLEY L ROAD.
HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS.
4131 to 41 Indiana-av., new 6-room flats, beautiful large sunlight rooms; furnished in white enamel and oak, oak floors throughout. Open for inspection.
LES TOURS,
Cor. 44th-st. and Indiana-av., a few choice 5, 6, and 7 room flats; very high class; especial designed mantels, sideboards, consoles, etc. Open for inspection.
BEST BUILDING,
S. E. cor. 42d-st. and Wabash-av.
A few 4, 6, 7, and 8 room flats; hot water heat, natural gas, every modern convenience; rental, $25 to $50.
4020 Indiana-av., 7 and 8 room flats, single new 2-flat bldg.; every modern convenience; rent, $42.50 to $47.50.
5301-03 Calumet-av., 5-room flats; every convenience; steam heat; etc.; low rental.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 129 Dearborn-st.
Branch office, 47th-st. and Calumet-av.
Branch office open evenings.

TO RENT—THE WILLOUGHBY,
N. W. cor. Michigan and 56th-st.-blvds., just erected. Flats, $35 to $55; 6 rms., 2 bths. blocks west. Most superb location on S. S., 3 blks. from Washington Park; all conveniences of an expensive home, including old English fireplaces, cupboards, designed for ladies' gowns, unexcelled butler's pantries; something new in libraries and dining-rooms; nothing like these apartments west of New York. Open for inspection. Management of owner. EUGENE WILLOUGHBY, 401, 115 Dearborn-st. Tel. Cen. 3614.

TO RENT — 3122 PRAIRIE-AV., 2D FLAT, 6 room, in 3-flat detached building; modern in every particular; steam heat. Owner, 1st flat.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—
THE VENDOME APARTMENT HOTEL.
MONROE-AV. AND 62D-ST.
A THOROUGHLY FIRST-CLASS FAMILY APARTMENT HOTEL; 400 ROOMS, 250 PRIVATE BATHS; CHOICE SUITES, 2 TO 5 ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED; HANDSOME DINING-ROOM; EXCELLENT TABLE.
BEAUTIFUL PARLORS, WRITING AND BILLIARD ROOMS; MUSIC EVERY EVENING; EVERYTHING NEW AND MODERN, AT ATTRACTIVE RATES; FINE TRANSPORTATION. INSPECTION INVITED.

TO RENT—STEAM HEATED—
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
2921 Indiana-av., 7 and 8 room apartments, from $40 to $45.
5215 Kimbark-av., Flat F, 8 rooms, $25.
FROM MAY 1.
S. e. cor. Washington-av. and 50th-st., modern apartments; 5, 6, and 8 rooms; janitor.
2930 Indiana-av., 2d apartment, 7 rooms, $50.
4006 Indiana-av., 3d apartment, 8 rooms, $50.
4623 Indiana-av., 2d apartment, 4 rooms, $32.50.
6235 Lexington, 1st flat, 7 rooms, $32.50.
6500 Drexel-av., 1st flat, corner, 6 rooms, $30.
6503 Drexel-av., 2 5-room flats, $25 and $27.50.
648 E. 65th-st., 1st flat, 5 rooms and alcove, $27.50.
6217 Kimbark-av. Flat G, 8 rooms, $25.
Send for printed list.
Englewood branch: Cor. 63d and Green-sts.
Lake View branch: N. W. "L" terminal.
BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—STEAM-HEATED FLATS—
Zamora and Ramona, cor. 55th-st. and Cornell-av., new 4 and 6 rooms; only 2 blocks to I. C. sta. express trains, 1 block to Washington Park and overlooking lake; fine light in every room; every known convenience; agent on premises daily.
4815 Prairie-av., 2d flat, 7 rooms, $35.
San Helene, 56th-st. and S. Park-av., 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms, new, overlook Washington Park.
6129 Woodlawn-av., 7 rooms, 1st flat, $35.
6205 Woodlawn-av., 6 rooms, 2d flat, $32.50.
382 40th-st., near Grand, 6 and 7 r., $32.50.
554 46th-pl., near Grand, 4 r., $26 and $28.
3030 Vernon-av., 8 rooms, 2d and 3d flats, $35.
4253 Wabash-av., 6 rooms, $25 and $27.50.
4801 Evans-av., 4 and 5 rooms, $25 and $26.
274 42d-st., cor. Evans, 6 r., $25.
H. G. HOWARD & CO., 101 Washington-st. and n. w. cor. 47th and Grand-blvd. Open evenings.

TO RENT—APARTMENTS—
Monroe-av., 6217 to 6223—Beautiful new building containing six, seven, and eight room apartments; interior finish is of the most costly and artistic character; polished hardwood floor throughout; large private porches; elegant consoles; finished in mahogany, oak, and white enamel; halltrees and sideboard of latest design; laundries and store rooms; tile bathrooms and extra lavatories; 1 block from Jackson Park and surface line; 2 blocks from I. C. R. R. station; express service to city; running time 15 minutes. See these apartments today. $42.50 to $47.50.
McKEY & POAGUE, Tel. 599,
N. e. cor. 63d-st. and Monroe-av.,
134 Washington-st.

TO RENT—
S. E. COR. 41ST AND GRAND-BLVD.
Elegant 4 to 6 room apartments in new stone front building; finished throughout in curly birch, oak and white enamel, polished floors, specially designed sideboards, hallirees, and consoles. Handsomely decorated, fine, light rooms; best transportation; Board of Trade trains, elevated and electric cars; rents, $32.50 to $50.
N. e. cor. 41st and Grand-blvd., beautiful 6-room flat, beautifully decorated, art paper, ¼ sawed oak trim and floors; $40 to $45.
McKEY & POAGUE,
134 Washington-st. Tel. 4382 Main.

TO RENT—801 TO 813 E. 44TH-ST., MODERN 6 and 7 room flats, extra large light rooms, steam heat, hot water, etc.; exceptional janitor service and telephone; fine bath, porches, and large back yard; handy to Indiana-av. and 43d-st. lines and elevated; will decorate to suit; fine

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—

WHERE YOUR PROFIT COMES IN.

I sold a man a lot for $450. I built him a nice house on it for $1,050, making total cost to him of $1,500. Six per cent on $1,500 is $7.50 per month, which it now costs him monthly for his home. He had bee npaying $17 per month rent. The difference between $17 and $7.50 is $9.50, which amount he is now saving every month. And he owns his own home.

200 new houses for sale on monthly payments same as rent.

117 SOLD IN 80 DAYS.

	Price.	Monthly payments.
5-room houses	$1,250	$ 8
5-room houses	1,500	10
7-room houses	1,700	10
6-room houses	1,700	10
7-room houses	1,800	12
7-room houses	2,100	15
8-room houses	2,200	15
8-room houses	2,500	15
8-room houses	2,875	20
10-room houses	3,300	25
10-room houses	4,000	30
10-room houses	6,300	40

Very small cash payments required. Call or write for illustrated circulars of 200 new houses, located on the North, South, and West Sides and in suburbs, at same rent. It will cost you only 1 cent to find out what a cozy home you can pay for with your rent money. On receipt of postal I will send you plans.

OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS DURING APRIL.

S. E. GROSS.
Sixth floor, Masonic Temple.

FOR SALE—200 FEET, EAST FRONT, STATE-st., 160 feet deep, at 77th-st., near new city railway shops and Harvey cars; $5,000; easy terms; this lot is worth $100 per foot within three years.
THOMAS SANFORD, R. 708, 112 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL HOUSES AND FLAT buildings of 2 and 3 flats; several to rent.
LIONEL L. OHNSTEIN & CO.,
for Dearborn-st., Suite 618.

FOR SALE—
BARGAINS IN CITY REAL ESTATE.
CHOICE INCOME INVESTMENTS.
CHANDLER & CO., 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvard or in Kenwood district, go to MATSON HILL, 40 Unitone Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE — AUCTION SALES OF CHICAGO real estate made by GOODRIDGE, FRENCH & Co., 92 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—LIST YOUR VACANT OR IMproved property, for sale or exchange.
W. J. FERRIS & CO., 134 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAIN—$17,500 BUYS 6-flat bldg.; rents $2,640; only $5,500 needed; bal. 6% per cent. C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAINS—HOUSES, LOTS, factorys, etc.; never cheaper. LINGLE D., 78 La Salle-st.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ENGLEWOOD HOMES—
8-room house, 7 rooms, modern.....$2,500
16-room corner residence, fine lot..... 8,000
7-room house, 40 ft. lot, nr. Rock Island.... 2,500
7-room house, 30 ft. lot, 67th-st., nr. Stewart-av. 4,200
Lot 60x174 ft., n. w. cor. 67th-st. and Stewart-av. 1,200
7-room house, 37 ft., 67th-st., nr. Stewart-av. 4,200
Lot 60x174 ft., n. w. cor. 67th-st. and Harvard-av. 1,200
6439 Peoria-st., 30x125, two brick flats..... 5,000
50x125, s. f., on Perry-av., near 68th-st..... 3,250
A. H. WHITLEY & CO., 312 WEST 63D-st.
ENGLEWOOD REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

FOR SALE—WASH'N PARK-PL., RESIDENCE, 5-story stone front, porch and steps; 9 rooms, hardwood trim, and floors in all rooms; open nickel plumbing; porcelain bath, tile floor, extra lavatory, steam heat, cedar closet, 8 large clothes closets, combination fixtures, mosaic vestibule, 4 mantels, console, steam pipes covered with asbestos, screens in basement, new shades, new screens and awnings; newly decorated and in first-class condition.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCES—$7,500—
5408-10 CALUMET-AV.
2-story 8-room new modern residences; these houses are strictly up to date and are very swell; must be seen to be appreciated; open from 1 to 5 p. m.; small cash payment; balance monthly.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—WOODLAWN INVESTMENT—
KIMBARK-av., nr. 62d-st., fine 3-story flat bldg., stone front, steps, and hall; hardwood floors and trim, open nickel plumbing; porcelain tub, laundry, concrete basemsnt; private storeroom for each flat; steam heat; and annual income over $1,400; will exchange for vacant lots. Price $11,750.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—
If you contemplate buying a home on the South Side see our offerings before deciding. Our many fine places not known to be for sale and which we can quote only on personal interviews.
CALLAN & VARTY,
Selling Agents, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE — 3720 WABASH-AV., 30X123 FT., with a highly modern 11-room residence built by present owner for his home, regardless of expense; has hot water heat, sun parlor, laundry, tile bathroom, etc.; will sacrifice it now, as he is leaving Chicago permanently. Apply P. F. McCARTHY & CO., 39th and State-sts.

FOR SALE—4939 PRAIRIE-AV., THE ONLY one of these beautiful new 8-room stone-front residences left; see it at once, as it is your last chance to buy on such easy terms. Agent on premises daily, 3 to 5 p. m.
P. F. McCARTHY & CO.,
39th and State-sts.

FOR SALE—WE HAVE RECENTLY HAD placed in our charge an estate property that must be closed; it includes exceptionally good vacant corners on Grand-blvd., which can be sold at a bargain.
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO.,
[D.] 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—6-ROOM BRICK COTtage and lot on W. Garfield-park boulevard; 50x125; $3,200. 2-flat brick, near the above; $3,800. 7-room brick cottage on Wallace-st. and lot, near 28th; only $1,250.
H. W. BUCHANAN, 3105 State-st.

FOR SALE— A SPECIAL BARGAIN COTTAGE GROVE-AV., nr. 63d, 2-story stone front store and flats; hardwood floors; open plumbing, porcelain tub; rented for $744; also good barn with 10 stalls; all for $6,000
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—FINE RESIDENCE, large grounds, stable, steam heating; cor. Park-av. and 25th; can be made good as new slight expense; might be used for sanitarium; mtg. $17,000; price for equity. PORTER & BRO., 175 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, CLEAR, LAKE PARK-av., near 30th, modern brick 8 rooms, furnace; price $7,000; would exchange for 5-room house or 3-flat, modern, e. of Wabash-av. or South-av., and assume.
WHITCOMB & BROWN,
1425 Unity Bldg.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME BRICK RESIDENCE, 10 rooms, modern, near 39th-st.; $18,000; foreclosed; price $8,000; lot 50x190; light sunny rooms; large lawn; 351 E. 41st-st., near Vincennes; immediate possession. Keys here. JOHN WAIN, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—LOT 75X162, INDIANA-AV., NEAR 55th-st., only $16 per foot if taken at once.
LANGRIDGE & LIVINGSTONE,
4748 State-st.

Branch, 784 E. 47th-st.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL DETACHED HOUSES; hot water or steam heat; pleasantly located; Ellis, Greenwood, and Woodlawn-avs., Kenwood; $10,000 to $25,000.
HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE Edgewater-blvd.; most modern construction and elegant interior finish; large lot; cost $200,000; price $125,000.
WILLIAM H. MOONEY, Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—BY EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE & Co., Chamber of Commerce Bldg., at a GREAT SACRIFICE, 2107 Calumet-av., 2-story stone-front house, lot 30x122 ft. Very choice location and neighborhood.

FOR SALE — N. E. COR. 71ST-ST. AND STEWart-av., about 50,000 sq. ft., adjoining Rock Island R. R. spur, sta.; suitable for large office and flat bldg. or mfg. plant.
H. H. WALKER & CO., 201 Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—5127 WOODLAWN-AV., 2-STORY frame residence, 10 rooms, lot 30x117; owner nonresident; a bonus to sell; make an offer; possession May 1.
BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE — FINE BUSINESS LOT, ON STATE-st., near Garfield-blvd., east front, with party wall; price $1,000. LAWLOR & LIVINGSTONE, 4745 State-st., Branch 784 E. 47th-st.

FOR SALE—ATTENTION, BUILDERS—Best lot, frontage in Hyde Park, north of 67th-st., only $16 per foot.
KINNEY & STANDISH, 185 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—2-STY. BRICK STORE AND FLAT with barn, 30x80, store and 8 flats on Emerald-av., nr. 35th-st; $2,750. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BEST BARGAINS IN LOTS, BUSIness corners, homes, chicken farms, exchanges, improved, vacant, and farms.
DELAMATER, 88 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—5118 MADISON-AV., MODERN DEtached house, east front, frame residence; lot 50x175 to 25-ft. alley. Apply on premises.

FOR SALE—$7,700 BUYS BEAUTIFUL MODern house, Washington Park-pl., nr. 49th; easy terms. KINNEY & STANDISH, 185 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — PRAIRIE-AV., BARGAIN, 67X150, $110 per foot; exceptional. EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE & CO., Chamber Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—NO. 4214 FIFTH-AV., FLATS; rent $336; no inc.; $2,500; 1-5 cash.
MATTHIAS & HALL, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—KENWOOD—10-ROOM STONE-front house, $6,000; north 43d-st. 106, Tribune.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—2437 INDIANA-AV., 80 x1bs feet. O. L. BENEDICT, 134 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—MODERN 3 FLATS; S. S. DR. KEAN, 157 Clark-st.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — NEATEST, PRETTIEST, BEST arranged, and cheapest house on the West Side; price $4,000 cash. $500 monthly. Roman brick and 2c stamp for trial (ONLY). Sittings $1; daily 8 to 1 and 5 to 8; advice on all matters, $1. Call on owner any day or evening. DR. BENJAMIN OF SAN Precinct. Located at New Clark-st.

PALMIST, ASTROLOGER er. 270 Michigan-st.

WABASH-AV., CLAIRVOY- and palmist. Hrs. 9 to 9.

MACHINES.

REDGE 2-THREAD, $20 REDGE single thread, $25 $50; guaranteed to be the ade sewing machine made ine Co., 49 E. Jackson-blvd. Machines rented and re- all or 'phone Harrison 836.

KINDS OF MACHINES ams-st.

Singer, $10; high arm, $15 mine before you buy.

MOBILES.

N, GASOLINE $250 CASH; plete, less power; new 1902 Pullman Building.

GOOD OFFICE; TELE- le-st., 18.

Lofts.

G FLOOR, 173 WASH- -av.; other half rented to Easy. Cheapest space in firm or manufacturing products. NICHOLS & n.

120 and 122 5th-av., on nd rent part of 2d loft. McKEY & VOGUE. Tel. 4382 Main.

WITH POWER AND r and freight elevators, lockers. 153-155 W. Jack-

AN-AV.—FINE FLOOR, r and freight elevators; tem; very desirable. RD, 115 Monroe-st.

ES, LOFTS, ETC.

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OUTSIDE OFFICES fast in Firmenich Bldg., d 5th-av.; new entrance y April 1; 1 block City reproof stories added; 2 equal to any in Chicago. 71 Washington-st.

LE OF MUSIC, or Chicago-av. very detail. any size. ing conveniences. STEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

Express Building, Dearborn-st. elevator service; light t. McCORD, Room 401.

LIGHT ROOMS; STEAM cellent for dressmakers, st building in the busi- heast corner 63d-st. and GORDON STRONG, 1121.

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SIRABLE OFFICES IN ng, n. w. cor. Fifth-av, modern conveniences; good rs' agents. Room 606, 56 5th-av.

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OM IN FINE OFFICE; r month. 312 Women's

E OFFICES IN BALTI- ncy-st. and Dexter Bldg.,

LE MAIN FLOOR OF- SEYMOUR MORRIS, 142

HT OFFICES: SINGLE, rooms, $24 to $45; modern VEGFORTH, 53 River-st.

LE REMODELED OF- very light. 95-97 Wash-

INGLE OR EN SUITE; anitor service. Boylston opposite Monadnock.

GOOD OFFICE; TELE- le-st., 18.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—FROM OWNERS—VACANT E. OF Clark, Dearborn and Devon. for cash. ELSER & WESTMAN, 85 Dearborn-st.

WANTED — LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US. Our facilities for reaching buyers are unexcelled. R. C. GIVINS & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—VACANT OR IMPROVED; QUICK sale if reasonable. C. F. SCHULTZ, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—SOME GOOD CLEAR VACANT, S. S., in exchange for equity in stone front 6 flats; modern; on Prairie-av. T 268, Tribune office.

WANTED—MODERN HOME; CONVENIENT TO C., L. & P. R. R., between 60th and 79th-sts. D. M. CLARK, 7608 Union-av.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FINE CORNER, 62X100, ROBEY AND HARRIson, residence, Lawndale-av. and 24th-st., nine rooms, twenty-six lots 38th and St. Louis-av., all clear; want flat building or small modern house, Austin, Oak Park, or West Side. Owner, 319 S. Robey-st.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO PROPERTY at 5 and 5½ per cent, without commissions, attorney's fees, or charges for papers.
BUILDING LOANS given prompt and special attention.
SPECIAL FUND to loan in any amount, with privilege of prepaying all or any part of principal at any time and stopping interest.
Payments are NOT REQUIRED, but ARE PERMITTED.
Every payment reduces the amount of principal and interest.
The borrower sees payment credited on his note and pays interest only on the balance.
ROSE & COMPANY,
108 Dearborn-st.

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SPECIAL FUND FOR BUILDING.
PROMPT ACTION
PREPAYMENT PRIVILEGES.
VACANT OR IMPROVED IN ANY AMOUNTS;
LOWEST RATES.
CALL AND GET OUR TERMS.
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ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay. Gold. MONTGOMERY & RUSSELL.
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158 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.
LOANS ON REAL ESTATE.
11 BLUE ISLAND-AV., ROOM 307.
LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
BRANCH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS.

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MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY,
from 4 to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
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THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY-BANK.
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MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

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WITHOUT DELAY. 5½%, 6%, 6½% COMMISSION
BUILDING LOANS—PROMPT SERVICE.
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MORTGAGE BANKERS, 92 LA SALLE-ST.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—
Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for building loans.
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LOANS, 4½ AND 5%, CHICAGO PROPERTY, with prepayment privileges.
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'Phone 2137 M. 150 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—6% GOLD MORTGAGES, $700, $800, $1,000, $1,200, $1,500, $2,000, $2,500. Chicago Title and Trust Co., Trustee. Send for list. EAMES BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

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We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on any security offered.
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IF YOU HAVE A VACANT LOT WE WILL make plans to suit, lend money to build, and put up building. GUNN & CO., Builders, 708, 84 La Salle-st.

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Call before arranging loan and get our offer.
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WANTED—$3,000 LOAN ON MY 3-FLAT BLDG. on West Side; principal now for $55 per mo. Address O F 430, Tribune office.

WANTED—FEW CAPITALISTS TO LEND $200 per lot, Evanston subdivision; worth $450; 6 per cent and 1-3 profits. Address T 325, Tribune.

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INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, Bankers, 79 Dearborn.

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I HAVE IT.
YOU CAN GET IT.

ANY AMOUNT OF MONEY TO LOAN AT VERY LOWEST RATES.

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NO MAN OR WOMAN NEED HESITATE TO CALL OR WRITE. ALL DEALINGS ARE HELD IN SACRED CONFIDENCE.

You can borrow any amount you want on

FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES,

OR ANY ACCEPTABLE SECURITY, WITHOUT REMOVAL.

LOANS TO SALARIED MEN AND WOMEN WITHOUT MORTGAGE.

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TELEPHONE CENTRAL 2721.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH, FROM $20 TO $20,000, ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY. LOCATED ANYWHERE IN COOK COUNTY, ON
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY.
THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WITH NO PUBLICITY. LOAN CAN BE PAID BACK IN ANY INSTALLMENTS THAT SUIT THE BORROWER, AND EACH PAYMENT SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN. THERE IS NO RESTRICTION ON YOUR MOVING WHEN YOU WISH; NO CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT OF THE AMOUNT YOU BORROW; YOU GET THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
MAIN OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
175 DEARBORN-ST.,
ROOMS 216 AND 217.

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180 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 202.
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PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

WE LOAN ON
FURNITURE,
PIANOS,
HORSES,
WAGONS, ETC.

WE OFFER
UNEQUALED RATES,
BEST TERMS,
QUICKEST SERVICE,
ABSOLUTE PRIVACY.

Deal with an old and reliable company and you will establish a credit that may be useful in the future.

WE MEET ALL COMPETITION.

It will take only an interview to establish the truth of our statement. We solicit that interview.

FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
134 MONROE-ST., FIFTH FLOOR,
CORNER CLARK.
201 W. 63D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV.,
ENGLEWOOD.
ENGLEWOOD OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE BIG SALE OF UNREDEEMED DIAMONDS, WATCHES, AND JEWELRY.
You can't invest your money anywhere that would give you 40 per cent.
We guarantee to sell you unredeemed DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY and save you at least 40 per cent on all purchases from us.
IF YOU NEED A LOAN
you can have your money back less 10 per cent. We take our goods back for the full price paid us in exchange at any time.

WE LOAN MONEY AT 1 PER CENT AND UPWARD. WE BUY OLD GOLD AND SILVER.
Don't miss the place. Go to the
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RELIANCE LOAN CO.,
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Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, Property left in your possession. Our South and West Side offices are open evenings until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on South and West Sides. Lowest rates in city.
BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS.

CHICAGO DISCOUNT CO.,
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Loans on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal or publicity.
CALL AND LET US EXPLAIN OUR SPECIAL PLAN OF REPAYMENT.

CHICAGO SECURITY AND CREDIT CO.,
512
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
Loans to responsible people on pianos, furniture, collaterals, etc.; all dealings strictly confidential.
CHICAGO SECURITY AND CREDIT CO.,
164 Dearborn-st., corner Monroe.
512
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNITURE, pianos, horses, carriages, without removal, at lowest rates. If you want money and friend, too, call on me. Live and let live is my motto. Time payments to suit borrower.
A. H. WILLIAMS, 99 Dearborn-st., Room 28.

L. F. HOPKINS & CO.,
158 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.
LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
11 BLUE ISLAND-AV., ROOM 307.
LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
BRANCH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS.

I LOAN ON FURNITURE AS THE BIG ADS DO. Try me. I will treat you as they never knew. RICHARDSON, 142 La Salle-st., Room 2.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND JEWelry at lowest rates. SLATTS & POE, reliable American pawnbrokers, 167 S. Clark-st.

A. LIPMAN, 99 MADISON-ST.—LOANS ON watches, diamonds, etc.; buys gold and silver.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO EVERYBODY AND ANYbody getting a salary, or your plain note; no indorser or mortgage or any security necessary; confidential; kindly call and investigate, whether you borrow or not. LOWEST RATES; easiest payments.
WE MUST GET OUR MONEY OUT,
hence everybody call. People who want to make a loan privately and desire to be treated honorably call on Mason Investment Co., 135 Adams, Room 1209, northwest cor. Clark.

I LOAN TO SALARIED PEOPLE AT A VERY low rate and easy payments.
If you borrow $10, pay back $1 pay day.
If you borrow $20, pay back $2 pay day.
If you borrow $30, pay back $3 pay day.
If you borrow $40, pay back $4 pay day.
If you borrow $50, pay back $5 pay day.
If you borrow $200, pay back $20 pay day.
ROOM 220, 145 LA SALLE-ST.

MONEY ADVANCED TO MEN AND WOMEN employed at LESS COST than boarding; confidentiable. BUSINESS-MEN accommodated, too. Rents and incomes anticipated. Loans on chattels or collateral paper. Talk it over with F. N. PECK, 801, 215 Dearborn-st.

YOU CAN BORROW $5 TO $500 ON PERSONAL note without indorser or security if you have salary or steady business; no connection with other brokers. Employees' Credit Co., Room 809, 223 Dearborn-st.
N. B.—WE HAVE NO BRANCH OFFICES.

SALARY LOANS QUICK.
No indorser or mortgage.
Confidential and courteous treatment.
Best terms and easy payments.
J. A. BREWER & CO., 84 Adams-st., Suite 23.

LIFE INS. POLICIES PURCHASED—LOANS ON same 6 per cent; endowment, tontine, and distribution policies discounted at 6 per cent; give higher cash surrender than companies; also real estate loans, 4 to 6 per cent. JOHN V. FOX, 108 Dearborn.

$10 UP LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE; NO SEcurity; everything private; easy payments.
NATIONAL FINANCE COMPANY,
218 LA SALLE-ST., R. 806.
TEL. MAIN 4564. OPEN UNTIL 6:30 P. M.

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WE LOAN MONEY TO HONEST SALARIED people without security; reasonable rates; confidential. American Credit Co., 502. 84 La Salle-st.

CHARLES HOPPER;
NOTE BROKER.
805 Tacoma Bldg. Tel. 363 Main.

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WANTED—$2,500 FOR 30 DAYS; GOOD INdorsement; willing to pay 8%. T 315, Tribune.

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SPECIAL OFFER—
I will sell at a SACRIFICE the following stocks, which are now selling at annexed prices from company treasuries. Special to close.
2,000 shares Rock Lake Copper, selling at $10 par.
500 shares Majestic Mining and Smelting Co., selling at $10 par.
Also—10,000 shares Log Cabin Gold and Copper Co., at 50c, par value $1. 5,000 shares Goodsell Mining and Milling Co., at 50c, par value $1. Call or write for prices. B. H. GOODSELL, Broker,
106 La Salle-st., Chicago.

WANTED—BEST OFFER 5,000 BURTZ CHATterton; need cash; will sacrifice. Address M R 376, Tribune office.

WILL BUY OR SELL MODEL STOCK. Address O F 457, Tribune office.

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BUILDING BRICK—SPECIALTY. COUNTRY business. Chicago Brick Co., 302 First Nat'l Bank Bldg., Chicago. Tel. Cent. 2465.

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FOR INSPECTION, MR. SIMS HAS SELECTED a choice lot of high-class horses of all kinds for Chicago purchasers. Mr. Sims has newly fitted his riding academy throughout, strictly modern, and christened it "THE SOUTH SIDE RIDING ACADEMY." Mr. Sims makes a specialty of educating horses to every and any way they might be used under the saddle. Mr. Sims employs both lady and gentlemen instructors, all of whom are directly under his personal supervision.
EDWIN R. SIMS,
77 E. 16th-st. 'Phone 251 South.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—LIGHT EXTENSION-TOP surrey, seats four; rubber tire, top, full spring buggy; rubber tire McCaffrey runabout; handsome Effel trap; single gold-mounted road and surrey harness; above are practically new and by best makers; also handsome family horse; sell separately. Private stable, 665 W. Harrison-st.

FOR SALE — CHEAP — 2 VERY FINE CARriages, 1 landaulet, 1 imperial; going out of business; big bargains. 268 33d-st.

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FOR SALE—1 26-IN. BT 48-IN. VILTER CORliss engine, with jack shaft pulley and belt.
STEPHENS & TYLER, 1506 Monadnock.

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WONDERFUL INDUCEMENTS IN PIANOS.
Building operations, including redecoration of our salesrooms, make it necessary for us to at once dispose of all surplus stock. Every special piano marked with a
RED TAG.
New mahogany uprights, sold elsewhere for nearly double, $115.
New mahogany and oak finish uprights, with mandolin attachment, $125 and $135.
Splendid new uprights, marked with red tag, at $150, $185, and $200.
USED PIANOS.
Scores of fine instruments, including Steinways and Knabes that have had very little use. Also rare bargains at $90, $100, and $125 in Lyon & Healy, Kranich & Bach, and other small, neat, second-hand instruments.
Parlor organs, second-hand, from $15 up.
Beautiful new piano case organs. See them before buying.
Easiest installment terms will be granted. Handsome scarf and modern stool included.
We ship pianos everywhere.
Inexpensive pianos bought from us may be exchanged later toward the purchase of a Steinway or Knabe. Steinways and Knabes sold only by us. New pianos to rent, $2.50 upward. One year's rent allowed if purchased.
A BEAUTIFUL PIANO BOOK
illustrated in colors, free to prospective purchasers. Call or write for it.
LYON & HEALY,
Wabash-av. and Adams-st.
The business of Lyon & Healy largely exceeds in volume and value that of any other musical establishment in either Europe or America.

KIMBALL PIANOS AND ORGANS
DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO HOME.

They are sold at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES, thus saving the purchaser all extra profits and expenses of Chicago dealers or branch stores.
When you buy a Kimball piano or organ you are given not only an absolute guaranty on the instrument, but the price is guaranteed as well.
No other house thus protects its patrons.

In addition to pianos and organs of our own manufacture we are offering this week some

SPECIAL BARGAINS
in
NEW EASTERN-MADE PIANOS.
USED UPRIGHT PIANOS.
SQUARE PIANOS.
NEW REED ORGANS.
USED REED ORGANS.

You are invited to call and hear the new KIMBALL PIANO PLAYER. Demonstration daily at our warerooms.

W. W. KIMBALL CO. [Established 1857],
S. w. cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.

USED UPRIGHT PIANOS
AT A SACRIFICE.

1 mahogany upright	$ 80	1 French upright, good condition	$ 95
1 Chickering upright	90	1 Green, walnut	110
1 Fischer, walnut	110	1 Chickering, rose-wood	160
1 Chase, walnut	135	1 Emerson, Al condition, a great bargain	160
1 Decker Bros., walnut	150	1 Fischer, large size, fancy walnut case	175
1 Fischer, large size, fancy walnut case	175	1 J. O. Twichell, large, oak, used three months	175
1 Gegmer, nearly new, mahogany case	190	1 Sohmer, large size, walnut case, a bargain	190
1 Sohmer, large size, a beautiful piano	225	1 Knabe, mahogany	300
1 Emerson, oak, walnut, and mahogany, slightly used, good as new	275	1 Knabe, birch	325
1 Steinway, ebonized case	290	These two pianos nearly new	
1 Knabe, upright	300	1 Steinway, mahogany, in

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WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., 178 Wabash-av., general auctioneers. Sales at store every Wednesday and Saturday, 10 a. m. Furniture, carpets, gen. household goods. Tel. 2109 Cen.

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FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
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Kaiser...Apr. 22, 10 am | Kaiserin...July 23, 10 am
Kronprins...May 6, 8 am | Kronprins..July 29, noon
Kaiser....May 20, 10 am | Kaiser....Aug. 12, 10 am
Kronprins..June 3, 2 pm | Kaiserin..Aug. 19, 10 am
Kaiser....June 17, 10 am | Kr'nprins.Aug.26, 10 am
Kaiserin..June 24, 10 am | Kaiser....Sept. 9, 10 am
Kronprins..July 1, noon | Kaiserin..Sept 16, 10 am
Kaiser....July 15, 10 am | K'prinz...Sept. 23, 9 am
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
Cherbourg—Southampton alternately, and Bremen.
Fried.der Gr..Apr.17,noon | Bremen...June 19, 10 am
Gr. Kurf'st..May 1, 10 am | Fr der Gr..June 26, 10 am
Rhein.....May 8, 10 am | Kais. Luise..July 3, 10 am
Bremen....May 15, 10 am | Gr. Kurf't.July 10, 10 am
Fr. der Gr..May 22, 10 am | Barbar'sa..July 17, 10 am
Neckar....May 29, 10 am | Bremen....July 24, noon
Gr. Kurf't..June 5, 10 am | Frd.der Gr.July 31, 1 pm
H'bar'sa..June 12, 10 am | Kais. Luise..Aug. 7, 1 pm
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
Trave....Apr. 12, 10 am | Hohens'n..May 31, 11 am
Aller....Apr. 19, 2 pm | Trave....June 21, 9 am
Neckar...Apr. 26, 10 am | Aller....June 28, 10 am
Kaiserin..May 3, 8 am | Neckar...July 5, 8 am
Lahn.....May 10, 10 am | Lahn....July 19, 8 am
Trave....May 17, 1 pm | Trave....Aug. 2, 3 pm
Aller....May 24, 10 am | Aller....Aug. 9, 10 am
SPECIAL NOTICE.
The large twin-screw S.S. NECKAR, 10,000 tons, of the North German Lloyd will sail from NEW YORK for NAPLES, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23. Cabin rates: I. Cabin, $70; II. Cabin, $50.
OELRICHS & CO., NO. 5 BROADWAY, N. Y.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO.,
General Western Agents, 90 and 92 Dearborn-st.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE—
TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.
Deutschland....April 17 | Columbia.....June 5
F. Bismarck.....May 1 | Deutschland....June 12
Columbia.....May 8 | A. Victoria.....June 19
Deutschland....May 15 | F. Bismarck....June 26
A. Victoria.....May 22 | Columbia.....July 3
F. Bismarck....May 29 | Deutschland....July 10
TWIN-SCREW SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.
Pennsylvania ...April 22 | Patricia .....June 17
Pretoria .....April 29 | Bluecher .....June 24
Moltke .....May 6 | Waldersee .....July 1
Patricia .....May 13 | Pennsylvania....July 8
Waldersee .....May 20 | Moltke .....July 15
Pennsylvania ....May 27 | *Palatia .....July 19
Pretoria .....June 7 | Patricia .....July 22
Moltke .....June 10 | Bluecher .....July 29
HAMBURG direct.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA.
Palatia .....April 16 | Palatia .....June 3
Phoenicia .....May 6 | Phoenicia .....June 18
DELIGHTFUL SUMMER CRUISES
DURING JUNE, JULY, AND AUGUST
To Norway, the North Cape, and Spitzbergen, to the Baltic Sea and the Capitals of Sweden, Russia, and Denmark, by the steamers
F. VICTORIA LUISE and A. VICTORIA.
For illustrated pamphlets and itinerary apply
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,
Cor. Randolph and La Salle-sts.

COMPAGNIE G'LE. TRANSATLANTIQUE.
French Line, New York to Havre—Six Days.
Sailings every Thursday at 10 a. m.
La Touraine ...May 22 | La Bretagne ...July 17
La Savoie ....May 1 | May 29 | June 26 | July 24
L'Aquitaine ...May 8 | June 5 | ..... | July 31
La Lorraine ...May 15 | June 12 | ..... | Aug. 7
New modern gigantic Twin-Screw and Express Steamers; naval officers' man-of-war discipline. Company's special train. Hamburg, 8 hours. Extra sailing, special low cabin rate $50. The fast express mail steamer "La Gascogne" will add as extra steamer from New York April 26, at 10 a. m.
M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

AMERICAN LINE—
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—(LONDON).
Phila...Apr. 16, 10 am | St. Louis..Apr. 30, 10 am
St. Paul..Apr. 23, 10 am | Phila.....May 7, 10 am
PHILADELPHIA-QUEENSTOWN-LIVERPOOL.
Rhyn'd..Apr.12,12:30 pm | Belgen'd..Apr. 26, noon
West'd..Apr. 19, 8 am | Haver'd..May 3, 8:30 am
RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.
Vaderland..Apr. 16, noon | Zeeland....Apr. 30, noon
Kens'gton..Apr. 23, noon | Friesland....May 7, noon
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY.
Tel. Cent. 1101. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE—
New York-Rotterdam, via Boulogne-sur-Mer.
New Twin-Screw Steamers of 13,000 tons Register.
Steamer AMSTERDAM.....April 12, 10 a. m.
Twin-screw Steamer STATENDAM.....April 26
.....April 19, 4:30 a. m.
Via Plymouth and Boulogne Sur Mer.
Twin-screw Steamer POTSDAM.....May 3
.....April 26, 10 a. m.
Apply to HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE,
88 La Salle-st., Chicago. Phone Main 4140.

CUNARD LINE—ESTABLISHED 1840.
New York—Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Saxonia.....April 19 | May 17 | From New York.
Campania ....April 26 | May 24 | June 21 | July 19
Umbria .....May 3 | May 31 | June 28 | July 26
Lucania .....May 10 | June 7 | July 5 | Aug. 2
Ivernia [new twin-scr.].Apr. 29 | May 27 | June 24
Saxonia [new twin-scr.]June 10 | July 8 | Aug.
Early Sailings Recommended.
F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph.

WHITE STAR LINE—
NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.
Germanic .....Apr. 16 | May 14 | June 11 | July 9
Teutonic .....Apr. 23 | May 21 | June 18 | July 16
Cymric .....Apr. 25 | May 23 | June 20 | July 18
Oceanic .....Apr. 30 | May 28 | June 25 | July 23
Majestic .....June 4 | June 11 | July 2 | July 30
Celtic .....May 9 | June 6 | July 4 | Aug. 6
EARLY RESERVATIONS RECOMMENDED.
WHITE STAR LINE, 94-96 Dearborn-st.
Tel. Central 139.

ITALIAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
WEEKLY SERVICE.
NAPLES—GENOA—ALEXANDRIA.
Lombardia.....Apr. 22 | Sicilia .....May 20
Archimede.....Apr. 29 | Liguria .....May 27
Sardegna .....May 6 | Archimede.....June 10
Elegant cabins. Dining-room on promenade deck.
For rates and other information apply
HIRZEL, WEHL & CO., 11 Broadway, N. Y.
J. S. LOWITZ, 185 S. Clark-st., Gen. West. Agt.

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS—NEW YORK—
GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, LIVERPOOL.
Astoria .....April 19 | Furnessia .....May 10
Anchoria .....April 19 | Ethiopia .....May 10
Columbia, twin screw, new, May 3 and 31, June 28.
Second cabin photos of entire steamers.
NEW YORK TO MEDITERRANEAN PORTS.
California.....April 30 | Victoria .....May 14
Tripolitania.....May 2 | Bolivia .....May 28
176 JACKSON-BLVD. TEL. HARRISON 8335.

JAPAN—CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—
VIA HONOLULU.
Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co., and Pacific Coast S. S. Co. From San Francisco: Hongkong Maru, April 15; China, April 23; Doric, May 1. For passage and freight rates, reservations, passage orders, and information apply to W. G. Neimyer, Agt., 193 Clark-st., Chicago.

DOMINION LINE—
FOUR SEPARATE AND DISTINCT SERVICES.
Fast twin-screw passenger steamers sailing weekly from Boston, Portland, and Montreal to Liverpool, also Boston to Mediterranean ports. Send for booklet, "Mediterranean Illustrated."
For rates, etc., apply to company's office, 69 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

GAZE'S HIGH-CLASS ESCORTED TOURS TO Europe, 1902. $150 to $650. Everything included. Limited membership. Programs free. Also ocean tickets, all lines; European R. R. tickets. H. GAZE & SONS, 113 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

BEAVER LINE PASSENGER SERVICE—
MONTREAL—LIVERPOOL.
Weekly sailings—New Steamships.
Best accommodations at lowest rates.
C. F. WYNNE, Agt., 47 Dearborn-st. Cent. 2082.

EUROPE IN 1902.
Our select parties sail from New York June 3d and 17th and July 1st. "Not the cheapest but the best." Call or write for programs. RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 108 Adams-st., Chicago.

COOK'S TOURS TO ALL PARTS OF THE world. Send for list of parties and excursions. THOS. COOK & SON, 234 S. Clark-st.

Lake Navigation.

GRAHAM & MORTON LINE—ST. JOSEPH AND Benton Harbor daily, 11 a. m., except Sat. and Sun.; Sat. 11:30 p. m. $1 to Holland direct; $1.50 to Grand Rapids; $1.50 to Saugatuck; $1.65 to Allegan, daily at 5 p. m. ex. Sun. Dock foot Wabash-av. Phone Central 2162.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS, $1 TO MILWAUkee and Racine, 8 p. m. daily; $1 to Grand Haven and Muskegon; $1.50 to Grand Rapids; 7:45 p. m. Tues., Thurs. and Sat. Docks foot Mich.-av. City Office, 105 Adams-st. Telephone Central 76.

BARRY MUSKEGON LINE—TO MUSKEGON, Grand Haven, Grand Rapids, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, 7:45 p. m. Dock, Rush-st. bridge. Phone 1467 Central.

BARRY LINE STEAMERS—75C TO MILWAUkee and Racine, daily, at 5 p. m. Dock foot of Michigan-st. Phone Cent. 1749.

SOUTH HAVEN LINE STEAMERS TO SOUTH Haven and Michigan points, Tues., Thurs., Sats. at 11:30 p. m. Dock 7 Rush-st. Phone Cent. 1487.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.—Ticket offices, 212 Clark st., Telephone Central 7200; Dalsey Av., and Wells St. Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
"The Overland Limited" for Sleeping Car Passengers only.	* 8.00 pm	* 9.30 am
Des Moines, Omaha, Council Bluffs, Denver, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	*10.00 am	* 7.15 am
Denver, Omaha, Sioux City	*11.30 pm	* 7.15 am
Council Bluffs, Omaha, Des Moines, Marshalltown, Cedar Rapids	* 5.30 pm	* 6.45 am
Sioux City, Mason City, Fairmont, Parkersburg, Traer, Sanborn	* 7.00 pm	* 8.34 am
Northern Iowa and Dakotas	* 7.00 pm	* 8.34 am
Dixon, Clinton, Cedar Rapids	*12.35 pm	* 1.15 pm
Black Hills and Deadwood	*11.30 pm	* 7.45 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth	*10.00 pm	* 7.00 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire, Hudson, Stillwater	* 8.00 pm	* 9.45 pm
Winona, La Crosse, Sparta, Mankato	* 8.00 am	* 6.10 pm
Winona, La Crosse, Mankato and Western Minnesota and Dakotas	* 8.00 pm	* 7.00 am
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Appleton, Green Bay	*11.30 am	* 7.15 pm
Oshkosh, Appleton Junction	* 8.00 pm	*11.20 am
Green Bay and Menominee	* 5.00 pm	* 9.30 pm
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood and Rhinelander	*a3.00 am	* 9.45 am
Oshkosh, Green Bay, Menominee, Marquette and Lake Superior	a 3.00 am	* 9.30 pm
Green Bay, Florence, Crystal Falls	* 8.00 pm	* 7.30 am
Rockford and Freeport—Lv.†7.25 am, $8.45 am, †10.20 am, †4.45 pm, †7.30 pm, †11.25 pm.		
Rockford—Lv.†9.00 am,†4.00am,†9.00am,†2.02pm,*6.30pm.		
Beloit, Janesville, Madison—Lv. †8.00 am, $4.00 am, *9.00 am, *4.25 pm, *5.01 pm, *8.00 pm.		
Janesville, Madison—Lv. *6.30 pm, *9.00 pm, *10.00 pm.		
Milwaukee—Lv. †8.00 am, $4.00 am, *7.00 am, *9.00 am, †11.30 am, †2.00 pm, *3.00 pm, *5.00 pm, *8.00 pm, *10.30 pm.		
Dally. †Ex. Sun. $Sunday. ‡Ex. Mon. ¶Ex. Sat. a Dly. Menominee and Rhinelander. k Dly Green Bay.		

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY.—Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 2190 Central. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Janesville, Madison	† 7.45 am	† 4.55 pm
Mineral Point Division	† 7.45 am	† 1.15 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	† 8.20 am	† 5.55 pm
St. Paul-Minn. Day Express	† 9.00 am	† 9.45 pm
Delavan, Wausau, Merrill	† 9.00 am	† 9.45 pm
Madison & Prairie du Chien	† 9.00 am	† 4.00 pm
Delavan-Beloit	†11.30 am	† 6.55 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	† 2.00 pm	† 1.45 pm
Cedar Rapids, K. City, Dub.	† 2.00 pm	† 1.45 pm
Delavan-Beloit	† 3.00 pm	† 9.30 am
Green Bay, Portage	† 3.00 pm	† 1.00 pm
Rockford	† 4.00 pm	†10.25 am
Janesville, Madison	† 4.00 pm	†10.00 am
Mineral Point Division	† 4.05 pm	† 7.55 pm
Madison, Prairie du Chien	† 5.00 pm	† 9.30 am
Janesville, Madison	† 5.00 pm	† 1.15 pm
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	† 6.15 pm	† 7.55 pm
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Rockford, S. City, D. Moines, S. Falls	† 6.15 pm	* 8.30 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis—The Overland Limited	† 6.30 pm	* 9.30 am
Green Bay, Iron Mountain, H'ghton, Calumet, Marq.	*10.30 pm	* 7.00 am
Twin Copper City Limited		
St. Paul-Minneapolis	*10.30 pm	* 7.00 am
Wausau, Minocqua Star Lake	*10.30 pm	* 7.00 am
Cedar Rapids, K. City, Dub.	†10.25 pm	†10.55 pm
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	†10.25 pm	†10.55 pm
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Denver	†10.25 pm	†10.55 pm
Chicago & Milwaukee Express	* 7.00 pm	* 8.00 am
m.; *5:00, *5:30, *6:30, *10:30 p. m.		
Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Sat. ¶Ex. Monday.		

BURLINGTON ROUTE—TEL. NO. 3117 CENtral—Berths and tickets at 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Ottawa, Streator & La Salle	† 8.45 am	† 2.15 pm
Rochelle, Rockford, Forreston	† 8.20 am	† 2.15 pm
Mendota, Galesburg	† 8.30 am	† 2.15 pm
Galesb'g, Burl'g'n, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	† 9.00 am	* 8.30 pm
Dixon, Sterling, Rock Falls, S.D.	* 9.05 am	* 8.30 pm
Helena, Tacoma, Portland	* 9.05 am	* 9.20 am
Illinois and Iowa Local	*11.30 am	* 6.55 am
Texas points and Mexico	*11.30 pm	* 9.20 am
Galesb'g, Quincy, Hannibal	*11.30 am	* 2.20 pm
Denver, Utah, California	* 4.00 pm	* 8.30 pm
Fort Madison and Keokuk	* 4.00 pm	* 2.20 pm
Rock Falls, Sterling, R'ck I'd	* 4.00 pm	*10.35 am
Yorkville, Ottawa, Streator	† 4.30 pm	*10.35 am
C. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	* 6.00 pm	* 9.30 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph	* 6.30 pm	* 8.12 am
Atchison & Leavenworth	* 6.30 pm	* 9.20 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis	* 6.30 pm	* 9.20 am
Dubuque, Winona	* 6.30 pm	* 6.55 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph	*10.30 pm	* 6.55 am
Quincy and Hannibal	*10.30 pm	* 6.55 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis	*10.50 pm	* 9.35 pm
Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona	†10.50 pm	† 9.35 pm
Denver, Utah, California	* 9.00 pm	† 7.20 am
Ft. Madison, Keokuk	†11.00 pm	† 7.20 am
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S.D.	*11.00 pm	* 8.30 pm
Keokuk and Fort Madison	*11.00 pm	* 6.55 am
Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.		

CHICAGO & ALTON—UNION PASSENGER STAtion, Canal and Adams-st. City Ticket Office, 101 Adams-st. Phone Central 1707. TRAINS DEPART— "THE ONLY WAY."

	Leave.	Arrive.
† 8:35 am	Joliet Accommodation.	
9:00 am	Pontiac, Bloomington, Peoria, Springfield, St. Louis. Jacksonville, Mex	
*1:35 pm	Joliet, Dwight Accom'n (Sunday only)	
† 1:00 pm	Joliet, Lem'nt, Lem'p't, Dwight & Springfield & St. Louis.	
† 3:00 pm	Joliet Accommodation.	
† 5:10 pm	Pontiac, Chenoa, Bloomington, Springfield	
† 6:30 pm	Joliet and Dwight Accommodation.	
* 6:15 pm	Peoria and Kansas City Limited.	
* 9:00 pm	Bloomington, Springfield and St. Louis	
*11:15 pm	Joliet Accommodation.	
*11:40 pm	Midnight Special. Peoria, Springfield, St. Louis, Jacksonville, Mex	

Trains arrive from Kansas City, Jacksonville, Bloomington, *8:10 am, *1:45 pm; St. Louis, Springfield, Bloomington, *8:10 am, †1:15 am, †8:00 am, 10:02 pm; Springfield, Jacksonville, Bloomington, *1:45 pm; Peoria, Streator, Dwight, *7:15 am, *1:45 pm, *10:02 pm; Lafayette, Pontiac, Joliet, †10:30 am, *4:50 pm, †7:30 pm; Jacksonville, Ill., †8:02 pm; Dwight, Joliet, *10:10 am, *7:30 pm; Bloomington Local, *9 pm; Joliet Locals, †7:50 am, †8:50 am, *4:50 pm, †7:45 pm.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RY.—Temporary Passenger Station, cor. Harrison-st. & 5th-av., during construction of new Van Buren-st. depot. City Ticket Office, 224 Clark-st. Phone Central 2057. *Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Sat. §Ex. Mon. Leave. Arrive.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Sat. §Ex. Mon. Leave. Arrive.		
Ft. Worth & Denver City Special	* 9:15 am	* 7:50 pm
Des Moines & Minneapolis Express	† 9:15 am	† 7:00 pm
Peoria	† 9:15 am	† 2:00 pm
Wash'g'n, Omaha, D. Moines	† 9:30 am	† 4:05 pm
Joliet Express [Note]	*11:45 am	† 7:45 pm
Local to Davenport	† 1:05 pm	† 7:00 pm
Joliet Accommodation	† 4:15 pm	† 9:37 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 4:15 pm	*10:35 am
Cedar Rapids & Sioux Falls	* 4:15 pm	* 7:20 am
Joliet Express—Au Accom	† 5:10 pm	* 8:50 am
K. City, St. Joseph, Leavenw'h, Atch., Colo., and Tex. Exp.	* 5:45 pm	* 9:55 am
Peoria	* 5:45 pm	* 8:25 pm
Omaha Limited	† 7:05 pm	†10:35 am
Big Five to Colorado, Utah, & California, via Omaha	*10:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Library Buffet Car. Din'g car.		
Cedar Rap., St. P. aul & Min.	*10:00 pm	* 7:00 am
Peoria, Keokuk & Des Moines	* 9:00 pm	* 7:00 am
Pass Short Line, Colo., Tex.	*11:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Atch., St. Jo. D. Moines, Omaha	*11:30 pm	* 7:00 am

Note—From depot, Harrison and Sherman-sts.

WABASH RAILROAD—DEPOT, DEARBORN Station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket offices, 97 Adams-st. and Auditorium Annex. Telephone, City office (except Sunday) Cent. 3046. Depot, H. 752.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Daily. †Except Sunday.		
St. Louis & Springfield Express	* 9:17 pm	* 6:22 am
Peoria & Springfield Express	† 2:30 pm	† 2:45 pm
St. Louis Limited Express	* 9:17 pm	† 7:30 am
St. Louis & Peoria Express	† 4:30 pm	† 9:02 am
Peoria & Texas Limited	*11:03 am	* 5:22 pm
Forrest Accommodation	* 4:35 pm	* 9:47 am
Conn. Limited—Kensington, Hyde Park, Hammond, Gibson, Chicago; capital, $2,500; manufacturing furniture, ornaments, and glassware; incorporators, Charles B. Stafford, Charles F. Higgins, A. Frintz.		
Detroit, N. Falls & Bos. Ex.	*11:00 pm	* 7:15 am
Toronto, Mont. & Can. Ex.	* 3:03 pm	* 9:30 pm

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 131 Adams-st., Auditorium Annex, and Dearborn Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts. Telephone Central 555. *Daily. †Except Sunday.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Terre Haute & Evansville..†	8:20 am	† 9:15 pm
Southern Illinois & Thebes	† 3:20 am	† 9:15 pm
Mudsville Tiger & Express	† 4:30 pm	† 1:42 pm
Chicago & Florida Lim..D*	1:02 pm	D* 4:00 pm
Danville Express	* 5:05 pm	*10:03 am
Chicago & Nashville Lim..*	7:00 pm	D* 9:15 am
Terre Haute & Evansville..*11:34 pm		* 6:53 am
Arkansas and Texas	*11:34 pm	* 6:53 am

D—Dining car on these trains.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RY.—Trains leave Dearborn Station, Polk and Dearborn. Ticket office, 109 Adams. Telephone Harrison 1687.

	Leave.	Arrive.
*Daily. †Except Sunday.		
Streator, Kansas City, Ft. Madison	† 5:40 am	† 5:02 pm
Streator, Pekin, Monmouth..†	1:00 am	† 1:00 pm
Streator, Joi., Lockp't, Lemont		9:25 am
Streator, Joliet	*4:00 pm	† 9:05 am
K. City, Colo., Utah & Texas	* 4:27 pm	† 9:05 am
The California Limited	* 3:00 pm	* 2:15 pm
Texas, Los Angeles, San Diego	*10:00 pm	* 7:40 am
K. City, Cal. and Mex.		* 8:47 pm
K. City, Oklahoma & Texas		

CHICAGO & ALTON—UNION PASSENGER STAtion, Canal and Adams-st. City Ticket Office, 101 Adams-st. Phone Central 1707. TRAINS DEPART— "THE ONLY WAY."

	Leave.	Arrive.
† 8:35 am	Joliet Accommodation.	
9:00 am	Pontiac, Bloomington, Peoria, Springfield, St. Louis. Jacksonville, Mex	
*1:35 pm	Joliet, Dwight Accom'n (Sunday only)	
† 1:00 pm	Joliet, Lem'nt, Lem'p't, Dwight & Springfield & St. Louis.	
† 3:00 pm	Joliet Accommodation.	
† 5:10 pm	Pontiac, Chenoa, Bloomington, Springfield	
† 6:30 pm	Joliet and Dwight Accommodation.	
* 6:15 pm	Peoria and Kansas City Limited.	
* 9:00 pm	Bloomington, Springfield and St. Louis	
*11:15 pm	Joliet Accommodation.	
*11:40 pm	Midnight Special. Peoria, Springfield, St. Louis, Jacksonville, Mex	

Trains arrive from Kansas City, Jacksonville, Bloomington, *8:10 am, *1:45 pm; St. Louis, Springfield, Bloomington, *8:10 am, †1:15 am, †8:00 am, 10:02 pm; Springfield, Jacksonville, Bloomington, *1:45 pm; Peoria, Streator, Dwight, *7:15 am, *1:45 pm, *10:02 pm; Lafayette, Pontiac, Joliet, †10:30 am, *4:50 pm, †7:30 pm; Jacksonville, Ill., †8:02 pm; Dwight, Joliet, *10:10 am, *7:30 pm; Bloomington Local, *9 pm; Joliet Locals, †7:50 am, †8:50 am, *4:50 pm, †7:45 pm.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RY.—Temporary Passenger Station, cor. Harrison-st. & 5th-av., during construction of new Van Buren-st. depot. City Ticket Office, 224 Clark-st. Phone Central 2057. *Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Sat. §Ex. Mon. Leave. Arrive.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Sat. §Ex. Mon. Leave. Arrive.		
Ft. Worth & Denver City Special	* 9:15 am	* 7:50 pm
Des Moines & Minneapolis Express	† 9:15 am	† 7:00 pm
Peoria	† 9:15 am	† 2:00 pm
Wash'g'n, Omaha, D. Moines	† 9:30 am	† 4:05 pm
Joliet Express [Note]	*11:45 am	† 7:45 pm
Local to Davenport	† 1:05 pm	† 7:00 pm
Joliet Accommodation	† 4:15 pm	† 9:37 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 4:15 pm	*10:35 am
Cedar Rapids & Sioux Falls	* 4:15 pm	* 7:20 am
Joliet Express—Au Accom	† 5:10 pm	* 8:50 am
K. City, St. Joseph, Leavenw'h, Atch., Colo., and Tex. Exp.	* 5:45 pm	* 9:55 am
Peoria	* 5:45 pm	* 8:25 pm
Omaha Limited	† 7:05 pm	†10:35 am
Big Five to Colorado, Utah, & California, via Omaha	*10:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Library Buffet Car. Din'g car.		
Cedar Rap., St. P. aul & Min.	*10:00 pm	* 7:00 am
Peoria, Keokuk & Des Moines	* 9:00 pm	* 7:00 am
Pass Short Line, Colo., Tex.	*11:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Atch., St. Jo. D. Moines, Omaha	*11:30 pm	* 7:00 am

Note—From depot, Harrison and Sherman-sts.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY.—CITY OFFICE, 230 Clark-st. 'Phone Harrison 2357. Depot 12-st. and Park row. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Superior, Oshkosh, Eau Claire, Ashland	*2:45 am	* 9:38 am
Ironwood & Pacific coast	* 8:15 pm	*10:50 pm
Duluth and Superior	* 8:15 pm	* 9:38 am
Waukesha, Fond du Lac	*10:35 am	† 1:05 pm
Oshkosh and Neenah	† 1:30 pm	† 6:15 pm
Chippewa Falls & Eau Claire	*11:30 pm	* 6:15 pm
Waukesha Local	*4:00 pm	*10:30 am

EASTERN ROADS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R., AND B. & A. Rys.—"The Niagara Falls Route." Ticket offices, 119 Adams St., and stations 12th St. and Park Row, 22d St., 39th St., Hyde Park, 63d St. and Woodlawn.

Nov. 3, 1901. Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Detroit Mail and Express	† 6.45 am	† 4.40 pm
New York and Boston Special	† 9.00 am	† 4.40 pm
Buffalo, New York, and Boston	* 3.00 pm	* 8.55 am
Kalamazoo Accommodation	† 3.50 pm	†11.35 am
New York Special	* 4.00 pm	* 9.00 am
Detroit Night Express	* 9.35 pm	* 6.55 am
Niag. Falls, New York, and Boston	*11.30 pm	* 7.50 am
Buffalo, N. Y. City Sleeper	†11.30 pm	* 6.55 am
Boston Sleeper		* 9.00 am

Via Pere Marquette R. R.

Grands Rapids and Saginaw	† 7.15 am	†10.50 pm
Grand Rapids and Traverse City	†12.00 n'n	† 5.00 pm
Grand Rapids and Muskegon	† 4.50 pm	† 1.50 pm
Grand Rapids Express	*11.30 pm	* 7.05 am
Muskegon Sleeper	*11.30 pm	† 7.05 am

Via Grand Rapids & Indiana Ry.

Grand Rapids Express	† 6.45 am	† 4.00 pm
Grand Rapids Express	† 5.00 pm	† 1.25 pm
Grand Rapids Express	*11.30 pm	* 6.55 am

* Daily. †Ex. Saturday. ‡Ex. Monday.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINE—CHICAGO UNION Passenger Station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station and at 248 S. Clark-st., corner Jackson, and at Auditorium Hotel. Through trains run as follows:

From Chicago to—	Leave.	Arrive.
Fort Wayne and Alliance	† 9:00 am	† 6:30 pm
Indianapolis and Louisville	†10:00 am	* 5:30 pm
Dayton and Cincinnati	*12:00 n'n	* 5:30 pm
Columbus and the South	*12:00 n'n	* 5:30 pm
Baltimore and Washington	*10:00 am	* 5:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*10:00 am	* 5:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*10:00 pm	* 8:55 am
Baltimore and Washington	*12:01 n'n	* 2:50 pm
Pittsburg, Baltimore and Washington	* 3:00 pm	*10:45 pm
Philadelphia and New York	* 3:00 pm	* 8:55 am
Pennsylvania Limited	* 5:30 pm	* 8:55 am
Pittsburg and Washington	* 5:30 pm	* 9:55 am
Pittsburg Express	* 7:30 pm	* 3:00 am
Pittsburg Special	* 7:30 pm	* 9:00 am
Youngstown and Newcastle	* 7:30 pm	* 9:00 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 9:00 pm	* 6:30 am
Dayton and Cincinnati	* 9:40 pm	* 7:30 am
Muncie, Columbus & Bost	* 9:40 pm	* 7:30 am
Pittsburg and Baltimore	*11:40 pm	* 9:50 am

* Daily. †Except Sunday.

BALTIMORE & OHIO—DEPOT, GRAND CENtral Passenger Station. Ticket offices, 244 Clark-st. and Auditorium. No extra fare on limited trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Special Express	* 7:15 am	*10:15 pm
C., W. & Wash. Vest. Limited	*10:10 am	* 7:30 pm
N. Y., Wash. & Phila. Ves. Lim.	* 3:30 pm	* 9:40 am
Columbus and Wheeling Exp.	* 7:00 pm	* 7:50 am
Cleveland and Pittsburg Exp.	* 8:00 pm	* 8:50 am

* Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

EASTERN ROADS.

THE LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN Ry., N. Y. C. & H. R., and B. & A. Rys.—Grand Central Station, Harrison-st. and 5th-av., and 61st-st. station. City Ticket office, 180 Clark-st.

No.	Leave. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.	Arrive. No.
2	† 7:00 am Day Express	† 7:10 pm 8
6	* 8:30 am Buff., Alb. & N. Y.	* 7:50 am 5
10	*10:30 am N. Y. & Boston Spec.	* 4:00 pm 21
14	* 2:00 pm New England Ex.	*11:50 am 17
18	* 2:00 pm Buffalo and the East	19
22	* 5:30 pm Lake Shore Limited	* 4:30 pm 10
24	* 8:30 pm Fast Accom	†10:40 am 175
26	* 8:30 pm Cleveland	†10:40 am 27
28	*10:35 pm Tol., Cleve., Pitts. N.Y.	* 9:00 pm 23
32	* 8:00 am Buffalo and Boston	

MONON ROUTE—DEPOT, DEARBORN STATION. Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st. and principal hotels. 'Phone Har. 1245.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Florida Limited—Thro' serv.	* 9:00 pm	* 7:32 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 2:40 am	*12:00 n'n
Lafayette and Louisville	* 8:30 am	* 5:05 pm
Indianapolis & Cincinnat	† 8:30 am	* 5:05 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	*11:45 am	† 8:40 pm
Lafayette and Bloomington	*11:45 am	† 8:40 pm
Lafayette Accommodation	* 4:15 pm	*10:35 am
Lafayette and Louisville	* 9:00 pm	* 7:23 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 9:00 pm	* 7:23 am
French Lick & W. Baden Spe.	* 9:30 am	* 5:05 pm
French Lick & W. Baden Spe.	* 9:00

E RAILWAYS

GIVE WARNING
HIP LINES.

Declared Against
River Companies
Abolish Commis-
assenger Associa-
for Summer Re-
Rates — Contract
ver Bridge Is Let.

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ion Notes.

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TAX ON WHISKY.

Million Signatures
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10.—[Special.]—A pe-
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HE PEOPLE.

to Dr. Hirsch.

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CHIBALD McLELLAN.

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ngal conference.

DAY OF MISHAPS FOR WHITE SOX.

Beaten by St. Joseph and Bruised in Accident on Way to Their Hotel.

TOM DALY'S LEG INJURED

Griffith Spikes His Second Baseman Badly When the 'Bus Breaks Down.

SCORE OF GAME IS 8 TO 7.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

St. Joseph, Mo., April 10.—[Special.]—Comiskey's White Stockings met their first defeat of the season in an exhibition game against the St. Joseph Western league team this afternoon. When Danny Green ended the ninth inning with a puny grounder to the pitcher, Jones was waiting impatiently at third with the run needed to tie, and the score was left at 8 to 7.

To add to the discomfiture of the visitors, the bus carrying the players broke down on the way back to the hotel, and the vanquished champions were spilled onto the asphalt pavement. Tom Daly was spiked in the right leg, between the hip and knee, by Manager Griffith during the spill. The wound is nearly four inches long, but not deep. Daly's uniform also was cut by the sharp spikes of a new pair of shoes which Griffith wore for the first time.

None of the other players was hurt beyond a shaking up and minor bruises. The accident came when a wheel of the bus caught in a car track and parted company from the rest of the vehicle. Left in the street with no bus, no money in their uniforms to pay their fares, the players, most of whom were tired out from the long tramp yesterday, were a forlorn looking lot. At this point Treasurer Fredericks jumped off a car which had been blockaded by the wreck and took the moneyless party in tow.

Take Matters Too Easily.

Defeat was something of a surprise to the champions, who showed no particular alarm when the locals got several runs to the good, but when the score stood 7 to 1 Griffith called on his team to rally. This it did, but the route was not far enough, and at the luck of the game appeared to favor St. Joseph, which was cheered by an enthusiastic crowd of 1,000 fans, who braved the cold weather for a sight of the American league champions. As the game progressed Griffith was advised by sarcastic bleacherites to take his team into the "Three Eye" league.

St. Joseph presents a good minor league team. Its players are much farther advanced in practice than the White Stockings. It made no fielding errors and played a snappy game. On the other hand, the White Sox, tired from yesterday's walk, had arisen at 6 o'clock this morning to catch an early train and hardly got warmed up to the game before it was over. Patterson, who is notoriously a slow beginner in the spring, was wild and gave five passes in the five innings he officiated. Moreover, the locals were lucky in securing several long hits which rolled over embankments in the outfield, and these were good for extra bases. Seven of the eight runs gained by the opposition came in the first four innings.

Chicagoans on Home Team.

While the White Stockings can offer excuses, credit must be given St. Joseph, which played up to its game. Among the familiar faces on the home team were Artie Ball, a Chicago boy; McFadden, the former Cincinnati pitcher; and Rohe, another Chicago player, who made a great hit when first he was tried as a substitute for McGraw at third in Baltimore. Score:

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E	St. Joseph.	R	B	P	A	E
Dahlen, 3b	0	0	1	1	0	Dahlen, lf	1	0	1	0	0
Jones, cf	2	2	1	0	0	Rohe, 3b	1	2	2	2	0
Green, lf	2	2	4	0	0	Hartman, 2b	4	3	0	2	0
Davis, ss	0	0	0	1	0	Brashear, 1b	2	1	11	1	0
Daly, 2b	0	2	3	2	0	Roth, c	0	2	1	0	0
Isbell, 1b	0	1	6	1	0	Jarvin, c	0	0	5	1	0
Robert'n, 3b	0	0	1	1	1	Walters, cf	0	1	2	0	0
Sullivan, c	0	2	2	2	0	Ball, ss	0	0	2	3	0
Patterson, p	0	1	0	4	0	Gill, rf	0	0	2	0	0
Garvin, p	0	0	1	0	0	McFadden, p	0	0	0	3	0
						Maupin, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	7	11	24	12	1	Totals	8	8	27	13	0

Chicago	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	2	1	—7
St. Joseph	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	3	—8

Stolen bases—McFarland, Hartman 2, Brashear, Gill—Green. Three-base hits—Hartman, Sullivan. Two-base hits—Brashear. Home run—Brashear. Double plays—Daly (Dahlen), Rohe-Brashear. Sacrifice hits—Ball, Rohe. Hits made—Off Patterson, 7; off Garvin, 1; off McFadden, 3; off Maupin, 8. Struck out—By Garvin, 1; by McFadden, 1; by Maupin, 4. Bases on balls—Off Patterson, 5; off Garvin, 2; off McFadden, 1; off Maupin, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Patterson, Ball; by Maupin, McFarland. Time of game—1:30. Umpire—Underwood.

Notes of the Game.

Griffith and Platt probably will officiate in the same tomorrow.

Pittsburg is scheduled for exhibition games here on Saturday, Sunday, and Monday.

Patterson said the long hits secured against him were on low balls right over the middle of the pan.

Hartman, St. Joseph's second baseman, was credited with three triples and a base on balls in four times at bat.

Callahan, Eddy McFarland, and Katoll were dropped at Kansas City and will await the rest of the team, which returns there tomorrow night.

McFarland and Isbell were applauded their first time at bat, probably because of their connection with the old Western league. McFarland made two pretty running catches in right field.

Maupin, who pitched the last part of the game, is credited with pitching about half the home runs this season. He has a delivery like one which probably never has been seen in the leagues. He flops his left hand almost the same as his right until just before speeding the ball to the plate.

Other Games.

AT CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	—5
Columbus	0	3	0	1	1	3	0	0	—7

AT WASHINGTON.

Jersey City	0	2	2	0	0	3	0	—7	25	5
Washington	1	4	2	7	0	0	7	*—21	9	4

AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis	1	6	3	0	1	0	0	2	*—7	12	1
Louisville	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2	8	5

TOM DALY ENTERS A DENIAL.

Says Players Need No Instructions About Contract Jumping—Thinks Raid Will Begin in Fall.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

St. Joseph, Mo., April 10.—[Special.]—President Tom Daly of the Players' Protective association denied today the report that he had sent secret letters to the players advising them not to jump American league contracts when tempted by National league offers. Of the situation he said: "Our rules provide for expulsion for a player who jumps a contract and any warning is unnecessary. It seems to me the National league is likely to make a raid, if it really contemplates one, some time in the fall, when many contracts will expire."

"BABY" BLISS IN AN ASYLUM.

Famous Heavyweight Cyclist Confined in Asylum at Watertown—Tips Scales at 564 Pounds.

Bennington, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—Word comes from the Watertown Asylum for the Insane that "Baby" Bliss, Bloomington's famous heavyweight bicyclist, is one of the inmates of that institution, having been adjudged insane at Buda, this State, where he had been living of late with an uncle.

The mental failing takes the form of aimless conversation. For the last five years, Bliss has been riding a bicycle and advertising for the tobacco manufacturing it. He is the heaviest bicyclist, and of late he claimed to be the heaviest man in the United States, tipping the beam at 564 pounds when toured Europe two years ago and created a sensation. Of late he has been connected with a medicine company and has been over the Western States.

TEAM ROUNDING TO FORM

REMNANTS TAKE THE FOURTH STRAIGHT FROM ILLINI.

Victory Proves an Easy One by Score of 9 to 3—Glade Pitches Five Innings and Makes Good Showing Against the Collegians—St. Vrain Gives Peculiar Exhibition in the Eighth Inning—Dexter and Congalton on the Hospital List.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Champaign, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—Selee's battalion gave the University of Illinois team its fourth successive trouncing on Illinois Field this afternoon. The score was 9 to 3.

The victory came even more easily than in yesterday's contest, for every man on the team is rapidly rounding into the condition that distinguishes a professional from an amateur club. To Fred Glade can be attributed a good share of the credit for beating Coach Huff's men. He pitched five innings, and in that time only one varsity player managed to make the circuit.

After Glade was taken out Manager Selee sent in "Dusty" Rhoades, who learned the tricks of the trade on the prairies of Chicago. It was Rhoades' tryout, and though he only pitched two inings he showed enough ability to satisfy Selee. In the seventh inning he pitched only four balls.

St. Vrain finished the game, and in the eighth inning, after forcing one man across the plate with three bases on balls, settled down and stopped the danger by striking out the next two men, making three strikeouts for the inning.

Slagle Gets a Chance.

Jimmy Slagle played center today for the first time and Schaefer took Dexter's place at the third. Dexter has had a bad hand for several days. Slagle took the place of Congalton, who is laid up with a sore foot which has bothered him since coming here. Arthur Williams was also out of the game with a lame leg and Lynch was shifted over to right.

The remnants made enough runs in the first inning to win the game. Every man on the team was to bat, and when the round was ended four men had reached home. Little Jimmy Slagle started things going by cracking a double to right. Miller followed with a perfect bunt and Falkenberg wounded Schaefer on the left arm, filling the bases. Then "Michael Angelo" Lynch bingoed, and Slagle and Miller rode home. O'Hagen singled and Schaefer reached the plate, after which Lowe walked, Tinker fanned, and Lynch scored on Zalusky's long fly to Cook.

They made another in the second on Slagle's two-baser, Miller's single, and errors by Steinwedel and Fulton, which scored Miller, Slagle having been put out at the plate when Miller stole second.

First Run by Collegians.

The Illini made their first run in the third on singles by Zangerle, Higgins, and Parker. Selee's men added one more in the fourth, and still another in the seventh, when Mathews went to sleep with the ball in his hands and allowed Schaefer to reach the plate from second base, when O'Hagen was forced out on Lowe's grounder to Parker.

After this everything went the Remnants' way. In the eighth two more runs were registered, and interest in the contest was lost, at least so far as Huff's men were concerned.

Score:

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E	Illinois.	R	B	P	A	E
Slagle, cf	2	4	3	0	0	Cook, cf	0	1	2	0	0
Miller, lf	3	2	2	1	0	Steinw'l, 3b	1	1	1	3	2
Schaefer, 3b	2	1	3	2	0	Stahl, c	0	1	2	6	2
Lynch, rf	1	1	2	2	0	Fulton, 2b	0	0	1	1	0
O'Hagen, 1b	0	1	9	1	1	Zan'le, rf	1	1	1	0	0
Lowe, 2b	0	2	2	1	0	Higgins, lf	0	2	1	0	0
Tinker, ss	0	0	1	1	2	Parker, ss	0	1	0	1	1
Zalusky, c	0	0	16	0	0	Mat'w's, rf	0	0	0	0	1
Glade, p	1	1	0	1	0	Ashmore, 1b	0	1	7	1	0
Rhoades, p	0	1	0	0	0	Falkenb'g, p	0	0	1	1	0
St. Vrain, p	0	0	0	0	0	Lundgren	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	9	18	27	9	3	Totals	3	11	27	12	4

Chicago	4	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	0—9
Illinois	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0—3

Two-base hits—Slagle [2], Stahl. Struck out—By Falkenburg, 6; by Glade, 1; by Rhoades, 5; by St. Vrain, 3. Bases on balls—Off Falkenburg, 3; off Rhoades, 1; off St. Vrain, 3. Passed ball—Zalusky. Double play — Tinker-Lowe-O'Hagen. Hit by pitcher—Schaefer. Stolen bases—Stahl, Miller. Umpire—Menefee.

Notes of the Game.

A nickname has finally been given to Zalusky. It is "Zusk."

Selee has received word from "Mugsy" McGraw offering him Outfielder Brodie. It is not likely Selee will take Brodie.

Jimmy Gardner, the pitcher, who it was erroneously reported had been injured in a runaway accident at Pittsburg, shows up well in practice. He is not in good condition yet and it will take several days to get him into shape.

President Hart is expected tomorrow night. It is probable a game between the varsity and Selee's men will be arranged for Saturday morning for Hart's benefit, as the Illini players have a game with the University of Michigan in the afternoon.

Manager Selee has finally settled matters in regard to the game to be played on Sunday. The twenty-three players will be divided into two teams, one going to Peoria and the other to Terre Haute. Jocko Menefee will have charge of the latter team, while Selee will look after the Peoria bunch.

BOWLERS FINISH FIRST HALF.

Forty Teams Complete Their Three Games in the Preliminary Round of the I. B. A. Tournament.

Commercial	2,838	White City	2,609
Englewood	2,810	Hardware	2,587
Glenwood	2,802	Suburban	2,586
Unity	2,783	Bensinger	2,585
Star	2,701	West Chicago	2,573
Board of Trade	2,750	Schaefer-Yards	2,567
Business-Men	2,745	Interclub	2,561
West Side club	2,743	Phœnix	2,561
Metropolitan	2,739	Columbian Knights	2,541
Cherry Circle	2,721	Southwest	2,519
Blue Island	2,716	South Chicago	2,517
Northwest	2,710	Fine Underwriters	2,513
Chicago	2,681	American	2,506
North Chicago	2,679	Bankers	2,496
Lake View	2,679	Country	2,472
Jewelers	2,643	Madison	2,466
Grocers	2,623	Millinery	2,445
Sheridan	2,620	North Side	2,425
Newspaper	2,600	Garden City	2,333

With the series rolled last night the forty teams competing in the Illinois Bowling association tournament finished the first half of the preliminary round. From the unexpected manner in which the teams are placed the second series will be brimful of interest. Nothing of a startling character was performed by any of the eight teams which rolled.

The Jewelers' work was somewhat of a surprise, Tara of the team being the only one of the forty players who rolled to reach a double century average. He made 200 flat. Scores:

Cherry C.	1.	2.	3.	Phœnix.	1.	2.	3.
Hamm	162	177	194	W. Lee	170	204	166
Kasten	210	161	191	Buss	191	179	188
Meier	212	182	190	Kinney	166	133	157
Welch	161	159	168	Karnes	183	147	141
Thomas	195	126	233	Paine	194	180	187
Totals	940	805	976	Totals	904	843	814

Board of T.	1.	2.	3.	South End.	1.	2.	3.
Lewis	165	192	232	Walsh	182	161	174
Wheeler	157	188	165	H. Bender	151	161	178
Rothermel	253	157	162	F. Melody	184	153	210
McClellan	196	157	180	Hart	181	182	182
Owens	180	159	225	S. Melody	166	160	134
Totals	901	885	964	Totals	844	817	794

Bensinger.	1.	2.	3.	Jewelers.	1.	2.	3.
Peifer	152	193	190	Davis	158	127	165
Wayland	180	184	130	Bolskon	133	195	178
Chwatel	169	206	149	Malzacher	192	158	210
Rosendale	168	167	197	Tara	191	225	191
Wass	176	151	178	Brady	152	174	196
Totals	845	901	839	Totals	836	879	933

W. Chicago.	1.	2.	3.	Bankers.	1.	2.	3.
Gi. Ruther	196	157	192	Kling'sb'g	170	200	191
De Proft	173	182	183	Sawtelle	170	189	150
Eddy	147	146	170	Macalister	135	134	193
Chisholm	176	160	175	Rolfe	181	159	183
Sievers	170	169	168	W'ng'sb'm	126	148	170
Totals	862	823	888	Totals	782	812	902

Tonight's schedule will commence the second half, and the players will go to work in earnest. The Englewoods, Fire Underwriters, Garden Citys, and Americans are on at 6 o'clock, while the Blue Islands, Millineries, Stock-Yards, and Hardwares are carded for 8:30. The work of the Englewoods and Blue Islands will be watched with interest, as each has an excellent chance to qualify.

Fred Clinch gave a fine exhibition in the series rolled last night between Levy's Stars and Worden's Stars in the Star Spring league. Totals of 214, 246, and 223 gave him an average of 224 1-3, and materially assisted the side in taking two games from Worden's men. Scores:

Levy's S's.	1.	2.	3.	Wordens.	1.	2.	3.
Rook	187	152	188	Worden	237	155	205
Little	180	185	176	Barton	159	170	170
Holmes	187	168	174	Pasdeloup	170	187	151
Burk	172	187	147	Rothermel	178	197	140
Clinch	214	246	223	Peterson	160	139	252
Totals	940	963	908	Totals	912	858	916

BREWING STAKES WON BY AMPERE

Woods' Clever Ride on Abe Cahn's Colt Stalls Off Campbell's Rush.

WORTH $1,950 TO WINNER.

Robinson Leads Plunge on Chorus Boy, but Montgomery Winner Fails to Show.

ECOME CUTS TRACK RECORD.

Memphis, Tenn., April 10.—[Special.]—The Tennessee Brewing company's stake at seven furlongs furnished one of the best contests of the meeting at Montgomery Park and was won by A. Cahn's Ampere.

The first four horses were lapped as the winning line was crossed, and Ampere's margin was a short neck. C. B. Campbell, second, was the same distance before Bard of Avon, and Silurian was at the latter's saddle skirts.

Silurian was coupled favorite with Toah as Pat Dunne's entry, and Felix Bard and Ampere were equal second choices, each going to the post at 4 to 1. C. B. Campbell, at 40 to 1, was the outsider in the betting.

The start was prompt, and the field of nine was in close alignment when the barrier arose. Felix Bard was the first to show, but Ampere passed him in the first furlong and was never afterwards headed. Felix Bard raced a length behind to the half, with Lacrimae, Silurian, and Toah in close attendance, but was done before the home turn was reached. C. B. Campbell moved up, collared the bunch, and took second place at the head of the stretch.

Bard of Avon was badly cut off early in the race, and Birkenruth was obliged to pull him up and go around his field. He was seventh when the stretch was reached, but he closed fast from there to the end, and Woods, when he saw him coming, rode Ampere for all he was worth. The distance, however, was too short for Bard of Avon to get to the front, and he was beaten two necks, but was in front a couple of strides after the line was crossed. The winner's share of the purse was $1,950.

Best Card of the Meeting.

The weather was summer-like, the track fast, and the program the best of the meeting. The seven and a half furlongs record for the course was equaled by Ecome's Queen in the first race, and Ecome lowered it a quarter of a second in the last by running the distance in 1:36.

Talbot Bros.' filly, Wain-a-Moinen, looms up as a most formidable candidate for the Tennessee Oaks and a strong rival of Schorr's Flora Pomona, who until today was supposed to hold all the others of her age here safe. The daughter of The Commoner came out in the race at six furlongs for horses of her age, and she made her company look cheap. She carried 107 pounds and was conceding weight to all but Autumn Leaves. She could have made every post a winning one, but O'Brien took her back soon after the start and rated her along in third position until the middle of the turn, where he set her down and she came away without an effort and was simply romping the final furlong and won by three lengths.

Alderman Carey will ship his stable to Lakeside next Sunday. He is dissatisfied with the conditions of the races here and states that he will never run his horses at Montgomery Park again.

Memphis Summaries April 10.

First race, 7½ furlongs—Pirate's Queen, 91 pounds [Loudon], 5 to 2, won; Plead, 91 [Earl], 10 to 1, second; Kinloch Park, 101 [Winkfield], 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:36⅘. Chorus Boy, Angelesa, Edith Q., Landseer, Loka, and Mr. Fonso also ran.

Second race, 1¼ miles—South Breeze, 101 pounds [T. Dean], 7 to 5, won; Menace, 100 [T. Walsh], 7 to 1, second; Searcher, 103 [Birkenruth], 4 to 1, third. Time, 2:05¾. El Caney, Free Admission, and Glade Run also ran.

Third race, 6 furlongs—Wain-a-Moinen, 107 pounds [T. Dean], 6 to 5, won; Hunter Raine, 105 [Winkfield], 5 to 1, second; Autumn Leaves, 107 [Lindsay], 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:14⅘. Lucien Appleby, Proota, Hainault, Somersault, and Bill Logan also ran.

Fourth race, Tennessee Brewing Company Stake, $1,000 added, 7 furlongs—Ampere, 107 pounds [J. Woods], 4 to 1, won; C. B. Campbell, 97 [Lindsay], 30 to 1, second; Bard of Avon, 97 [Birkenruth], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:28. Silurian, Toah, Tearest, Nobleman, Felix Bard, and Lacrimae also ran.

Fifth race, 4½ furlongs—Spencer Reiff, 113 pounds [J. Woods], 1 to 3, won; Early, 102 [Winkfield], 3 to 1, second; Tom Cogan, 113 [Birkenruth], 10 to 1, third. Time, :56⅘. John C. King, Robert G., Landing, and Gallifet also ran.

Sixth race, 7½ furlongs—Ecome, 110 pounds [Winkfield], 4 to 1, won; Harry Wilson, 98 [Minder], 5 to 1, second; Malay, 97 [Birkenruth], 11 to 5, third. Time, 1:36. Ida Ledford, Carl Gillock, Lovable, Lee King, and Monos also ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, 6 furlongs—Tom Collins, 100 pounds; Ben Battle, 106; Andes, 104; McWilliams, 103; Theory, 99; Orleans, 96; Kilimandscharo, 96; Hopefield, 95; Last Knight, 95; Emathion, 93; Appreved, 92.

Second race, 9-16 mile—The Don, 110 pounds; Gold Bell, 108; King's Lady, 105; F. G. Good, 100; Mr. Bender, 100; Pennant, 98.

Third race, 7 furlongs—Blue Mint, 102 pounds; Lingo, Our Jessie, Evening Star, Barouche, Chansen, Marque, 107.

Fourth race, Chickasaw Club handicap, 15-16 mile—Wax Taper, 121 pounds; Vulcain, 111; The Lady, 109; Brigade, 98.

Fifth race, ⅞ mile—Miss Trappean, Eva Russell, Lady Lake, Sarah Maxim, King's Sister, 115 pounds; Kerrville, 110.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Trebor, 110 pounds; W. B. Gates, 110; McWilliams, 106; Syncopated Sandy, 101; Josie F., Florrie S., 89; Leenja, 84.

SAM WAGNER'S UNUSUAL LUCK.

Betting Commissioner's Mistake Enables Him to Win $2,000 at Bennings.

Washington, D. C., April 10.—[Special.]—There was a big crowd at Bennings this afternoon. The weather was clear and cool and the track heavy. The society representation was unusually large, being attracted by the "gentleman's race" for the amateur cup.

Fourteen horses paraded for the first race. Then Knockabout ran three miles and was withdrawn. Directum, a 40 to 1 chance, won. Gum Honey was the favorite. Lithium was backed from 10 to 4. When Lithium was quoted at 10 and Directum at 20, Sam Wagner gave his commissioner $100 to place on Lithium. In the noise that prevailed the commissioner did not distinctly hear the first part of the name of the horse he was instructed to back, but concluded it was Directum and placed the money accordingly, getting $2,000 against it. When Sam learned of the mistake he did not try to rectify it or hedge. Later there was 50 to 1 against Directum. Lithium was not in the money, and Sam was pleased to see Directum come through the stretch with a rush and beat Flo Russell on the post.

Bennings Summaries April 10.

First race, 5 furlongs—Directum, 104 pounds [Miles], 20 to 1, won; Flo Russell, 93 [Rice], 8 to 1, second; Gum Honey, 91 [Shea], 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:05. Albert Enright, Lithium, Knight of Snowden, Father Den, Ashbrook, Sunny Port, Roesner, The Bandit, Gay Hilda, Odds and Ends, and Dr. Korber also ran.

Second race, 4½ furlongs—Walsh, 107 pounds [Landry], even, won; Julia Lyston, 104 [Booker], 3 to 1, second; Turai Bey, 107 [Burns], 5 to 2, third. Time, :59. Mount Hope, Chamblee, Adele Harding, Aurifer, and Mirance also ran.

Third race, 1⅛ miles, over seven hurdles—Tamarin, 150 pounds [Finnegan], 15 to 20, won; Farrell, 140 [Donahue], 6 to 5, second; Beau Ideal, 139 [Johnson], 10 to 5, third. Time, 3:29. Three starters.

Fourth race, 4½ furlongs—Blue Delft, 109 pounds [Odom], 13 to 10, won; Tom Maybin, 112 [Landry], 6 to 5, second; Spring Brook, 109 [Booker], 6 to 1, third. Time, :58. Agio and Royal Ensign also ran.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs (amateur riders)—Cheval d'Or, 163 pounds [Mr. Devereux], even, won; Tankard, 152 [Mr. Compton], 3 to 1, second; Mistress, 148 [Mr. Marrow], 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:23. Senegal and Rad also ran.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs—Ben Viking, 107 pounds [Bullman], 4 to 1, won; Alpaca, 114 [Wonderly], 13 to 5, second; Carroll D., 110 [Odom], 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:14⅘. Silver Alarm, Concertina, Swamplands, Water Alone, Tax Man, Hendricks, and Playlike also ran.

Seventh race, mile and 100 yards—Shandon Field, 100 [Booker], 7 to 10, won; Hagerman Cup, 105 [Miles], 3 to 1, second; May J., 96 [S. Daly], 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:55. Hand Vice and Aline Abbott also ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, 5½ furlongs—Elizabeth Moan, 128 pounds; Pigeon Post, 125; Eloim, 120; Meistersinger, 119; Alpaca, 118; Cormorant, 118; Rose, 114; Dolce Far Niente, 113; Princess Ottilie, 112; Merriment, 112; Apple Jack, 108; Ante Up, 100; Odds and Ends, 100.

Second race, 4½ furlongs—Blue Peter 112 pounds; Benduro, 107; Julia Lyston, Optima, Squid, 104.

Third race, 6 furlongs—Pigeon Post, 120 pounds; Ohnet, 112; False Alarm, 110; Man-o'-War, Meistersinger, 108; Essene, 100; Trump, 99; The Hayden, 98; Roue, 96; Merriment, Happy, 91.

Fourth race, ½ mile—Red Knight, The Climber, Benduro, 112 pounds; Julia Lyston, Geisha Girl, All Souls, Optima, Ahola, Antarctic, Squid, Gloriosa, Eugenia Burch, 109. Couple Benduro and Julia Lyston.

Fifth race, 7 furlongs—Father Den, Odds and Ends, 96 pounds; Leslie Bruce, Ashbrook, 93; Nala, Eminence II., Merry Hours, Flo Russell, May J., Inkling, 91.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 50 yards—Lamp o' Lee, 116 pounds; Rough Rider, 110; All Saints, 106; Cherished, 101; Philma Paxton, 96; Alack, 90.

COUP WITH MILDRED SCHULTZ.

Montana Delegation Makes a "Killing" at Oakland—Bad Starting Is a Feature.

San Francisco, Cal., April 10.—[Special.]—The "killing" by the Montana delegation on imp. Mildred Schultz and the bungling start in the sixth race were the features of a rather uneventful day's racing.

Mildred Schultz, who was backed from 30 to 20 to 1, captured the second race in clever style from Rosewar, while Nonie, a long shot, finished third. Cassie W., the favorite, showed speed, but blew up in the stretch.

The last race of the day, at a mile and a sixteenth, was marred by a bungling start and pin-headed jockey work. Half the riders did not think it was a break and started to pull up, with the result that the field was scattered fully a sixteenth. Wolhurst beat Rio Shannon a neck, while Artilla finished third, closing fully ten lengths on the leaders.

Oakland Summaries April 10.

First race, ¾ mile—True Blue, 2 to 5, won; Rasp, 10 to 1, second; Canderos, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:15.

Second race, ⅝ mile—Imp. Mildred Schultz, 25 to 1, won; Rosewar, 3½ to 1, second; Nonie, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:02.

Third race, Futurity course—Royal Rogue, 7 to 10, won; Narra G., 7 to 1, second; Jacqueminot, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:11.

Fourth race, 1⅛ miles, handicap—Obia, 2 to 1, won; Position, 4 to 1, second; MacGyle, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:54.

Fifth race, ⅝ mile—Saul of Tarsus, 6 to 5, won; Matt Hogan, 2½ to 1, second; Malaspina, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:14.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Wolhurst, 2 to 1, won; Rio Shannon, 6 to 1, second; Artilla, 8½ to 1, third. Time, 1:48⅘.

ENTRIES.

First race, 7 furlongs—Dawson, 87 pounds; Consolation, 102; Legal Maxim, 97; Malaise, 99; Katie Walcott, 99; Mamie Hildreth, 101; Cultivate, 101; McNamara, 102; The Gamin, 102; El Rio, 108; Lord Advocate, 111.

Second race, ½ mile, maidens, 2-year-olds—Katanga, Fire Dance, Prestolus, 100 pounds; The Forum, J. H. Bennett, 108; Organdie, Brumel, Maud Sherwood, Walburga, 110; The Fog, Dick Roberts, Clivosa, 113.

Futurity course—Friddlin, Nellie Forest, The Hoodoo, 101 pounds; Aunt Mary, 104; Reina de Cuba, Llef Prince, Tiburon, Hi Nocker, 106; Alfred C., San Venado, King Dellis, 109; Mallakwa, 114.

Fourth race, 7 furlongs—Louwelsea, 95 pounds; Maraschino, Tyranus, 97; Mission, First Shot, Marcos Aloha II., 101; Wyoming, 108; Our Lizzie, 109; Hungarian, M. L. Rothschild, 111; Dorian, 114.

Fifth race, ⅝ mile—Rubus, Divina, 107 pounds; John Peters, Tower of Candles, 112; Dr. Boyle, David S., 114; Saul of Tarsus, 117; Sharp Bird, 120.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Axminster, 98 pounds; Lena, 97; Billy Moore, Ping, 102; Gawaine, 103; Expedient, 104; Marshal Niel, 106; Free Lance, Windward, 107; Sir Hampton, 108; Red Wald, 110; Lady Meddlesome, 112.

SAYS CARR WAS MURDERED.

Stable Boy Coming from New Orleans Claims the Missing Trainer Is Dead.

A colored stable boy, who ar

CROP REPORT ON WHEAT

CONDITION LOWER THAN LOOKED FOR, CURB HIGHER.

Indication, However, Is for the Liberal Yield of 415,000,000 Bushels—Regular Market Lower on Realizing—Corn Shows Some Strength — May Oats Lose a Cent on Selling Against Cash Purchases, with Possible Pattern Selling.

The government crop report on wheat, issued yesterday, gives the condition of winter wheat on April 1 as 78.7. This compares with a condition of 91.7 a year ago, and is the lowest April condition, with three exceptions, in fifteen years. In curb opinion, not always a safe guide, the report was bullish, a higher estimate having been expected, and there was an advance of ½c on the Milwaukee curb from the official close here. May wheat closing there at 72⅝c. The department did not revise its figures on acreage from the provisional estimate of last December of 32,000,000 acres. On that acreage, and with 16.5 bu as the par yield, a basis too low, if anything, in the light thrown on the general question of department figures by the census returns, the condition figures suggest a yield of 415,000,000 bu winter wheat. This is less than the indication of 450,000,000 bu derived from the government report of April, 1901, but, with that exception, is the largest April indication in the history of the work of the government bureau. Because of the wide divergence between the bureau return on the crops of 1899 and the census figures for that year, recently published, the trade generally may be more at sea than usual in interpreting the report or agreeing upon any translation of the figures of condition and acreage into estimated yield in bushels. It was insisted the report was bullish because a higher estimate of condition had been expected, from 80 to 85 points.

Regular Market Lower.

In the regular market heavy selling by the Northwest, realizing on the largest local line, and local short selling on the theory that the issuance of the government report would give the usual signal for a decline cost the price ⅞c. There was a recovery of about half the decline on liberal covering by shorts at bottom prices and some buying for long account on a tip from Washington giving the government condition figures within half a point, a guess so accurate as to justify suspicion of a leak. This buying checked the break, and finally compelled pit operators who had been too enthusiastic on the bear side to bid prices up to even their trades. May sold from 72-⅛c to 71¼c, closing at 71⅞c, a loss of ⅞-½c. July closed at 72½c and September at 71¼c, differences remaining practically unchanged. The start was weak, the trade tribute to the fine weather for one thing, and due in part to the bearish crop summary of the Price Current, which declared "wheat prospects fairly good." Liverpool chilled the bullish temper of the day before by its poor response to the local advance, the English market closing unchanged on futures. There was a disposition in the start by longs who had profits to take them. The rest of Captain Phillips' line went over through brokers, September mainly. Wrenn was a heavy seller, presumably for the Northwest. Trego and Raymond-Pynchon sold around bottom prices. Cudahy brokers were buyers. There was enough wanted here by commission houses to start a moderate rally. The upturn was helped by the claims of export business at the seaboard, figures put as high as 480,000 bu. Local shipping sales of 90,000 bu were reported, and it was claimed a big lot had been worked within a few days and not reported. Duluth talked fair sales of Manitoban wheat. Minneapolis and Duluth stocks were estimated to decrease 1,000,000 bu for the week. Receipts continued light, 137 cars Northwest, and at all primary points 262,123 bu, compared with 416,406 bu the corresponding day last year. Clearances were 379,772 bu.

May Wheat Range.

Cash Corn News Better.

Corn was heavy early in sympathy with weakness in wheat and oats and on pressure by local bears, but there was local support which became more confident on reports of better cash business here, sales of 100,000 bu, the light receipts, and light country offerings. The small loss was recovered and the close was steady for July and ⅛-¼c higher for May and September. The May range was from 58¼-⅝c to 59⅛c, the close at 59⅛c. July closed at 59⅝c, September at 59c. There were complaints from Iowa of the ground being too wet for spring plowing. The Southwest markets kept firmer than Chicago and there was more talk from Kansas City of good cash demand. The entire stock of No. 2 corn there was sold to go out, it was claimed, none could be bought to arrive, and the price was 61½c, or 2½c over Chicago May. There were only 30 cars on the inspection sheet, with 60 estimated for today. Primary points had 219,385 bu, compared with 262,280 bu last year. Clearances were 27,079 bu. New York claimed sales of 50,000 bu to Australia. Champlin, Updyke, Elwell, and Friedman were as active sellers as any; Pringle, Neafus, and Warner were buyers. McReynolds and Weare were the best commission buyers. Liverpool was weak, futures off ¼d to ½d.

Pressure on May Oats.

There was enough selling of May oats to force a break of 1½c, and the close was only ¼c above bottom at 42⅝c. There was no especial evidence of Patten selling early, but if he was on that side he had plenty of company, the bulk of the offerings being against purchases of real oats in the country, which were much freer. They came from Richardson, Peavey, Nye-Jenks, and other cash interests. The market was poorly supported on the way down from 42⅝c, and the Barretts added to the weakness by sales which were supposed to be for Cudahy. Pit shorts took profits and Buckley had supporting orders around 41⅝c, steadying the market, but at the same time seemed to have it for sale when any was wanted. Deferred futures were hot much affected, July off ⅛c to 33⅞c and September a split lower at 29c. The cash market was weak, samples ½c to 1c lower, but there was a fair shipping business on the decline, sales of 175,000 bu reported. At the seaboard 50,000 bu were taken for export. Clearances were 15,881 bu. Local receipts were 108,950 bu and shipments 205,491 bu. Arrivals were more liberal, 124 cars, with 20 contract, and 85 estimated for today. The Price Current declared "oats starting well."

All Hog Product Slightly Higher.

Everything in the provision list closed a little higher than on Wednesday, pork 10c up, lard 5@7½c higher, and ribs about 7½c improved. Early strength was contributed by a light run of hogs—only 20,000—and yards prices 5@10c better. The eight points reported 49,000, against 62,200 last week and 62,300 last year. It looked early like buying of product for the large packing interests, both of lard and ribs. On the advance there was some selling by the Anglo-American. Packing to date is reported at 335,000, compared with 355,000 a year ago. Shipments of cured meats were 1,641,000 lbs, compared with 1,828,000 lbs last year, and of lard 647,000 lbs, against 860,000 lbs the previous year.

Rye reacted ¼@½c. May selling 54¼@54½c, closing at the outside figure, ½c lower than on Wednesday. July was offered at 55c. Receipts were 2 cars.

Barley was active and in good demand. Receipts were 22 cars. Screenings sold generally at 45@55c, though some were on sale for which 24c could not be obtained. Low grade malting ranged from 61@62c, fair to good 64@66c, and choice 66@67c.

The seed situation was steady and quiet, April timothy at $6.90@6.95 and cash lots $6.00@6.50. April clover was quoted $7.90. Country lots sold from $6.00@7.50, according to quality.

Transactions in flaxseed were confined to sales of No. 1 Northwestern at $1.76 and of Southwestern at $1.65½. May was nominally $1.67. There were 8 cars here, 5 at Duluth, and 6 at Minneapolis.

Range of Prices.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	April 9.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Apr. 10, 1901.
April ..	71⅜	72⅝	71⅜	72⅝	70½
May ..	72⅛-⅜	73-⅛	71⅞	71⅞	70½
July ..	72⅝	73⅛	72	72½	70½
Sept ..	72⅜	73-⅛	71⅞-¾	72½	70½

CORN.

April ..	58	....	....	58⅜	43½
May ..	59⅛	59⅝	58⅞-¾	59-¼	43⅝
July ..	59⅝	59⅝-¾	58¾	59⅜	43¼
Sept ..	59½	59	58½-¾	59	43¼

OATS.

April ..	42¼	....	....	41⅜	24⅜
May ..	42½	42⅝	41⅜	41⅝	24⅜
July ..	34	33⅞	33¾	33⅞	24⅜
Sept ..	29-¼	29⅜	28⅝	29	....

MESS PORK.

April ..	16.45	....	....	16.55	14.30
May ..	16.50	16.60	16.52½	16.60	14.37½
July ..	16.67½	16.77½	16.67½	16.77½	14.47½

LARD.

April ..	9.55	....	....	9.62½	8.27½
May ..	9.60	9.70	9.62½	9.65-7½	8.30
July ..	9.70	9.80	9.72½	9.75-7½	8.10
Sept ..	9.80	9.87½-90	9.82½	9.85	8.10

SHORT RIBS.

April ..	8.85	....	....	8.92½	8.20
May ..	8.90	8.97½	8.92½-5	8.95-7½	8.15
July ..	9.02½	9.10	9.05	9.10	7.95
Sept ..	9.10	9.20	9.15	9.17½	7.90

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Winter wheat	10	5	....	15
Spring wheat	5	5	2	12
Corn	....	18	12	30
Oats	20	76	28	124
Rye	....	1	1	2
Barley	....	12	10	22
Totals	35	117	53	205

Inspected out—95,370 bu spring wheat, 5,000 bu oats. From unlicensed elevators—7 cars winter wheat, 65 cars and 29,000 bu spring wheat, 39 cars corn, and 13 cars oats.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Steady but dull. Winter patents, Southern, $3.75@3.80; straight, $3.50@3.60; spring, special brands, $3.90@4.00; hard patents, $3.40@3.50; soft, $3.10@3.60; white rye, brls, $2.75@2.85.

WINTER WHEAT—Quiet. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 hard, 25,000 bu on p. t, Free on board: No. 3 red, 75½@76¾c; No. 3 hard, 74c; No. 2 hard, 75¼c.

SPRING WHEAT—Quiet and easy. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 Northern, 15,000 bu on p. t., 15,000 bu 71⅝c, 35,000 bu 71¾c.

CORN—Easy. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 yellow, 58¾c. On track and free on board: No. 4, 56¾@57¼c; No. 3, 57¼c; No. 3 yellow, 58¼@59c; No. 3 white, 61@62c. Billed through: No. 3, 56¼@56¾c; No. 3 yellow, 56½@57½c; No. 3 white, 60c.

OATS—Weak and ⅛@1c lower. Sales in store and to go: White clipped, 175,000 bu on p. t. On track and free on board: No. 4 white, 42⅛@43½c; No. 3, 41½c; No. 3 white, 43½@44⅝c; No. 2, 42@42¼c; No. 2 white, 44@45c. Billed through: No. 4, 40½c; No. 4 white, 43¾@43⅝c; No. 3, 43c; No. 3 white, 43@43¾c; No. 2 white, 44c. At the river: No grade, 40½c; No. 4 white, 42@42¼c; No. 2, 42@42¼c; No. 2 white, 42¾c.

RYE—Steady. Sales free on board: No. 3, 54c.

PROVISIONS—Firm. Cash lots mess pork, $16.55@16.60; lard, $9.62½@9.65; short ribs, $8.85@8.95, according to weight.

LARD OIL—Firm. Prime winter, strained, 78c.

WHISKY—Basis finished goods, steady, $1.30.

HAY—Firm. Receipts, 724 tons; shipments, 50 tons. Sales on track: Choice timothy, $13.50@14.00; No. 1 timothy, $12.00@13.00; No. 2 timothy, $10.00@12.00; not graded timothy, $9.00@10.00; No. 2 prairie, State, $7.50@9.00; Iowa, $9.50; No. 4 prairie, $6.00; not graded prairie, Iowa, $10.50. Free on board and switched: No. 1 timothy, $12.00; not graded timothy, $12.00.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated arrivals for today are: Wheat, 15 cars; corn, 60 cars; oats, 85 cars; hogs, 18,000.

"I see nothing to buy wheat on," said Charles L. Raymond. "It is too early in the spring for anything to develop which would endanger the crop, and the natural inclination is to expect favorable weather. Since farmers began drilling in their wheat I never heard of any serious damage by winter killing, and this crop is evidently going to be no exception. The bull motive, if there is to be one, hasn't turned up yet."

It is reported James A. Patten and F. P. Frasier both have stock in the new firm of Carrington, Patten & Co., of which George W. Patten will hold the controlling interest.

Although the local trade generally expected the government report to show a winter wheat condition nearer 85 than 80, some traders had the tip that it would be 78.5, a figure so close to the official announcement there was reason for believing the advance information came from some one who knew what it was going to be. If there was a leak at Washington it was taken advantage of by a few operators, who bought wheat on it.

Figures in the indicated yield of wheat from the government report arrived at by different people in the trade ranged all the way from 385,000,000 bu to 436,000,000 bu. The matter of making allowances or not for acreage plowed up, of which there were over 1,000,000 acres in Kansas, and the use of different par figures, accounted for this range. The language of the report seemed to indicate that the condition figure was to be applied to the acreage originally sown.

Hedging in May Oats.

Elevator interests are apparently less fearful of a corner in May oats. There were hedging sales of May yesterday against purchases in the country, which were more liberal, by Richardson, Peavey, and Nye-Jenks. Two of these houses have not hedged cash purchases by May sales until the last day or two. People in the oats trade thought they were surer than ever yesterday that Patten was quietly selling May oats, but his name was not given up, and it was, of course, a matter of guesswork. Patten himself did not display any concern over the break in the market, and intimated he had made no trades for several days.

"The government crop report seems bullish to me," said George S. McReynolds, "although I would hesitate to predict much of an advance for a market which has been so persistently heavy. The condition of winter wheat given is lower than was expected, but the strong factor in the situation at present is the improving cash demand. Bids are a little higher today, and is hard to buy wheat here."

The Committee on Transportation gave a full hearing yesterday to private elevator men who objected to the feature of the proposed new car service rule requiring them to pay demurrage on cars not unloaded in ten days, while public warehousemen were to be given an indefinite time for unloading without any penalty. The committee adopted a resolution to the effect that public and private houses should be treated exactly alike in the matter of demurrage charges, if any are to be imposed. The resolution will be referred to the General Managers' association.

President Warren received the following dispatch from Des Moines, Ia.: "The Cereal club of Des Moines at a special meeting passed the following resolution: 'Resolved, That it is the wish of the club that the Chicago Board of Trade establish the "standard grade of oats" as the contract grade oats under the rules and regulations of the board.' M. T. Russell, President." The action of the club, which includes the large line elevator operators of Iowa in its membership, was unanimous, and some of the members, who are also members of the Board of Trade, are so interested in the measure they are coming here on Saturday to vote for it. Chairman Chadwick of the Committee on Rules received a telegram from New York, signed by twenty-eight of the prominent people in the grain trade there, all members of the board, heartily indorsing the proposed change.

DAY AT THE CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Collections Show Total of $30,053.23, Imposts Paying $20,037.17, Warehouse Withdrawals $10,016.06.

Collections at the Custom-House amounted to $30,053.23 yesterday, imposts paying $20,037.17 and warehouse withdrawals $10,016.06.

Goods arrived in bond as follows: 546 boxes tin, 1 case cork, 230 brls fish, 1,400 sacks salt, 24 cases earthenware, 1 case wine, 1 case clocks, 3 cases artificial flowers, 1 case books, 1 case hardware, 1 case wallpaper, 237 cases tea, 2 cases machinery, 133 cases onions, 90 cases tomatoes, 10 cases laces, 2 cases linens, and 69 cases crash.

The following merchandise was withdrawn for immediate consumption: 50 cases Getrade kuemmel, 3 cases Ywelschgenwasse, 2 cases Swedish whisky, 2 cases webbing, 4 cases laces, 3 cases lace curtains, 2 cases handkerchiefs, 10 cases linens, 100 brls herring, 205 cases tracing cloth, 228 cases whisky, 1 case calendars, 7 brls sheep casings, 2,000 sacks salt, 2 cases glassware, 10 cases silk, 34 bales rugs, 1 case embroidery, 1 case woolens, 7 cases millinery, 1 case carbons, 1 case cheese, 1 case still wine, 1 case gloves, 4 cases hosiery, 56 cases wine, 6 cases bronze powder, 1 case clocks, 1 bale carpets, 2 cases lithographs, 1 case machinery, 380 cases Japanese goods, 984 rolls matting, 6 cases cottons, 160 cases earthenware, and 540 boxes tinplate.

WILL ELECT NEW BOARDS

CORN PRODUCTS CONCERNS TO BE REORGANIZED.

Walter H. Wilson Resigns as Vice President and Director of Royal Trust Company—Chicago Title and Trust People Say Depreciation Charges Are Not Necessary — Position of Present Plant — Western Banks Send Money to New York.

Reorganizations in management will be effected as soon as possible in the Glucose Sugar Refining and other constituent corporations of the Corn Products company. New officers and directors will be chosen to carry on the operation of the separate companies, which will all be kept alive. The office of the National Starch company in New York may be abandoned. If it is the business will be transacted in the future from the office of the Corn Products company. No change will be made in the office of the New York Glucose company, in which Corn Products owns a minority interest. The maintenance of the Corn Products office in New York disproves the story that the Eastern selling agency would be in the control of the Standard Oil-New York Glucose people.

Local people connected with the Corn Products company say they do not know anything about the New York report of legal entanglements in connection with the consolidation. They say that the rights of any stockholder in a constituent concern have not been changed by the organization of the Corn Products company, which is purely a stockholding company.

President C. H. Matthiessen and General Counsel W. J. Calhoun of the Corn Products company have returned from New York.

Walter H. Wilson Resigns.

Walter H. Wilson has resigned as Vice President and a director of the Royal Trust company. Mr. Wilson has been identified with the company for four years.

Chicago Title and Trust.

Chicago Title and Trust directors deny the statement that charges for depreciation are necessary as a result of duplication of the abstract books in the consolidation of the three companies engaged in that business.

"The present plant, the remaining one after the combination," a director said yesterday, "is worth as much as all three put together or more, for the simple reason that its earning power is greater. As time goes on the plant account of the company will be written down out of surplus earnings as a matter of conservatism, but it is well worth what it is carried for now.

"Instead of depreciating, the plant is improving. We have added hundreds of thousands of entries, and each one will produce revenue eventually. We charge all work on the plant to current expense.

"In the consolidation the real estate taken over was written down sharply, but we have come out well on what we have disposed of so far, and the real estate market is improving steadily. We are satisfied with the results for the first quarter of 1902, although it showed a small falling off from the preceding quarter. That is natural, because the three months ending on March 31 are the poorest of the year."

Western, Banks Loan in East.

An advance in New York exchange to 10c premium yesterday indicates that Chicago and other Western banks are sending money to Wall street to loan at the high rates prevailing there. From 10c discount on Wednesday exchange rose in Chicago yesterday to 10c premium.

Call money ruled in New York at 6 per cent, but at the close was offered at 4¼. The last loan was as 5 per cent.

The Bank of England's minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 3 per cent.

President Lacey Returns.

President Edward S. Lacey of the Bankers' National Bank has returned from California. Speaking of his trip he said that the country is in excellent condition. Good rains have fallen in California. From Denver, the point farthest east at which he stopped, on to California, business is good. Mr. Lacey was greeted with a bunch of American beauty roses yesterday, presented by the employés of the bank.

J. J. Mitchell Goes to California.

John J. Mitchell, President of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, left last night for California. He will return with his family about May 1.

Financial Topics.

The Allied Securities company, a new corporation formed under the laws of New Jersey, was organized, Max Pam says, for the purpose of holding the securities of other companies. Since the incorporation of the first of the securities-holding companies many others have been organized, and the plan is being made use of in small corporations.

The National City Bank of New York is issuing in attractive pamphlet form the series of articles written by Vice President Frank A. Vanderlip for Scribner's Magazine on the "American Commercial Invasion of Europe."

The adjourned meeting of stockholders of the American Strawboard company, scheduled for yesterday, was postponed until May 13. The Appraisal committee will file schedules by April 15 and report by April 29. This will leave plenty of time for Strawboard stockholders to act on the deal.

It is reported that at today's meeting the directors of the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville road will declare a dividend of not more than 3 per cent on the common, but probably at the rate of 2½ per cent, with a semi-annual payment of 1¼ per cent. It is understood that the executive department offered strong opposition to paying any dividend at all, and that the rate indicated represents a compromise between the various parties in interest.

It is reported that General Electric interests have bought some Carbon stock.

It is understood that the People's Gas company will file its amended bill in the 75c gas ordinance case about the last of April. The decision will be carried to the Supreme Court and a final ruling may not be had for six months or a year.

The Rubber Goods Manufacturing company reports for the year ended on Dec. 31 a balance of income over expenditures and dividends paid of $204,042.

"There is no reason to believe earnings will fall behind last year during the next two or three months," said an official of the Atchison, "and, if we have a good crop, traffic will be considerably more than we can handle, even with our largely increased equipment. Spring conditions have been favorable for planting, and there is plenty of moisture, which is most important. In that respect we are better off than in former years. That farmers are satisfied with the general condition is reflected in their continued absorption of nearly everything. This gives us the heaviest west-bound busines we have ever had."

Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

	1902.	1901.	Increase.
Gross, February..$	3,114,907 $	2,959,355 $	155,502
Exp. and taxes...	2,347,772	2,183,307	164,370
Net, February....	994,428	1,003,745	*9,320
Gross, 8 months..	27,243,490	24,636,528	2,606,962
Exp. and taxes...	18,227,202	16,949,347	1,277,962
Net, 8 months....	9,016,288	7,687,340	1,329,000
Month March....	3,391,088	3,226,454	164,654
July 1-March 31..	20,684,578	17,862,962	2,771,616

RIO GRANDE WESTERN.

Gross, February..$	362,199 $	292,148 $	70,053
Expenses	216,179	195,093	21,086
Net, February....	146,020	97,053	48,967
Other income....	1,419	....	921
Total net.....	147,439	....	*0,320
First charges....	101,095	....	....
Surplus.....	46,344	....	....
Gross, 8 months..	3,616,551	3,190,880	425,671
Expenses.....	2,199,490	2,199,785	*295
Net, 8 months....	1,447,061	1,021,096	425,966
Other income....	22,357	....	....
Total net.....	1,469,418	....	....
First charges....	809,600	....	....
Surplus.....	663,816	....	....

MEXICAN NATIONAL.

Gross, January...$	696,394 $	744,345 $	41,989
Expenses.....	471,466	377,795	93,670
Net, January....	214,394	366,552	*51,616

YAZOO AND MISSISSIPPI VALLEY.

Gross, February..$	538,119 $	562,530 $	*24,411
Exp. and taxes...	363,249	363,346	097
Net, February....	174,869	199,183	*25,104
Gross, 8 months..	4,557,557	4,305,353	192,168
Exp. and taxes...	2,758,710	2,576,357	117,646
Net, 8 months....	1,798,847	1,811,993	*292,846

WABASH.

First wk. April..$	335,901 $	311,778 $	24,123
From July 1.....	14,886,581	13,678,003	1,208,581

ANN ARBOR.

First wk. April..$	31,078 $	31,573 $	*199
From July 1.....	1,495,297	1,343,608	111,689
February:			
Gross.....	145,113	134,426	10,677
Oper. expenses...	104,901	130,801	*25,910
Net.....	40,422	4,625	35,887
From July 1:			
Gross.....	1,366,989	1,178,413	98,876

Gross, expenses...	373,620	363,231	10,389
Net.....	206,230	210,107	83,353

MISSOURI PACIFIC.

First wk. April..$	859,000 $	838,000 $	21,000
From Jan. 1.....	8,757,748	8,742,958	14,790

CENTRAL BRANCH.

First wk. April..$	15,000 $	18,000 $	*3,000
From Jan. 1.....	940,946	813,241	*72,495

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS.

First wk. April..$	63,745 $	61,321 $	2,424
From July 1.....	2,692,221	2,519,487	172,734

*Decrease.

Foreign exchange was steady at the following rates in Chicago:

SELLING RATES.

Checks, Paris	515⅝—1-16
Cable transfers, London	488
Checks, London	487⅝
Checks, Holland	40 3-16
Checks, Berlin	95 5-16

BUYING RATES.

60 days, London, banks	485½
60 days, London, documentary	485⅜
3 days, Paris	515⅛—1-16
60 days, documentary	518⅜—1-16
3 days, Antwerp	517½
60 days, Antwerp	520
3 days, Hamburg	95¼
60 days, Germany, documentary	94⅝
60 days, Germany, bankers	94⅝
60 days, Holland	39⅝
3 days, Holland	40⅛

Closing prices on curb stocks in New York were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	14⅝	15
Do pfd	57½	58
American Hide and Leather	6	6⅛
Do pfd	39½	40
Bay State Gas	1	1⅛
British Columbia Copper	9	9⅛
Compressed Air	6	10⅛
Electric Boat	26½	27
Do pfd	45	49
Electro Pneumatic	1⅛	1⅜
Electric Vehicle	3⅝	5⅛
Do pfd	7⅞	5⅛
General Carriage	⅝	1
Havana Commercial Co.	10	12
Do pfd	45	50
Illinois Vehicle	....	½
National City Bank	590	595
Nat. Enameling & Stamp Co.	29½	30
Do pfd	85	80
N. Y. Elec. Vehicle Trans.	12	12½
Northern Securities Co.	102⅜	102½
Otis Elevator	32¼	33¼
Do pfd	102	103
Pitts. Bessemer & L. E.	33½	36½
Royal Baking Powder pfd	104½	105
Seaboard Air Line	26	26⅛
Do pfd	43¾	46½
Standard Oil	614	619
St. Louis Transit	30	30½
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	11	11¼
Do pfd	42	42
United Rys. of St. Louis pfd	....	84
Do 4s	....	80
N. & W. Pocahontas new 4s	93½	93¾

Traction Is Lower.

Union Traction common was off a little, but dull on the Chicago Exchange yesterday. It closed at 19½, a net loss of ¾. Reports that the consolidation of the Union Traction and the City Railway companies will be undertaken after the franchise problems are settled continue in circulation. A small lot of Title and Trust sold at 122½.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	425	15	14⅛	15
Canal and Dock	25	79	79	79
Chicago Title and Trust..	10	122½	122½	122½
Chicago Union Traction..	650	20¾	19⅞	19⅞
Diamond Match	65	136	135⅝	135⅝
Lake Street Elevated....	245	12¼	12¼	12¼
Metropolitan Elevated...	100	40	39¾	40
Do pfd	55	92	92	92
National Biscuit	883	51⅞	50⅝	50⅝
Do pfd	175	108⅞	108½	108½
National Carbon	170	24	24	24
Do pfd	19	91¼	91¼	91¼
North Chicago	16	195	195	195
Quaker Oats	100	45	45	45
*Street's Stable Car	150	25	25	25
West Chicago	20	99¾	99¾	99¾

*Ex dividend.

BONDS.

$2000 N C Ry 4½s	106	$1000 N W El 4s	98¼
1000 Ch Pet 6s	107	6000 Met El gold 4s	101¼
5000 Lake Side 5s	103¾	9000 Bd Trade 4s	103½
7000 N W El 4s	98½	5000 Edison gold 5s	106½
4000 do	98¾		

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	April 10.	April 3.
New York	$245,444,713	$272,508,821
Chicago	26,728,010	31,812,936
Boston	22,061,246	29,373,794
Philadelphia	15,856,387	24,035,306
St. Louis	6,221,140	8,428,630
Baltimore	4,221,763	4,170,523

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, par before clearings, 10c premium after; St. Louis, 20c premium.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., April 10.—[Special.]—Home railroad stocks, including Boston and Maine and Boston and Providence, were stronger. There was little doing in the coppers.

Call loans, collateral, 4@5 per cent; time loans, mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; clearing-house loans, 3½ per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Tel	613	184	184	182¾	182½
Allouez	200	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
Am. Zinc	235	13¼	13¼	12¾	12¾
Arcadian	300	8	8	7¾	7¾
Amal. Copper	525	65¼	65¼	64½	64½
Am. Woolen	300	14	14¼	14	14¼
Do pfd	110	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¾
Atchison	1,475	79¾	79¾	77¾	78
Do pfd	565	98½	98½	97¾	97¾
Am. Sugar	1,785	132½	132¾	131¾	131¾
Do pfd	198	119¾	119¾	119½	119½
Atlantic	100	28	28	28	28
Bingham	150	28¾	28¾	28¼	28¼
Calumet	15	590	590	590	590
Chi. Junc	50	168¼	168½	168½	168½
Copper Range cons.	7,700	59¼	60	58	58
Centennial	300	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼
Cons. Mercur	735	1 13-16	2 1 13-16	1 13-16	
Cumberland Tel	85	124	124	124	124
Daly West	375	47	47	45	45
Dom. Steel	2,400	62¼	64	61¼	64
Dom. Coal	200	135	135	133	....
Edison	100	293	293	290	293
Franklin	200	12¼	12¼	12	12
Gen. Elec	6	331	331	331	331
Isle Royale	100	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
K. C. F. S. & M. pr.	900	85¾	85¾	83¾	83¾
Mex. Cent	150	29¾	29¾	29¼	29¼
Mayflower	100	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
Mohawk	75	37	37	36¼	36¼
Michigan	45	12	12	12	12
Mont. & B	800	3¼	3	3	3¼
Mass. Elec	810	39¾	39¾	39	39
Do pfd	142	98¾	97	98¾	97
Mass. Mining	100	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼
N. E. Coke	1,700	5	6	5	5
Old Dom	20	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼
Osceola	11	63	63	62	62
Phoenix	25	¾	¾	¾	¾
Pere Marquette	104	75	75	74½	74½
Planters' Compress	500	8	8¼	8	8¼
Parrot	20	28½	28½	28	28
Quincy	75	125	125	125	125
Rutland pr	60	120	120	119	119¾
Santa Fe	100	3	3	3	3
Swift & Co	50	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼
Seattle Elec	100	76	76	76	76
Do pfd	40	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼
Tamarack	11	175	175	170	175
Trinity	705	13¾	13¾	13½	13¼
U. Pac	75	102¼	102¼	100¾	100¾
Do pfd	125	87¾	88¼	87¾	88
U. S. M	1,750	20	20	19	19¼
U. S. Oil	1,335	14	14¼	13½	13¾
Utah	390	23¼	23¾	22¾	23½
Un. Fruit	335	104½	106¼	104	104
Un. Shoe Mach	250	49¼	49¼	49	49
Do pfd	15	29¼	29¼	29	29
Victoria	450	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
Wolverine	2	55	55	55	55
Wyandot	75	4	....	....	....
Western Tel	200	33¼	32¼	31¼	31¼
Do pfd	66	106¼	106¼	102	102
Westinghouse	20	110	110	110	110
Do pfd	70	113	113	112	112½

BONDS.

$5000 Am Tel 4s	99⅜	$1000 C B Q 3½s	102
76000 N E Coke	56@4	1000 Chi Junc 5s	109¼
	56½	10000 K C Ft S Mo.	96¼
34000 C B Q 4s	96¼	2000 Mex C 1st	33⅜
1000 Gas Con 2d 5s	63¼	1000 NY NH 7s	109

WINTER WHEAT AVERAGE LOW.

April Crop Report Shows Conditions on Firts of the Month Worst in Many Years.

Washington, D. C., April 10.—The April report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture will show the average condition of winter wheat on April 1 to have been 78.7, against 91.7 on April 1, 1901, 82.1 at the corresponding date in 1900, and 82.4 the mean of the April averages of the last ten years.

The averages of the principal States are as follows: Pennsylvania, 82; Ohio, 77; Michigan, 83; Indiana, 81; Illinois, 90; Tennessee, 60; Texas, 72; Kansas, 73

WILD DAY IN WALL STREET

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE SPASMS AFFECT ENTIRE LIST.

Stock Traded In to Enormous Extent and Market for Day Is Largest of Year — Leading Issue Jumps Five Points, Flops Back, Then Shoots Up Again—Brokers Puzzled, but Hold Western Speculators Reponsible—Majority of Stocks Depressed.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

New York, April 10.—[Special.]—The recorded transactions in stocks today were the largest of the year. They were in excess of 1,100,000 shares, of which total Louisville and Nashville accounted for over 270,000 shares, or more than half of the capital stock of that company listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

The stock dominated the course of the entire list. Suggestions of a possible corner in it excited apprehension in some quarters of a recurrence—on a smaller scale—of the days of the Northern Pacific imbroglio of last year. It moved wildly within a wide range. The opening price was on running quotations of 114-115, as compared with 118¾ at the close yesterday. Thereafter the trading was upon an enormous scale, and after a forenoon rise of 5 points to 120, a decline to a slight fraction below the final figure of yesterday occurred, followed by a recovery to within two points of the highest price of the day. The stock left off with a net gain of 3¾ per cent, an advance since the close of business last week of 3¾ per cent.

All sorts of conjectures were indulged in to account for the extraordinary action of the stock, but no convincing explanation was heard. The trading element was inclined to accept the theory that a considerable short interest was being worked upon by the Western speculative clique.

Southern Railway common was half as active as Louisville and Nashville, but moved within much narrower limits and at a decline of 1¼ per cent from the highest. It closed fractionally lower than yesterday. Missouri Pacific came third in volume of dealings with 107,800 shares. The stock was under some pressure and finished 1¾ per cent below yesterday's final sale at the lowest point.

Other stocks that were active included Union Pacific, St. Paul, Atchison common, Manhattan Railway, Southern Pacific, Baltimore and Ohio, Reading common, Norfolk and Western, Texas and Pacific, and Wabash preferred. In some of these stocks early improvements in prices occurred, but the violent movements in Louisville and Nashville reacted unfavorably upon them and resulted in net declines, extending to 2¼ per cent in St. Paul. Canadian Pacific was firm on a fair volume of dealings.

The depression in the general market was due in part to the maintenance of call money figures at near 6 per cent, suggesting the prospect of a contraction of monetary accommodations.

In the industrial department Amalgamated Copper, Sugar Refining, Colorado Fuel and Iron, and the United States Steel shares were moderately active and sustained fractional net declines, with the exception of Colorado Fuel and Iron, which finished 1⅝ per cent lower. On smaller transactions net losses were sustained in a number of other issues, the more important of which included 6 per cent in Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing and 1¼ in General Electric. International Power and American Bicycle bonus were exceptions in scoring sharp net improvements, extending in the first named to 3⅜ per cent.

The railway bond market was quite active, the transactions aggregating about $5,000,000 par value. After early strength prices in some cases reacted to a comparatively slight extent in sympathy with the depression in the share list. The strong features throughout were principally the Central Railroad of Georgia first, second, and third incomes.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, April 10.—There was a wild market for Louisville and Nashville today, and the ominous jumps made by the price in its convulsive advance to 120 aroused unpleasant memories of May 9 last year. The disposition to buy stocks was suddenly cooled and a preference for the selling side developed, which was increased by another flurry in the money market, and the selling movement spread throughout the list, carrying prices of the active stocks generally between 1 and 2 points under last night.

The bond market yielded in realizing. Total sales, par value, $4,875,000.

Close: Money on call firm at 4@6½ per cent, closing offered at 4½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¾ for demand and at 485@ 485¾ for sixty days; posted rates, 488@488½; commercial bills, 484½@485¾.

Bar silver, 53¾. Mexican dollars, 43.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing. Apr. 10.	Closing. Apr. 9.
Am. Sugar	15,200	132¾	131¾	131½	132½
Do pfd	100	119	119	119	....
Am. Locomotive	1,300	32¾	31¼	31½	31¾
Do pfd	000	93¾	93	93	93
Am. Cotton Oil	1,800	47½	46¾	47	47½
Am. Tobacco pfd	100	150	150	150	....
Am. Tel. & Cable	100	88	88	88	....
Am. Smelting	2,000	47½	47	47	47¼
Do pfd	900	97½	96¾	97¼	97¼
Am. Bicycle	9,200	7¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
Do pfd	1,600	25	23	24½	22¾
Am. Grass Twine	1,600	54¾	53	53	54¼
Am. Snuff	100	75	75	75	75
Do pfd	700	92½	92½	92½	92½
Am. Malting	400	24½	24	24	24
Do pfd	300	6	6	6	6¼
Am. Car Found.	2,400	29¾	28¾	28¾	29¼
Do pfd	6,000	16¾	15	16¼	16¾
Am. Woolen	57	55½	55½	55½	55¾
Do pfd	500	14	14	14	14
Atchison	100	74½	74½	74½	74
Do pfd	42,100	79¾	78	79¼	79¼
Atlantic Coast Line	600	98½	97¼	97¼	98¾
Baltimore & Ohio	300	45	44½	44½	46
Do pfd	400	70	68	68	....
Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	4,000	66	64¾	64¾	65½
Canada Southern	300	13¾	13	13	13¾
Can. Pacific	14,200	107½	106¼	105¾	106¾
Central of Georgia	200	96½	96¼	96¼	96¼
Do 1st pfd	200	112½	112	112	....
Do 2d pfd	5,200	20¼	19¼	19¼	20¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	1,700	37	36¾	36¾	37
C., B. & Q.	100	76½	76½	76½	76¼
C., M. & St. P.	40,300	169¾	163¾	165¾	168¾
C. & A.	500	192	191	191	193
Chicago Term'l	3,700	23¾	23¼	23⅝	23⅝
Do pfd	600	38¾	37¾	38	38
C., R. I. & P.	1,700	176	174	174	174½
Chicago Gt. West.	2,400	20¾	18¼	18½	19¾
Do pfd	2,400	39¾	38¾	38¾	39¾
Chi. Ind. & Louis.	3,200	47¼	46	46	47¼
Do pfd	16,800	115	113¾	114	113¾
Chi. & E. Ill.	6,700	94	91¾	93¼	94
Do pfd	900	103¾	102¾	103¼	103¾
Chi. Gt. Western	6,500	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾
Do 1st pfd	300	77	77	77	77¼
Do 2d pfd	1,700	44¾	43¾	43¾	44¼
Chi. Mil. & St. P.	5,100	64¾	62¾	62¾	62¾
Do pfd	1,300	76¾	75¾	75¾	....
Chi. & North West.	3,700	99¾	97	97¾	99½
Chi. Peoria & St. L.	1,000	21¼	20¾	20¾	22¼
Do pfd	1,200	37	37	37	37
Chi. Rock Island	100	87	87	87	88
Do pfd	100	46	46	46	47¾
Colorado Fuel & Iron	12,000	120¾	119¼	119¼	120
Colorado Southern	400	158½	158	158	158
Do 1st pfd	900	35¾	35	35	35
Do 2d pfd	1,200	87¾	87¼	87¼	87¾
Delaware & Hudson	100	285¾	285¾	285¾	....
Del., Lack. & West.	600	172¾	170¾	170¾	172
Denver & Rio Grande	1,600	44¾	43¾	44	44¾
Do pfd	1,100	92½	91¾	91¾	92¾
Detroit Southern	900	43¼	41¼	41¼	43
Do 1st pfd	1,000	94	94	94	94
Do 2d pfd	600	42	41¼	41¼	41¼
Distillers' Sec.	3,500	18¾	16¾	16¾	17¼
Erie	3,000	32¾	30¾	31¼	32¾
Do 1st pfd	1,200	15	15	15	15½
Do 2d pfd	100	36	36	36	37¼
Fort Wayne	1,700	178	169	169	174
Great Northern pfd	1,000	36¾	36¾	36¾	37¾
Hocking Valley	1,100	68¾	66¾	66¾	68¾
Do pfd	2,000	57¼	55¾	55¾	54½
Illinois Central	100	86	86	86	....
Iowa Central	100	22¾	22	22	23
Do pfd	2,000	41¾	40	40	41¾
Kansas & Texas	2,000	33¾	32¾	32¾	32¾
Do pfd	800	82	80	80	81
Lake Erie & West.	200	45	44½	44½	46
Do pfd	400	70	68	68	....
Lake Shore	200	95	95	95	....
Long Island	4,000	66	64¾	64¾	65½
Louisville & Nashville	270,300	120¼	113¾	118¾	118¾
Manhattan Elevated	14,200	167¼	163¾	165¾	167¼
Metropolitan St. Ry.	200	193½	193¼	193¼	193¼
Mexican Central	200	112½	112	112	112
Mexican National	5,300	20¼	19¼	19¼	20¼
Minneapolis & St. L.	1,700	37	36¾	36¾	37
Do pfd	100	76½	76½	76½	76½
Minn. St. P. & S. S. M.	40,300	108¾	102¾	105¾	108¾
Missouri Pacific	107,800	120¾	116¾	116¾	118¾
Mobile & Ohio	500	88¾	87¾	87¾	88
Missouri, Kan. & Tex.	1,700	26¾	25¾	25¾	26¾
Do pfd	1,300	70½	69¾	69¾	70½
Nashville, Chat. & St. L.	100	132	132	132	132
New Jersey Central	100	152	152	152	152
New York Central	6,100	164	162¾	162¾	162½
Norfolk & Western	10,900	58	56⅝	56⅝	57⅜
North Amer. Co.	4,700	128	124¾	125	128
N. Y., Ont. & W.	6,600	33¾	32¾	32¾	33
N. Y., Air Brake	400	158	155¾	157	158
N. Y., C. & St. L.	100	52¾	52¾	52¾	52½
N. Y., N. H. & H.	700	227	222	222	225
Peo. & Eastern	200	47¾	47	47	47¾
People's Gas	4,600	103¾	101¾	101¾	102¾
Penna. R. R.	13,000	151¾	150	150¼	150¾
Do rights	2,800	1	⅞	⅞	1
Pressed Steel Car	400	41¾	41	41	41¾
Do pfd	800	84⅞	84	84	84⅞
P. C. C. & St. L.	200	87¼	87	87	....
Pac. Coast 2d pfd	100	50	50	80	....
Pacific Mail	900	42¾	42	42	42
Rutland pfd	1,700	121¼	119	119	121
Reading	25,800	68½	67¾	67¼	67¾
Do 1st pfd	1,400	82½	81¾	81¾	82½
Do 2d pfd	4,300	69¼	68¼	68¾	69¼
Rubber Goods	9,500	24¾	22¾	22¾	23¾
Do pfd	1,900	74	71¾	73	73¾
Rep. Iron & Steel	1,100	17¾	17¼	17¼	17¾
Do pfd	700	75¾	73¾	73¾	73¾
Ry. Steel Springs	200	25	25	25	25¾
Southern Ry.	132,100	35¼	33¾	33¾	34½
Do pfd	7,800	96¾	95	95	96¼
St. J. & G. I.	100	23	23	23	23
Do 1st pfd	000	71½	69	69	....
Do 2d pfd	800	52¾	51¼	51¼	52¾
Southern Pacific	30,800	67	65¾	65¾	66¾
St. L. S. W.	2,000	28¾	27¼	27¾	28
Do pfd	4,200	62¾	60	60	61½
St. L. & S. F.	4,000	71	70	70	71
Do 1st pfd	200	83¼	83¼	83¼	83½
Do 2d pfd	2,400	74½	73½	73½	74¼
S., R. & T.	600	6¾	6¼	6¼	6¾
St. Law. & Adair.	300	138¾	138¾	138¾	138¾
Texas Pacific	13,800	42¾	41¼	41¼	41¼
Twin City	700	121½	120¾	120¾	121¼
T., St. L. & W.	200	21¾	21¼	21¾	21¾
Do pfd	000	38¾	38¼	38¼	38½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	2,300	69¼	67¾	68	69½
U. S. Reduction	100	44	44	40	40¼
Do pfd	100	64½	64¼	64¼	65
Union Pacific	63,600	102¾	100¾	100¾	101¼
Do pfd	2,200	88	87¼	87¼	88½
U. Bag & Paper	800	17	16	16	16¾
Do pfd	50	81	81	81	83¾
U. S. Rubber	900	17¾	16¾	16¾	17¼
U. S. Leather	3,900	13	12¾	12¾	13
Do pfd	1,000	84	83½	83½	84½
U. S. Steel	22,400	42	41¾	41¾	41¾
Do pfd	18,300	94	93¾	93¾	94½
Va. Caro. Chem.	900	69¼	69¼	69¼	69½
Do pfd	200	130	130	130	....
Wheeling & L. E.	1,600	21	19¾	19¾	20¾
Do 1st pfd	200	57½	56½	56½	57½
Do 2d pfd	1,700	33¾	32	32	33½
Wabash	4,600	24¾	23¼	23¼	24½
Do pfd	15,400	45¾	43¾	43¾	44¾
Wis. Central	4,500	25	23½	23½	25
Do pfd	1,300	48¼	46¾	46¾	48½
Western Union	200	90½	90¼	90¼	90¾
Westinghouse	6,400	228½	217¾	220	226
Do pfd	100	230	229	230	229

*One-half of 1 per cent ex div.
Total sales, 1,175,900 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	200	United States	115
American	228	Fargo	200

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s, reg.	100	U. S. new 4s, coup.	139¼
U. S. ref 2s, coup.	100	U. S. old 4s, reg.	111
U. S. 3s, reg	108¼	U. S. old 4s, coup.	111¼
U. S. 3s, coup	109¼	U. S. 5s, reg	107
U. S. new 4s, reg	139	U. S. 5s, coup	107

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

27000 Atch gen 4s ..... 103¼@104
1000 A C O 4½s 100
3000 Am H-L 6s .. 97
2000 Ann Arb 4s .. 100
1000 Adams ex 4s .. 104½
9000 B-O 5½s ..... 95¾@96¼
11000 do 4s 102¾
6000 do conv 4s ..... 108¼@109
11000 do S W 3½s ..... 91@91¼
10000 do P L E W V 4s 100¼
15000 Bkln El 4s .. 101¼
58000 Bkln Ferry 5s ..... 81@82¼
27000 Cent Ga con 5s ..... 112@112¾
284000 do 1st inc ..... 84¾@86½
527000 do 2d inc .. 38@39¾
894000 do 3d inc ..... 23¾@24¾
1000 Can So 1st .. 106¾
86000 C N J g m 5s ..... 139¾@140½
1000 C I-L ref 6s .. 129¾
2000 C-O R-A con 4s 104¾
6000 C Pac 4s ..... 101¼@102
81000 C B-Q joint ..... 96¾@96¾
2000 C-N-W ref 5s .. 110
50000 C R I-P 4s ..... 112¾@113
11000 Col Mid 4s ..... 85¼@85¾
31000 C C C-St L g m 4s .. 103¾@103¾
3000 Conn R 4½s .. 98
60000 Chi Term 4s ..... 90@90¼
127000 C F I conv 5s ..... 102@103¾
40000 Con Tob 4s ..... 65¾@65¾
8000 C-A 5½s .. 84¼
80000 D M-M L G 3½s ..... 56@57
10000 Det So 4s 80¾
3000 D-R G 5s .. 111
23000 Erie gen lien 4s ..... 87¾@88
25000 do con 4s ..... 100¼@100¾
5000 Erie Ps 4s .. 94
21000 Ft W-D C 1st ..... 112¼@112¾
268000 G-B-W deb B ..... 22¾@22¾
18000 H-T C g m 4s .. 94½
5000 H V 4½s ..... 110¼@110¾
8000 I-G-N 2d 5s .. 100½
Total sales, $5,009,000.

18000 K C Ft S-M 4s ..... 91¼@91¾
5000 Kings Co El 4s 92¼
1000 L-N g m 6s .. 120¾
2000 L-W 2d 4½s .. 103¾
5000 Met El 6s .. 113¾
2000 M K-T 1st 4s .. 100¾
15000 do ext 5s .. 107½
2000 do 5s of Tex .. 105½
14000 Mex Cent 4s .. 84¼
137000 do 1st inc ..... 33¼@34
25000 M-P con 6s .. 125½
20000 do 5s 1917 ..... 106¾@107
7000 N Y C-L S 3½s ..... 95¼@95¾
7000 do reg 94
5000 N Y Dock 4s .. 96¾
9000 N Y G-E 4s .. 90½
5000 do 5s .. 116½
41000 N Y O-W ref 4s ..... 104@104½
27000 N-W con 4s ..... 101¾@102
22000 N Pac 3s .. 74¼@74¾
1000 do 4s 105¼
7000 O R-N con 4s .. 104
2000 P-E inc .. 75¾
4000 do 4s 100
10000 Rdg gen 4s ..... 087@090
57000 Rdg Jersey 4s .. 96¾
10000 St L-S F 4s .. 97¾
10000 St L-S W 1st .. 101
23000 do 2d .. 88@84
68000 So Pac 4s ..... 84¼@85
5000 do reg 95
1000 do 4½s 101½
3000 So Ry 5s 103¾
6000 St P M-M 4½s .. 115¼
10000 do 1st 137
47000 Seaboard Air line 4s ..... 84@86½
47000 do ref 5s ..... 104¼@104¾
164000 S R-T Inc ..... 12¾@13¼
84000 Tex P 1st 6s ..... 121@121¾
3000 do 2d 96
8000 Third Av 4s .. 103¾
1000 T St L-W 4s .. 82¾
5000 T C-I debar .. 112
46000 T-O C 1st .. 113¾
50000 U P 4s 105¾
653000 do conv 4s ..... 106¾@107¼
103000 Wis C 4s .. 93@93¼
3000 W L E con 4s ..... 91¾@91¾
6000 Wab 1st 5s .. 120
9000 do deb A ..... 101¼@101¾
392000 do deb B ..... 77¼@78¼

PLENTY OF STRAWBERRIES IN.

Louisiana and Florida Contribute an Ample Supply Which Sell a Little More Readily.

The strawberry market did a little better yesterday from the standpoint of the buyer in that prices were cheaper. The depressing cause was large receipts from both Louisiana and Florida, which were unloaded on a market already well supplied with holdover stock. About 1,500 cases came from Louisiana, selling $1.75@2.00 per case. Floridas sold about 20c per qt. Express charges on this fruit were over half the price at which the berries sold. It is estimated between 4,000 and 5,000 cases will be in today. General trade in green stuff was slightly improved by the warmer weather. Potatoes are getting a little firmer.

Quotations for round lots were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, at mark, good cases included	14¾@15c
Do, at mark, cases returned	14½c
City recandled	14¾c
Storage, April delivery	15¼@15¾c
Cheese, Y. A.	13c
Cheese, fancy brick	13c
Cheese, twins	12c
Butter, creamery, extra	29¼c
Firsts	26@26c
Seconds	23@24c
Dairies, Cooley's	27c
Do, firsts	25c
Ladles	22c

POULTRY.

Live turkeys	11@12½c
Do chickens	11c
Do ducks	10@11c
Do geese, doz	$4.50@7.00
Dressed turkeys, choice	14½@15c
Do chickens	10@12½c
Capons	12@13c
Do ducks	11@13c
Do geese	8@10c
Frozen turkeys, lb	15c
Ducks, fancy	13@14c
Chickens, fancy	12@14c
Old, medium	10@11c
Broilers	14@17c
Squabs, nesters, doz	$2.00
Do, small, thin, doz	75c@$1.00
Do, dressed, fat	$2.25@2.50

GAME.

Ducks, mallard, doz	$2.50@3.75
Do, canvasbacks, doz	$4.00@7.00
Snipe, jack, doz	$2.00
Plover, golden	$2.00
Do grass	$1.75@2.00

VEAL.

50@100 lbs	4@5c	95@110 lbs	8@8½c
75@100 lbs	5¼@6c	150@200 lbs	6@7c
75@125 lbs	6@7c	100@225 lbs	5@6c

FISH.

Black bass, lb	13@13½c	Pickerel	4@5c
Carp	3½@5c	Pike	3@4c
Perch	3@4c		

FRUIT.

Apples, good to choice	$3.00@5.00	Oranges, Cal. navels, boxes	$3.00@3.75
Do, fancy	$5.00@6.00	Do, seedlings	$2.25@2.50
Cranberries, Bell and Bugle, brls	$7.25@8.00	Bananas, bch	$1.00@1.50
Do, Jerseys	$5.50@6.50	Grape fruit, box	$7.00@8.00
Lemons, Cal	$2.00@2.75	Do Cal	$2.00@3.00
Pineapples, crate	$4.00@4.50	Strawberries, Fla., qt	20@35c
Cuban, doz	$3.00	La., case	$2.00@3.00

VEGETABLES.

Asparagus, Miss., 1-2 bu	$2.00@2.25	Tomatoes, 6-bskt cases	$1.50@2.25
Do, Cal., boxes, 3 doz	$3.00@3.50	Lettuce, head, bris	$3.00@6.00
Beets, La., brl	$3.00@3.50	Do endive	$3.00@4.00
Beans, navy, hand-picked	$1.53	Do leaf, hothouse, cases	50@55c
Medium	$1.50	Radishes, box, 1 bu	65@75c
Celery, Cal., per doz	40@75c	Do brls	$3.00@4.50
Cabbage, N. Y., brls	$1.35@1.50	Potatoes, Rurals, good to choice	55@60c
Do tons	$12.00@16.00	Do red stock	70@80c
Do Fla., crates, new	$1.25@1.50	New potatoes, Bermudas, brls	$5.50
Do Cal., ½ crates	$2.00@2.50	Do, Cubans	$5.00
Onions, bu	$1.00@1.25	Sweet potatoes, Ill., brls	$4.50@5.25
Do Spanish, bu box	$1.25	String beans, wax, bu	$2.50@3.25
Do Havanas, bu box	$2.25@2.50	Green, bu	$2.00@2.25
Green onions, 3-3 bu	50@90c	Spinach, La., brls	$3.00@5.00
Pieplant, doz	30@40c	Turnips, new, brls	$2.75@3.00

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts 1902.	Receipts 1901.	Shipments 1902.	Shipments 1901.
Apples, brls	30	897	40	725
Beans, bu	192	1,240	204	
Corn, lbs	32,500	39,620	31,000	37,740
Butter, lbs	496,453	556,260	425,520	478,800
Cheese, lbs	126,970	256,407	118,868	127,936
Dr. fruits, lbs	60,440	110,235	4,670	77,260
Eggs, pkgs	9,091	8,310	3,452	2,083
Hay, tons	72	50	50	20
Hides, lbs	326,380	309,275	324,500	287,727
Hops, lbs	11,344	56,022	....	....
Potatoes, bu	21,686	18,767	1,180	2,452
Poultry, lbs	57,390	17,577	14,140	8,820
Poultry, c'ps	80	100	....	....
Wool, lbs	114,700	45,640	316,100	53,610

Prohibition Delegates Chosen.

Joliet, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—The Prohibition county convention was held today and delegates selected to the State convention at Peoria, July 1 and 2. The quota for Will County is fourteen. It was decided to hold another convention later for the purpose of making nominations for county offices.

TAXERS STRIKE NEW OBSTACLE.

Are Without an Authentic List of Corporations Now Doing Business.

LAW IS HELD AT FAULT.

Secretary of State Rose Has Authority to Cause an Embarrassing Delay.

LAX WITH THE PENALTIES.

No authentic list of corporations now doing business for profit is in the hands of the Cook County Board of Assessors, the Board of Review, or the State Board of Equalization. Acting under the 1901 law, which now is in force, Secretary of State Rose has refused to furnish such a list until July 1, when the Cook County assessment will have been made. Consequently, the outlook is that the Board of Assessors will be forced to act under a list that is notoriously incomplete and unsatisfactory.

So urgent is the case that the board is ready to send two men to Springfield to request permission from Secretary Rose to copy the Cook County list framed this year, and thus get the list two months before the law specifies. Even when obtained it is feared the list will be far from correct, owing to the laxity of the enforcement of the penalties which should follow the failure of corporations to report annually.

What the Law Requires.

The law of 1901 requires the Secretary of State to mail circulars to every corporation doing business in the State, asking that a list of its officers, their tenure of office, and address, and information as to whether or not the corporation still is doing business be sent before March 1 of each year. Failure to do this forfeits the charter.

The Secretary of State or the State Auditor is required to send the list of corporations doing business in each county to the respective Recorder thereof. This law, which is an amplification of the old statute, appointed Jan. 15 as the day for the mailing of requests, March 1 for the last day on which replies could be received, and July 1 as the date for sending out the county lists to the Recorders.

When the Cook County lists were requested a few days ago Secretary of State Rose replied that he could not send them, as he has not the clerical force at his command to get them out. With this condition confronting it, the Board of Assessors decided to send two of their men to Springfield to make copies of the lists on record there.

Chicago List Runs High.

It is not known how many corporations for profit there are in Chicago, although the abstract companies of the city have lists running as high as 30,000, the one owned by the Chicago Title and Trust company passing that mark. The Chicago Teachers' federation had a clerk working on the Cook County Recorder's records for over two months making out a list, which is the only one the Board of Assessors now has at its command.

"The trouble lies in the law and the way it is enforced," said one of the Board of Assessors yesterday. "So long as the penalties for not sending in information are not enforced such information never will be sent. I do not believe there is such a thing as an authentic list. The one now being compiled will be the closest approach, and it looks as if we would not get that."

"There is a penalty that can be enforced, and would be if it were tested," said Roy O. West, President of the Board of Review. "I know the records are filled with dead timber, and some corporations may escape taxation."

REFORMATORY ACT IS VOID, BUT BOYS ARE STILL HELD.

Illinois Supreme Court Holds Board Had No Power to Transfer Prisoners, but Refuses to Release Two.

Springfield, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—In a decision handed down this morning in the cases of Cornelius Martin and Ralph Dorsey, who sought to be released from the Pontiac reformatory under writs of habeas corpus which attacked the constitutionality of section 15 of the reformatory act, the Supreme Court declares the section void, but declines to release the prisoners.

The section undertook to give the Board of Managers of the reformatory power to transfer to the penitentiaries such prisoners who were shown to be more than 21 years old previous to their conviction, or whose presence in the reformatory was detrimental to the well being of the institution. This, the court says, is a matter of judicial determination, which the Legislature had no power to confer upon the board.

After the passage of the act the reformatory board transferred a number of prisoners to the Joliet and Chester penitentiaries. Their action was attacked in the Cook County courts and after the release of one of the prisoners the board reconsidered its action and ordered the prisoners returned to the reformatory. Among those who were returned were Martin and Dorsey, and they commenced habeas corpus proceedings to secure their release on the ground that their transfer to the penitentiary constituted a voluntary escape, that they could not lawfully be retaken, and that their subsequent detention was without authority of law.

The court says: "We are clearly of opinion that said section 15 is unconstitutional and void, and must be so declared. But it does not follow that the relators are entitled to be discharged from detention and confinement in the reformatory to which they were committed by the final judgment of the courts in which they were convicted. We cannot give our assent to the view that because they were unlawfully transferred to the penitentiary and have been returned to the place of confinement to which they were lawfully committed that they are now or were when the petitions were presented entitled to their discharge altogether.

"The point is made that the case is one of voluntary escape, and that in such case the party cannot be retaken and continued in imprisonment. We cannot hold that that doctrine has any application to criminal cases."

LOSES PAY FOR FAMILIARITY.

Elevator Boy at Public Library Laid Off Thirty Days for Discourtesy to Thomas B. Bryan.

Abraham Lincoln Harris, a colored elevator boy at the Public Library, will lose thirty days' pay for figuratively telling Thomas B. Bryan, Vice President of the World's Fair, to "go 'way back and sit down."

Mr. Bryan was a passenger in Harris' elevator and the boy not only ordered him roughly to "get back in the car" but emphasized the remark by placing his hand on Mr. Bryan's shoulder and pushing him back.

The latter spoke of the incident to Librarian Hild, and the latter brought charges against Harris before the Civil Service commission. Mr. Bryan did not wish to prosecute, but was summoned as a witness. Mr. Hild demanded the dismissal of the boy, but Mr. Bryan interceded for him, and Harris was let off with a thirty days' suspension.

Smallpox in East Galesburg, Ill.

East Galesburg, Ill., April 10.—[Special.]—During the last week there has been a rapid spread of smallpox here, until now there are sixteen well authenticated cases in the village. The village schools have been closed, public gatherings abandoned, and special policemen appointed to patrol the place. The spread of the disease resulted from neglect of quarantine regulations, which are now rigidly enforced.

WOULD PENSION OLD MEN

STUDENT OF SOCIOLOGY ADVANCES A NEW IDEA.

In View of the Constantly Increasing Difficulties Confronting Those of Advanced Age, Dr. Charles R. Henderson Suggests That the Government Come to Their Relief and Add to Their Savings—Enforced Frugality Is Part of the Plan.

The constantly increasing difficulty which men of middle age experience in securing employment is spreading from the larger cities to the smaller towns. Some time ago workingmen in Chicago were aroused by the fact that young men, children even, were supplanting their fathers in factory and mill.

Joliet has made the latest effort to solve the "old man problem." Alderman Comiskey sought to have the Joliet municipal authorities employ on the streets only men who have passed the age of fifty years in order that the competition of the younger generation might be withdrawn and the old men given a chance to earn a living. The plan, though it failed, has attracted much attention.

A system of old age pensions is the suggestion of Dr. Charles R. Henderson of the University of Chicago as the best way to relieve present conditions.

Outlines a Pension Plan.

"The question," said Mr. Henderson, "is not one for charitable institutions to deal with, although the aid of these homes is needed in the cases of the destitute. Germany is working to effect a proper system for the management of this plan. England is confronted with the same difficulties as the United States. In the system of old age pensions, enforced savings should be required of the laborer during his days of employment. Then the government should come to the old man's assistance and add to the savings. Ours is a great country, and it should be too great to allow its people to live in want after a life usefully and diligently spent.

"The old age pension is not, I think, destined to be regarded favorably as a political measure for some time, until the people see its need. In the meantime, the problem of finding employment for men who are not worn out entirely but are supplanted by younger men is to be met. Farming colonies, where men of 50 or more might engage in agriculture to support themselves, is one plan that has been suggested. But this would mean a lonely life to many a man to whom existence is growing more and more cheerless.

Farm a Big Factor.

"The farm suggests itself as a remedy because the percentage of farmers in the country is steadily growing smaller. One of the great causes of the lack of work for the old is that the young men are crowding in from the country.

"With the unskilled laboring classes the age of defective effort comes earlier than in cases where a trade has been learned. The workman of this age works until he is worked out. When his strength for the task to which he has given his better effort goes he is without adaptability for anything else. When the younger generation will have grown up and passed into the years of middle life, the same difficulty will not be experienced in such degree. The manual training and the different work in the schools of today teach the children adaptability which will be to their advantage late in life.

"A great effort is put out by home-finding associations in large cities to place young children in homes in the country. In a small way this guards against so much overcrowding of the cities. A child after it has spent as much as its first five years in the city can rarely be induced to spend its life in the country."

DOWIE, SCARED, DECIDES TO "ALLOW" VACCINATION.

Overseer Gives a Broad Hint to the Faithful—More Cases of Smallpox in the Zion College.

John Alexander Dowie, with even more grace than is consistent with his teachings, has issued an order "allowing" his followers to be vaccinated. The increasing number of cases of the malady in Zion College apparently has alarmed the modern Elijah.

Dowie's order carries the saving clause that he himself is op

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD

FORTNIGHTLY GIVES RECEPTION TO MRS. POTTER PALMER.

Event Will Be Held This Afternoon in Fine Arts Building—Members of the Friday Club Are to Be Guests—Ladies' Social Circle Will Give Its First Easter Assembly Next Tuesday Evening—Luncheon Tomorrow for Miss Julia Winne.

Today's social event will be the Fortnightly's reception to its President, Mrs. Potter Palmer, the absence of the Thomas concert permitting the affair to be held on Friday afternoon. Each feature of the reception will be in some way a celebration of the coming of spring. Tulips, jonquils, and other spring flowers will make the rooms in the Fine Arts Building gay with color. There will be a string quartet, Miss Allport will play the Mozart "Spring" music, and Mrs. Peattie will read her poetic phantasy, "Mozart," which the Atlantic Monthly is about to publish. The members of the Friday club will be the guests of the Fortnightly at this afternoon's reception.

Mrs. Palmer is the unanimous choice of the Fortnightly for President, but it is not yet known whether she will accept the position again. The annual election will be held in May.

The Ladies' Social Circle will give its first Easter Assembly on Tuesday evening, April 15, at the Masonic Temple for the benefit of the People's Church in aid of the down-town work. A musical and literary program will be given at 8 o'clock, before the dancing, and bazaar and palmistry booths will also be a feature of the evening for the benefit of the Emeling Thomas day nursery. Among the ladies having the entertainment in charge are Mrs. E. Mead Lane, President of the circle; Mrs. Charles Samuel MacCarthy, Mrs. William C. Boss, Mrs. Frank J. Trumbull, Mrs. Horace Knapp, Mrs. W. C. Sanford, Mrs. A. J. Thomas, Mrs. Edgar French, Mrs. James P. Crane, Mrs. Edward H. Taylor, Mrs. Martha E. Young, and Mrs. J. H. Plecker.

Mrs. George Neal Wilson of 49 Astor street will give a luncheon tomorrow for Miss Julia Winne. On Sunday evening Miss Adelaide Walsh of 306 Superior street will give a supper for Miss Winne and Mr. Rodney Denistoun Chipp, Mr. Chipp and his best man, Mr. H. Armour Ward, arriving from New York on Sunday. On Monday evening Mr. Chipp will give a dinner for his ushers, and Miss Winne will give a dinner for her bridesmaids at her residence, 46 Bellevue place. On Monday afternoon Miss Marion Dore of 2730 Prairie avenue will give a tea for Miss Winne.

Mr. Volney W. Foster has issued invitations for the marriage of his daughter, Miss Eva Cornelia Foster, to Mr. Walter Leisenring Righter on Thursday, April 24. The ceremony will take place at noon in St. Mark's Church, Evanston. At home cards are inclosed for after July 15 at Bryn Mawr, Pa.

The engagement is announced of Miss Anna C. Boal, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Boal of 1728 Michigan avenue, to Mr. Pere L. Wicks.

In Oak Park last evening the wedding of Miss Greta Irvin Blanchard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton R. Blanchard, and Mr. Robert Andrew Millikan took place at the First Presbyterian Church. The ceremony was followed by a reception at the family residence, 235 Grove avenue.

The Board of Directors of the Woman's Athletic club gave a luncheon yesterday to 100 members of the club. The luncheon preceded a business meeting.

The following ticket has been placed in nomination at the Menoken club: President, Harry G. Colson; Vice President, Carl Ziegfeld; Secretary, George D. Kessler; Treasurer, F. F. Whitman; trustees, James A. Beckwith, Harvey L. Thompson, and Ludwig Wolff.

The Glee club, Mandolin club, and quartet of the Illinois club will repeat their program of April 1 tomorrow evening at 8:30 o'clock.

Mrs. W. M. Knight of 15 Bellevue place will give a luncheon on Tuesday, April 15, for Mrs. Smith of Seattle.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Curtiss of 4455 Greenwood avenue have returned from Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Gregory, Miss Gregory, and Mr. Oswald Gregory have gone to Manitou Springs, Colo., for the month of April.

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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BARONETS are, for the first time in British history, to be recognized as one of the orders of nobility at the forthcoming coronation of King Edward, and not only have invitations to three representatives of the order been sent to attend the ceremony in Westminster Abbey, but the premier Baronet of the realm is to do homage to the King at the coronation in the same way as the premier Dukes, Marquesses, Earls, Viscounts, and Barons of the United Kingdom, of Scotland, and of Ireland.

The premier Baronet of England, who will thus kneel before the King and, putting his hands between those of the sovereign, exclaim, "I, Sir Hickman Beckett Bacon, Baronet, become your liege man of life and limb, and of earthly worship and faith and truth, shall bear unto you to live and die against all manner of folk," is the chief of that ancient family of Bacon to which belonged the great Sir Francis Bacon, Lord Verulam, and Viscount St. Albans—that is to say, the man to whom many are inclined to ascribe the authorship of Shakspeare's works.

Sir Nicholas Bacon, the first Baronet of the line and likewise the first person advanced to the dignity of Baronet upon the institution of that order by King James I. in 1611, was the elder brother of the more famous Sir Francis Bacon. The latter died without issue, and the present Sir Hickman Bacon is therefore not a descendant of Sir Francis, as is frequently alleged, but of Sir Nicholas, the elder brother of Sir Francis. The father of both Nicholas and Francis was likewise a distinguished man. He was knighted by King Henry VIII., and when Queen Elizabeth ascended the throne, was intrusted by her with the office of Lord Keeper of the Great Seal.

While this worthy knight is generally regarded as the founder of the Bacon family, its members claim descent from Grimbald, who accompanied his kinsman, William, Earl Warren, at the conquest, and settled at Letheringsett, near Holt, in Norfolkshire. Grimbald's great-grandson, Robert, took the name of Bacon, and from his brother William was descended, in the tenth generation, Sir Nicholas Bacon, the father of Sir Francis Bacon of Shakspearean celebrity. Sir Hickman is unmarried, has served in the army, to which his father likewise belonged, and has a country seat in that Lincolnshire which was the scene of the career of the so famous Friar Bacon.

King Edward's recognition of the order of Baronets has given great satisfaction to the members thereof, who have until now not been regarded as members of the nobility, the late Lord Beaconsfield, in particular, scornfully intimating in print in his various novels, and likewise in his utterances, that Baronets were not, strictly speaking, gentlemen.

In keeping with this idea expressed by Lord Beaconsfield is the somewhat ignoble origin of the order of Baronets. It was instituted in 1611 by King James I. as an expedient for raising money, the dignity being sold to any one willing to pay the price—namely: £5,000, exclusive of the fees, which amounted to about as much more. The money thus raised was professedly designed for the defense and maintenance of the Scotch settlement in Ireland, known as Ulster, and it is for this reason that the Baronets of the United Kingdom and Ireland are entitled to bear in their armorial ensigns the heraldic device of Ulster—namely: a scarlet hand. But, in reality, the funds thus obtained passed into the private exchequer of the King.

King Charles I., following the example of his father, likewise instituted an order of Baronets of his own. In his case the pretext was that the money was to be used for the promotion of Sir William Alexander's scheme for the colonization of Nova Scotia, the arms of which, a St. Andrew's cross, the purchasers of the dignity were authorized to quarter with their own.

Some 200 Nova Scotia baronetcies were sold for the King by Sir William Alexander, afterwards created Lord Stirling, on this side of the Atlantic, no record being kept of the sales. Owing to this there are some eighty or ninety self-styled Baronets whose dignity reposes only on their own statement that their ancestors purchased the dignity from Lord Stirling in America.

Treachery so rarely pays in the long run that it is difficult to understand how clever men, such as Colonel Baron von Grimm of the general staff of the Russian army, could possibly engage in it. For, having to employ equally unscrupulous individuals in his dishonest work, he must have realized that he placed himself altogether at the mercy of people who were in nowise to be trusted. The traitor always gets found out, and one has only to look through all the niches of the Temple of Ill-Fame—Traitors' Row—in order to convince oneself of the fact.

Take, for instance, the French General of Division, Jean Sarrazin, who had been General Kleber's chief of staff and who, at the time of the first Napoleon's projected invasion of England from Boulogne, sold all the plans in connection therewith to the English government for a sum of $300,000. Of course he was betrayed by an accomplice, barely escaped with his life, and got to England, where he found the English government unwilling to pay him anything beyond the sum of $10,000, which he had received as a first installment before he left France, and the greater part of which he had to spend in making his escape. With incredible impudence he brought legal proceedings in the English court against the British Cabinet for the balance of the sum, the action resulting in a non-suit. When Napoleon was overthrown and he attempted to return to France, King Louis XVIII. issued a decree of banishment against him, and this was continued by King Louis Philippe. Indeed, the General was never allowed to return to France.

Then there was Emmanuel de Launay, Count d'Antraigues, who sold to the English government, while a General in the French army, a copy of the secret articles of the treaty of Tilsit, between Napoleon and Russia. He, too, was betrayed by an accomplice, managed to escape to England, and lived for a time with his wife on the Terrace at Barnes, near London. Two years later, just as the Count and Countess were getting into their carriage after dark to drive to the theater in London, they were stabbed by a trusted servant, who shot himself shortly afterwards, and who, on investigation, turned out to be a Corsican—that is to say, a countryman of Napoleon—presumably devoted to the latter's interests. The list might be continued indefinitely. But everything goes to show that the way of this particular kind of transgressor is hard and that, in short, the game is never worth the candle.

The Earl Russell who last year appeared at the bar of the House of Lords as a prisoner, was convicted by his peers of bigamy, and was sentenced to a term of imprisonment, which he served in Holloway jail, has now resumed his seat in the House of Lords and is once more exercising his rights and enjoying the prerogatives of a hereditary legislator of the realm.

I mention this in view of the steps taken by the relatives in the United States of the American wife of his younger brother and heir to prevent his visiting this country on the ground that, having been convicted of a crime and "done time" in prison abroad, he was an "undesirable alien" and as such was excluded by the United States immigration laws.

It is evident that Lord Russell's own countrymen and peers do not regard him as branded with infamy, since he is permitted to exercise his rights as a hereditary member of Parliament, as one upon whose single vote the most important issues of the British empire may depend, and if Lord Russell were to cross the Atlantic, as he proposes to do in the near future, and to meet with any obstacle on landing on the part of the immigration authorities, he would be able to point out that he possesses in England the same status as a Senator of the United States on this side of the Atlantic—a member of the upper house of the national legislature—and is, therefore, entitled to receive the same consideration and courtesy on the part of the authorities here as a United States Senator would enjoy at the hands of the authorities in England.

CHICAGO BOY ON YALE FACULTY

Mason Trowbridge Receives Rare Honor of Appointment as Instructor of Rhetoric Before Graduation.

New Haven, Conn., April 10.—[Special.]—The formal appointment of Mason Trowbridge of Chicago as a member of the Yale faculty was announced today. Mr. Trowbridge receives an exceptional honor in the appointment, because he is still a college student, and an election to the faculty while not yet out of the university is almost unprecedented. He will receive his diploma next June, and will return to Yale next fall as instructor in rhetoric. During his freshman year Mr. Trowbridge became a member of the Yale debating team in its intercollegiate competition, and he has since retained his membership in the annual competition for places on the team. He is at present President of the University Debating union. His father is dead, and he has worked his way through Yale, largely by tutoring. He is a leader of his class in scholarship. The late Edward G. Mason of Chicago was his uncle.

Y. W. C. A. WAS FOUNDED AT HER RESIDENCE.

Mrs. Denison F. Groves, whose residence at 115 Loomis street twenty-five years ago was the scene of the founding of the Young Woman's Christian association, will be present at the silver anniversary of the organization tomorrow. The Y. M. C. A. building at 288 Michigan avenue will be the rendezvous for many of the women who had part in the earlier organization, among them Mrs. John Duncan of Louisville, Ky., editor of the Messenger. Mrs. Groves has been made an honorary life member by the society. It was at a gathering of not more than half a dozen West Side women that the idea of the society had its birth. Mrs. E. G. Clark was made the first President. The society developed rapidly until now it is one of the largest organizations of young women in the country. Mrs. Charles Howe, chairman of the committees, announces that arrangements for tomorow's celebration are complete.

Drowned in Willow River, Wis.

Hudson, Wis., April 10.—James Walker, Register of Deeds of St. Croix County, was drowned in Willow River this afternoon. Mr. Walker, who has suffered much from rheumatism, was helped into his carriage this afternoon to drive into the country. It is not known if the death was the result of an accident or intentional.

ARCHE CLUB TAKES A HINT

SUGGESTED NEEDS BY MEMBER QUICKLY SUPPLIED.

Miss Sarah E. Wiley Relates Her Experience in Which a Venerable Teapot and Buttonless Cuffs, by a Word Wisely Spoken, Were Replaced with More Serviceable Articles—Mrs. E. C. Hendrickson Gives a Luncheon at the Palmer House.

"If you haven't what you want, ask for it," is not a newly coined phrase, but members of the Arché club have based a new society fad upon it.

Miss Sarah E. Wiley told of the beginning of this fad yesterday at a luncheon given by Mrs. E. C. Hendrickson at the Palmer House. Mrs. Hendrickson is about to leave for Europe and was entertaining the members of the board of the Arché club.

On Sunday night a week ago, Miss Wiley says, a number of club women dropped in at her residence, 5443 Jackson avenue, and were drinking tea with herself and her mother. Miss Wiley's affinity for tea has been generally known since she made a strong plea to have it served at all club meetings on the grounds that she was an "old maid."

Given a New Teapot.

The teapot in the Wiley household had consequently seen harder service than teapots are calculated to endure when they are made to add to the bric-à-brac of a parlor. The spout of the teapot came off during the serving of the Sunday night tea, and Mrs. Wiley remarked that some one would really be obliged to give her a new teapot.

Mrs. Wiley is not a member of the club, but, nevertheless, the board got together and purchased a costly teapot. It was sent to Mrs. Wiley with the hope that she and her daughter might enjoy many cups of tea.

A few days later Miss Wiley met the officers of the club and thanked them for the teapot. While they were sitting about a table some one noticed that Miss Wiley's cuffs were tied through the buttonholes with bits of blue ribbon. Miss Wiley explained that the purpose was not decoration but utility.

Hint Brings the Buttons.

"I have no cuff buttons," she said. "I am wearing these ribbons in the hope that some one will notice them and provide me with buttons. That is how the teapot came to us."

Yesterday morning the postman delivered a box to Miss Wiley which contained a pair of jewel-studded gold cuff buttons. She wore them to the luncheon and thanked her friends who had sent them.

"I can't think of anything else we need at our house just now," she said, "but when I do I will let you know."

Coyne Lectures on Spanish War.

Postmaster F. E. Coyne delivered a lecture on "The Spanish-American War" last evening at Occidental Hall, Madison street and Sacramento avenue, for the benefit of Douglas Lodge No. 19, Order of Columbian Knights. Mrs. Harry M. Johnson gave a dramatic reading, and there were musical numbers by Miss Davis and Miss Charlotte Mendell.

SCHLESINGER AND MAYER

The finest imported German linen madras. A wonderful offering in real imported German linens, finest quality, double widths, all the latest and choicest designs of the season — including the prettiest and daintiest of the new stripes, polka dots and plain colors. These linens are the ideal fabric for pretty shirt waists and women's and misses' smart summer dresses—the entire collection now offered at the phenomenal price of 29c, which is much below the actual import cost. **29c**

White Irish point lace waists, $12.75 An immense purchase of real Irish point silk lined dress waists, the season's most popular waist novelty—made of those scarce Irish point allovers over silk foundation—trimmed with crepe du chine, taffeta silks and chiffon—three distinct models—all with the popular ¾ dress sleeve. Undoubtedly the most extraordinary value in high class lace waists yet offered—all sizes and plenty of them. Choice $12.75. **$12¾**

Special values in new veilings. An opportunity unapproachable for the purchase of dainty summer veilings. It's a great purchase — a grand collection comprising chenille, val., and chiffon veils—hemstitched chenille spot veils—with large and small dots—fine qualities of chiffon—lengths 1½ yards—handsome effects—in black with black and white dots—all phenomenally priced at 50c. **50c**

A remarkable millinery offer. Chicago's most important hat bargain—high cost hats designed by S. & M.'s own milliners—only two and three of a pattern. The milliners made too many, with the result that a hundred or more remain—Cuban, Neapolitan and chrysanthemum braids are mixed up in the lot—all artistically garnitured with flowers, velvets, laces, ribbons, and ornaments—high-cost hats reduced to $5. Second floor, millinery section. **$5**

Sale of real lisle union suits..50c. An immense purchase of women's fine quality real lisle union suits at this low price—some twenty styles, silk trimmed and hand crocheted—high neck, short and long sleeves, knee or ankle length suits and low neck, short or sleeveless suits—ecru and white—buttoned down the front and across the chest—most all sizes in every style. A bargain at 50c. **50c**

4 and 5 inch ribbons, 19c. Some six hundred pieces of the finest soft, lustrous taffeta ribbons offered at a price possible only at S. & M.'s—the ribbons are made of rich, pure silk, in widths of 4 and 5 inches—an assortment comprising all the prettiest of the summer shades, including pinks, blues, mais and cardinal—also white and black—a very special bargain sale of new ribbons—the entire lot offered at one special low price, 19c. **19c**

Sale The Pulfrich Co. curtain stock. Representing many thousand pairs of fine lace curtains bought at an immense concession from The E. Pulfrich Co., of New York, now retiring from business. The collection includes the choicest patterns in real renaissance, Arabian, Brussels and Irish point lace curtains, the very pick and choice of The Pulfrich Co. stock, selected by the S. & M. buyer, sent East for the purpose some two weeks ago, before the stock was depleted. Prices range from $3 up to $125 per pair. **$3**

SCHLESINGER AND MAYER

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

111 to 115 STATE STREET.

$10 Millinery

Today our special showing of hats at $10 will be of unusual interest.

While we are expected to furnish the very highest grade of Millinery that is possible to produce, we assure you that the more medium priced has not been overlooked.

The same individual style character is just as pronounced in these hats as if the price was four times the amount. Our reputation is behind every hat that leaves the department.

They must be correct in shape and becoming when upon the head, as well as practical and modish.

Friday's offering is exceptional fine Millinery. The same high character cannot be produced for less than we ask. All the new burnt straws, Persian lamb braids and popular white and black effects have been woven into becoming Modish Millinery, embellished with fruits and spring blossoms.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

Men's Shoes, $3.50.

Boots and Oxfords, new lines in great variety for spring and summer.

A new shoe, "The Standard," many shapes, all right; unquestionably the best shoes sold in Chicago, $3.50.

Most of them are "Newark" made shoes, which regularly sell all over the country for much higher prices.

The Standard is the leader among $3.50 Shoes.

Second Floor Main Store.

Norfolk and Regulation Sailor Suits for Boys. Third Floor Main Store.

Norfolk Suits, one of the most fashionable of the season's styles for boys, made of carefully selected fabrics in a great variety of patterns (sizes 5 to 16), $6.50, $8, $10, $12, $13.50, $15 and $18.

Regulation Sailor Suits made of navy blue serge or cheviot, reproductions of the styles worn by American Sailors, $5.00, $6.50, $8.00, $10.00 and $12.00.

Extra Long Trousers for these suits, $2.50 and $3.50.

3 DAYS TO CALIFORNIA

DAILY FIRST-CLASS SLEEPERS
DAILY TOURIST CARS
through to El Paso, Los Angeles, San Francisco.
New Fast Train Service, Beginning April 13th,
California-Mexico Express
Leaves Chicago 8.10 A. M., Arrives Kansas City 10.30 P. M. via the
EL PASO SHORT LINE
(GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE)
All Meals between Chicago and El Paso in Rock Island Dining Cars.
ONLY 2 DAYS TO EL PASO.
ONLY 3 DAYS TO LOS ANGELES.
ONLY 4 DAYS TO CITY OF MEXICO.
THE LOW ALTITUDE ROUTE.
$33.00 to Pacific Coast Daily During April.
City Ticket Office, 91 Adams Street. Telephone Central 178.

Our Shoes for Boys

Made on a "perfect," straight last and full round toe—because of their great wear-resisting qualities

Illustrate the Advantages

OF TRADING AT THE

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AN ESTABLISHMENT DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO

THE OUTFITTING OF CHILDREN,

With Everything—from Hats to Shoes.

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Columbus Memorial Bldg., 107 State-st., Chicago.

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Everything salable should be made right and kept right.

Hunter Whiskey

is made right in quality and purity. It is kept right by perfect ageing, and its superb flavor is a natural result.

Under Any Test it is The Best.

H. M. GRANDIN, Representative, 69 Hartford Building, Chicago, Illinois.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

Second Floor Main Store.

Men's Derbys and Fedoras.

"Albion," $2.00.
"Colbert," $3.00.
"M. F. & Co." $4.00.

"Colbert" Silk Hats and Opera Hats, Golf, Yachting and Automobile Hats and Caps.

New styles are being constantly added to this stock as soon as they are issued.

NOTICE TO OUR PATRONS.

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY We will Extract your Teeth for the Low Price of
$8 Best Set (S. S. White's) Teeth $5
Teeth Extracted
Absolutely Without Pain.
Bridgework or teeth without plates our specialty. Fine gold filling half the usual rates.
Teeth Examined Free of Charge.
Make No Mistake. German Spoken.
McCHESNEY BROS.,
Cor. Clark and Randolph-sts. Phone Central 2127

WHY NOT WEAR THE
BISHOP $3 Hat / $4 Hat
Both Stiff and Soft Hats of exclusive, nobby effects.
A. BISHOP & CO., 156 State Street.

HAIR DRESSING, Ing. Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Turkish Baths, Treatment. E. BURNHAM, 70 & 72 Madison.

A Good Investment.

An advertisement in The Tribune is a good investment.

ALWAYS A GOOD STYLE TO THE BARNESHAT Wabash & Monroe

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